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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark one)

{x} QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarter ended September 30, 2000

{ } TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transaction period from _____ to ____

Commission File Number 0-9592

RANGE RESOURCES CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE

(State of incorporation)

34-1312571

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

500 Throckmorton Street, Suite 1900, Ft. Worth, Texas

(Address of principal executive offices)

76102

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number: (817) 870-2601

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No_____

46,540,044 Common Shares were outstanding on November 3, 2000.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and should be read in conjunction with the Company's 1999 Form 10-K. The statements are unaudited but reflect all adjustments which, in the opinion of management, are necessary to fairly present the Company's financial position and results of operations.

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	December 31, 1999	September 30, 2000
Assets		(Unaudited)
Current Assets		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 12,937	\$ 1,576
Accounts receivable, net	21,646	28,705
IPF receivables (Note 4)	12,500	12,782
Inventory and other	9,130	6,014
Deferred hedging (Note 7)	10.600	1,459
Assets held for sale (Note 5)	19,660	
	75,873 ———	50,536
IPF receivables, net (Note 4)	52,913	39,158
Oil and gas properties, successful efforts method	975,985	995,757
Accumulated depletion	(383,622)	(425,577)
	592,363	570,180
Transportation and field assets (Note 15)	33,777	33,130
Accumulated depreciation	(10,572)	(11,423)
	23,205	21,707
Other (Note 2)	8,014	5,919
Omer (Note 2)		
	\$ 752,368	\$ 687,500
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 23,925	\$ 21,114
Accrued liabilities	16,074	16,680
Accrued interest	8,635	4,409
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 6)	5,014	14
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 0)		
	53,648	42,217
Senior debt (Note 6)	135,000	99,900
Non-recourse debt (Note 6)	142,520	120,012
Subordinated notes (Note 6)	176,360	165,660
Commitments and contingencies (Note 8)		
Company-obligated preferred securities of subsidiary trust (Note 6) Stockholders' equity (Notes 9 and 10)	117,669	97,340
Preferred stock, \$1 par, 10,000,000 shares authorized, \$2.03 convertible preferred, Series C, 1,149,840 and 725,075 issued		
and outstanding, respectively (liquidation preference \$28,746,000 and \$18,126,875, respectively)	1,150	725
Common stock, \$.01 par, 100,000,000 shares authorized,	1,150	/ 23
37,901,789 and 45,901,149 issued and outstanding, respectively	379	459
Capital in excess of par value	340,279	357,524
Retained earnings (deficit)	(214,630)	(195,292)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(7)	(1,045)
	127,171	162,371
	\$ 752,368	\$ 687,500
See accompanying notes.	\$ /52,308	\$ 687,500

See accompanying notes.

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RANGE RESOURCES CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited, in thousands except per share data)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	1999	2000	1999	2000
Revenues Oil and gas sales	\$37,530	\$40,581	\$108,611	\$117,426

IPF income	2,078	3,077	5,559	8,137
Transportation and processing, net	2,100	813	5,798	4,326
Interest and other	(423)	348	1,466	(895)
Gain on sale (Note 17)	39,810	_	39,810	
,				
	81,095	44,819	161,244	128,994
Expenses				
Direct operating	11,041	9,452	33,126	27,718
IPF	1,412	1,083	4,391	3,590
Exploration	368	858	1,730	2,278
General and administrative	2,244	2,665	5,904	7,314
Interest	12,126	9,634	36,579	30,238
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	18,770	17,424	57,708	52,746
Provision for impairment	20,988	_	20,988	_
	66,949	41,116	160,426	123,884
Income before taxes	14,146	3,703	818	5,110
Income taxes	,	2,: 22		-,
Current	1,424	208	1,594	(886)
Deferred	, <u> </u>	_	_	_
	1,424	208	1,594	(886)
Income (loss) before extraordinary item	12,722	3,495	(776)	5,996
Extraordinary item			` ,	
Gain on retirement of securities, net (Note 18)	_	4,261	2,430	14,776
Net income	\$12,722	\$ 7,756	\$ 1,654	\$ 20,772
Comprehensive income (Note 2)	\$11,559	\$ 7,766	\$ 1,894	\$ 19,733
Earnings (loss) per share before				
extraordinary item: (Note 13) Basic and diluted	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.09	\$ (0.07)	\$ 0.19
extraordinary item. (Note 15) basic and unuted	ψ 0.33	5 0.05	Ψ (0.07)	Ψ 0.13
Earnings per share after				
extraordinary item: (Note 13)				
Basic and diluted	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.55
Dane and diraced	ψ 0.33 ———	Ψ 0.13	ψ 0.00	ψ 0.55 ————

See accompanying notes.

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RANGE RESOURCES CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited, in thousands)

Nine Months Ended September 30,

	1999	2000
Cash flows from operations:		
Net income	\$ 1,654	\$ 20,772
Adjustments to reconcile net income to		
net cash provided by operations:		
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	57,708	52,746
Provision for impairment	20,988	_
Amortization of deferred offering costs	887	1,277
Allowance for IPF receivables	2,965	(1,132)
Changes in working capital net of		
effects of acquired businesses:		
Accounts receivable	4,417	(6,650)
Inventory and other	(6,219)	(258)
Deferred hedging	_	4,559
Accounts payable	(4,639)	(3,825)
Accrued liabilities	(8,680)	(6,963)
Gain on conversion of securities	(2,430)	(14,914)
(Gain) loss on sale of assets and other	(40,736)	1,208
let cash provided by operations	25,915	46,820
Cash flows from investing:		
Investment in Great Lakes	97,095	_

0:1 1	(0.222)	(24.050)
Oil and gas properties	(9,333)	(34,659)
IPF investments	(4,180)	(4,560)
IPF repayments	9,124	18,543
Proceeds on sale of assets	17,270	25,117
Net cash provided by investing	109,976	4,441
Cash flows from financing:		
Repayments of indebtedness	(133,729)	(62,607)
Preferred dividends	(1,750)	(1,434)
Common dividends	(1,108)	
Issuance of common stock	1,054	1,419
Repurchase of common stock	(23)	
Net cash used in financing	(135,556)	(62,622)
_	<u></u>	
Change in cash	335	(11,361)
Cash and equivalents, beginning of period	10,954	12,937
Cash and equivalents, end of period	\$ 11,289	\$ 1,576

See accompanying notes.

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RANGE RESOURCES CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Range Resources Corporation ("Range") is an independent oil and gas company engaged in development, acquisition and exploration primarily in the Southwest, Mid-Continent, Gulf Coast and Appalachian regions of the United States. In addition, the Company provides financing to smaller oil and gas producers through a wholly-owned subsidiary, Independent Producer Finance ("IPF"), by purchasing term overriding royalty interests. Historically, the Company has sought to increase its reserves and production primarily through development drilling and acquisitions.

In September 1999, Range and FirstEnergy Corp. ("FirstEnergy") each contributed their Appalachian oil and gas properties to Great Lakes Energy Partners ("Great Lakes"). To equalize their interests, Great Lakes assumed \$188.3 million of indebtedness from Range and FirstEnergy contributed \$2.0 million of cash.

Two significant acquisitions financed principally with debt and convertible securities were completed in 1997 and 1998. Due to the poor performance of the acquired properties, the Company was forced to take a number of steps. These included a workforce reduction, a significant decrease in capital expenditures, the sale of assets, the formation of Great Lakes and the exchange of common stock for fixed income securities. Since year-end 1998 these initiatives have reduced parent company bank debt by 68% to \$99.9 million. Total debt (including Trust Preferred) has been reduced 34% to \$482.9 million. While management believes these steps have stabilized the Company's financial position, debt remains too high. For the Company to return to its historical posture of consistent profitability and growth, management believes it necessary to further reduce debt. The Company expects to utilize excess cash flow to retire debt and to continue to exchange common stock or other equity-linked securities for its fixed income securities. While the Company expects to reaquire the fixed income securities at a discount to face value, existing stockholders will be substantially diluted if a material portion of the fixed income securities are exchanged. The extent of dilution will depend on a number of factors, including the number of shares issued, the price at which stock is issued or newly issued securities are convertible into common stock and the price at which fixed income securities are reacquired. While such exchanges reduce existing stockholders' proportionate ownership, management believes such exchanges enhance the Company's financial flexibility and could increase the market value of its common stock.

While the Company currently believes it has sufficient liquidity and cash flow to meet its obligations, a material drop in oil and gas prices or a reduction in production and reserves would reduce the Company's ability to fund capital expenditures, reduce debt and meet its financial obligations.

The Company operates in an environment with numerous financial and operating risks, including, but not limited to, the ability to acquire reserves, the inherent risks of the search for, development and production of oil and gas, the ability to sell production at prices which provide an attractive return and the highly competitive nature of the industry. The Company's ability to expand its reserve base is dependent on obtaining the necessary capital through internal cash flow, borrowings or the issuance of debt or equity securities.

(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements include the accounts of the Company, all majority-owned subsidiaries and a pro rata share of the assets, liabilities, income and expenses of partnerships and joint ventures in which it owns an interest. Liquid investments with maturities of ninety days or less are considered cash equivalents.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenues from the sale of products and services in the period they are delivered. Revenues at IPF are recognized in the period received. Although its receivables are concentrated in the oil and gas

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industry, the Company does not view this concentration as an unusual credit risk. In addition to IPF's valuation allowances, the Company had allowances for doubtful accounts of \$1.5 and \$1.6 million at December 31, 1999 and September 30, 2000, respectively.

Marketable Securities

The Company has adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities," pursuant to which debt and marketable equity securities are classified in three categories: trading, available-for-sale, or held-to-maturity. The Company's equity securities qualify as available-for-sale. Such securities are recorded at fair value and unrealized gains and losses are reflected in Stockholders' Equity as a component of comprehensive income. A decline in the market value of a security below cost that is deemed other than temporary is charged to earnings and reflected in the book value of the security. Realized gains and losses are determined on the specific identification method and reflected in income.

Great Lakes

As noted above, the Company contributed its Appalachian assets to Great Lakes in September 1999, retaining a 50% interest in the venture. Great Lakes' proved reserves, 84% of which are natural gas, approximated 440 Bcfe at December 31, 1999. In addition, Great Lakes owns 4,700 miles of gas gathering and transportation lines and a leasehold position of approximately one million gross (984,000 net) acres. To date, the joint venture has identified over 1,400 proved drilling locations within its existing fields. Great Lakes has a reserve life index of 17.8 years.

Independent Producer Finance

IPF acquires dollar denominated term overriding royalties in oil and gas properties from smaller producers. These royalties are accounted for as receivables because the investment is recovered from an agreed upon share of revenues until a specified rate of return is received. The portion of payments received relating to the return is recognized as income; remaining receipts reduce receivables and are reported as a return of capital on the statement of cash flows. Receivables classified as current are those expected to be received within twelve months. Periodically, IPF's receivables are reviewed and provisions for amounts believed uncollectible are established. At September 30, 2000, the allowance for uncollectible receivables totaled \$15.4 million. In addition, IPF calculates income on certain of its receivables at rates of return below that specified in the relevant contracts where an analysis of the underlying assets suggests it. During the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2000, IPF expenses were comprised of \$0.3 million and \$0.9 million of general and administrative costs and \$0.8 million and \$2.7 million of interest, respectively. During the similar 1999 periods, IPF expenses were comprised of \$0.4 million and \$1.2 million of general and administrative costs and \$1.0 million and \$3.2 million of interest, respectively. IPF recorded allowances for bad debts of \$799,000 and \$2.9 million against its revenues from its portfolio of receivables in the third quarter of 1999 and for the nine months ended September 30, 1999, respectively. Because of higher product prices and corresponding cash receipts, IPF reversed previously reserved amounts of \$1.0 million and \$1.7 million for the third quarter 2000 and the nine months ended September 30, 2000, respectively.

Oil and Gas Properties

The Company follows the successful efforts method of accounting for its oil and gas properties. Exploratory drilling costs are capitalized pending determination of whether a well is successful. Exploratory drilling costs which result in discoveries and development costs are capitalized. Geological and geophysical costs, delay rentals and costs to drill unsuccessful exploratory wells are expensed. Depletion is provided on the unit-of-production method. Oil is converted to Mcfe at the rate of six Mcf per barrel. The depletion rates were \$1.02 and \$1.20 per Mcfe in the third quarters of 1999 and 2000 and \$0.99 and \$1.21 per Mcfe for the nine months ended September 30, 1999 and 2000, respectively. Unproved properties had a net book value of \$61.8 million and \$53.9 million at December 31, 1999 and September 30, 2000, respectively.

The Company has adopted SFAS No. 121 "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets," relating to the impairment of long-lived assets, including intangibles and goodwill. This requires a review for impairment when circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. In the quarter ended September 30, 1999, the Company recorded an impairment of \$21.0 million on the Sterling Plant and an impairment

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of \$6.1 million was recorded on oil and gas properties at year-end 1999. Since that time, no impairments have been required.

Transportation, Processing and Field Assets

The Company's gas gathering systems are located in proximity to certain of its principal fields. Depreciation on these systems is provided on the straight-line method based on estimated useful lives of four to fifteen years. The Company sold its only gas processing facility, the Sterling Plant, in June 2000. See Note 5.

The Company receives fees for providing certain field services. These fees are recognized as earned. Depreciation on the associated assets is calculated on the straight-line method based on estimated useful lives of one to five years. Buildings are depreciated over seven to twenty-five years.

Security Issuance Costs

Expenses associated with the issuance of debt and trust preferred securities are capitalized and included in Other assets on the balance sheets. These costs are being amortized on the interest method over the term of the related securities. When a security is reacquired prior to maturity, related unamortized issuance costs are expensed.

Gas Imbalances

The Company uses the sales method to account for gas imbalances, recognizing revenue based on cash received rather than the proportionate share of gas produced. Gas imbalances at December 31, 1999 and September 30, 2000 were immaterial.

Comprehensive Income

The Company has adopted SFAS No. 130 "Reporting Comprehensive Income," requiring the disclosure of comprehensive income and its components. Comprehensive income is defined as changes in stockholders' equity from nonowner sources including net income and changes in the fair value of marketable securities. The following is a calculation of comprehensive income for the quarters and nine-month periods ended September 30, 1999 and 2000.

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2000		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2000	
	1999	2000	1999	2000
		(In the	ousands)	
Net income	\$12,722	\$7,756	\$1,654	\$20,772
Add: Change in unrealized gain/(loss)	(806)	4	685	(1,045)
Less: Realized gain/(loss)	(357)	6	(445)	6
Comprehensive income	\$11,559	\$7,766	\$1,894	\$19,733

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Financial Accounting Standards Board has issued SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2000. The pronouncement requires the recognition of all derivatives as assets or liabilities on the balance sheet and measurement of their fair

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value. The Company plans to adopt SFAS No. 133 in 2001 and is currently evaluating its effects. However, its adoption is likely to increase earnings volatility. At September 30, 2000, the Company had open hedging contracts with a loss exposure of \$32.6 million. See Note 7.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the presentation of prior periods to conform with current classifications.

(3) ACQUISITIONS

All acquisitions have been accounted for as purchases. Purchase prices were allocated to acquired assets and liabilities based on their estimated fair value at acquisition. Acquisitions have been funded with internal cash flow, bank borrowings and the issuance of debt and equity securities. The Company purchased various minor properties for \$800,000 during the year ended December 31, 1999 and \$1.7 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2000.

Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information

The following table presents unaudited pro forma operating results as if the Great Lakes transaction and the sale of the Sterling Plant had occurred on January 1, 1999.

Pro Forma		
Nine Months Ended		
September 30,		

1999	2000
(In thousands ex	ccept per share data)
\$151,352	\$127,447
(22,794)	21,249
(0.66)	0.56
752.000	685.876

Revenues Net income (loss) Earnings (loss) per share – basic and diluted Total assets Stockholders' equity 110,451 159,666

The pro forma results have been prepared for comparative purposes only and do not purport to present actual results that would have been achieved had the acquisitions, divestitures and financings been made on January 1, 1999 or to be indicative of future results.

(4) IPF RECEIVABLES

At December 31, 1999 and September 30, 2000, IPF had net receivables of \$65.4 million and \$51.9 million, respectively. The receivables result from the purchase of term overriding royalty interests payable from an agreed upon share of revenues until a specified rate of return has been achieved. The royalties constitute property interests that serve as security for the receivables. The Company estimates that \$12.8 million of receivables at September 30, 2000 will be repaid in the next twelve months and has classified them as current. The net receivables reflect allowances for uncollectible amounts of \$17.3 million and \$15.4 million at December 31, 1999 and September 30, 2000, respectively. In addition, IPF calculates income on certain of its receivables at rates of return below that specified in the relevant contracts where an analysis of the underlying assets suggests it.

(5) DISPOSITIONS

At December 31, 1999, assets held for sale consisted of the Sterling Plant. In September 1999, when the decision to sell the plant was reached, it was determined that the plant's carrying value exceeded fair value and an impairment of \$21.0 million was recognized. In June 2000, the Company sold the Plant and recorded a \$716,000 loss.

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(6) INDEBTEDNESS

The Company had the following debt and company-obligated preferred securities of subsidiary trust ("Trust Preferred") outstanding as of the dates shown. Interest rates, excluding the impact of interest rate swaps, at September 30, 2000 are shown parenthetically:

	December 31, 1999	September 30, 2000
	(In the	ousands)
Senior debt	¢140,000	¢ 00 000
Credit Facility (8.7%) Other (6.2%)	\$140,000 14	\$ 99,900 14
Other (0.2%)		
	140,014	99,914
Less amounts due within one year	(5,014)	(14)
Senior debt, net	\$135,000	\$ 99,900
Non-recourse debt		
Great Lakes (8.5%)	\$ 95,020	\$ 84,512
IPF (9.2%)	47,500	35,500
Non-recourse debt	\$142,520	\$120,012
	_	
Subordinated notes		
8.75% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2007	\$125,000	\$125,000
6% Convertible Subordinated Debentures due 2007	51,360	40,660
Subordinated notes	\$176,360	\$165,660
	_	
Total debt	\$453,880	\$385,572
5.75% Convertible Trust Preferred	\$117,669	\$ 97,340
Total debt and Trust Preferred	\$571,549	\$482,912

Interest paid (including IPF) during the quarters ended September 30, 1999 and 2000 totaled \$17.3 million and \$13.9 million, and \$42.9 million and \$36.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 1999 and 2000, respectively. The Company does not capitalize interest expense.

Senior debt

The Company maintains a \$225 million secured revolving bank facility (the "Credit Facility"). The Credit Facility provides for a borrowing base which is subject to redeterminations semi-annually in April and October and under certain other conditions. On October 31, 2000, the borrowing base on the Credit Facility was \$115 million of which \$12 million was available. Redeterminations are based on a variety of factors, including the discounted present value of the banks' projection of estimated future net cash flows. Borrowing base redeterminations require approval by 75% of the lenders. Interest is payable the earlier of quarterly or as LIBOR notes mature. The loan matures in February 2003. A commitment fee is paid quarterly on the undrawn balance at a rate of 0.25% to 0.50%. The interest rate on the Credit Facility is LIBOR plus 1.50% to 2.25%, depending on amounts outstanding. The weighted average interest rates on these borrowings, excluding interest rate swaps,

were 7.2% and 9.0% for the quarters ended September 30, 1999 and 2000, and 7.7% and 8.7% for the nine month periods ended September 30, 1999 and 2000, respectively.

Non-recourse debt

The Company consolidates its proportionate share of the amount outstanding under Great Lakes' \$275 million revolving bank facility (the "Great Lakes Facility"). The Great Lakes Facility is non-recourse to Range and provides for a borrowing base, which is subject to redeterminations semi-annually in April and October and is secured by oil and gas properties. On October 31, 2000, the borrowing base was \$200 million of which \$30 million was available.

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Interest is payable the earlier of quarterly or as LIBOR notes mature. The loan matures in September 2002. The interest rate on the facility is LIBOR plus 1.50% to 2.00%, depending on amounts outstanding. A commitment fee is paid quarterly on the undrawn balance at a rate of 0.25% to 0.50%. The weighted average interest rate on these borrowings were 9.0% and 8.6% for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2000, respectively.

IPF has a \$100 million revolving credit facility (the "IPF Facility"). The IPF Facility is non-recourse to Range and is secured by IPF's assets. The IPF Facility matures in December 2002. The borrowing base under the IPF Facility is subject to semi-annual redeterminations. On October 31, 2000, the borrowing base on the IPF Facility was \$47 million. A semi-annual borrowing base redetermination review is currently under way. It is expected that the new borrowing base will be \$35 million to \$40 million, and on October 31, 2000, the availability would be \$6 million to \$11 million, respectively. This will provide adequate availability to IPF. The IPF Facility bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.75% to 2.25% depending on amounts outstanding. Interest expense in the IPF Facility is included in IPF expenses in the Statements of operations and amounted to \$1.0 million and \$817,437 for the quarters ended September 30, 1999 and 2000, and \$3.2 million and \$2.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 1999 and 2000, respectively. A commitment fee is paid quarterly on the undrawn balance at a rate of 0.375% to 0.50%. The weighted average interest rate on these borrowings was 7.7% and 8.8% for the quarters ended September 30, 1999 and 2000, and 7.5% and 8.4% for the nine months ended September 30, 1999 and 2000, respectively.

Subordinated Notes

The 8.75% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2007 (the "8.75% Notes") are not redeemable until January 15, 2002. Thereafter, they are redeemable at the option of the Company, in whole or in part, at prices beginning at 104.375% of principal, declining to par in 2005. The 8.75% Notes are unsecured general obligations and are subordinated to all senior debt (as defined) including borrowings under the Credit Facility. The 8.75% Notes are guaranteed on a senior subordinated basis by the Company's subsidiaries.

The 6% Convertible Subordinated Debentures Due 2007 (the "6% Debentures") are convertible into common stock at the option of the holder at any time at a price of \$19.25 per share, subject to adjustment in certain events. Interest is payable semi-annually in January and July. The 6% Debentures mature in 2007 and are currently redeemable at 104% of principal amount, declining 0.5% annually each February through 2007. The 6% Debentures are unsecured general obligations and are subordinated to all senior indebtedness (as defined), including the 8.75% Notes and the Credit Facility. In the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2000, \$9.2 million and \$10.7 million of 6% Debentures were retired at a discount in exchange for 1.7 million and 2.1 million shares of common stock, respectively. An extraordinary gain of \$2.9 million and \$3.6 million was recorded for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2000, respectively. Through September 30, 2000, \$14.3 million of the 6% Debentures have been retired at various discounts in exchange for 2.6 million shares of common stock.

Trust Preferred

In 1997, the Lomak Financing Trust (the "Trust"), a special purpose affiliate, issued \$120 million of Trust Preferred, represented by 2,400,000 shares of Trust Preferred priced at \$50 a share. Each Trust Preferred share is convertible at the holder's option into 2.1277 shares of common stock, representing a conversion price of \$23.50 per share.

The Trust invested the \$120 million of proceeds in 5 3/4% convertible junior subordinated debentures issued by the Company (the "Junior Debentures"). The sole assets of the Trust are the Junior Debentures. The Junior Debentures and the related Trust Preferred mature in November 2027. The Junior Debentures and the related Trust Preferred may be redeemed in whole or in part in November 2000 at a price of 104.025% of principal. The redemption price declines annually through 2007, when it reaches par. If any Junior Debentures are redeemed prior to maturity, the Trust must simultaneously redeem an equal amount of Trust Preferred.

The Company has guaranteed payments on the Trust Preferred only to the extent the Trust has funds available. Such guarantee, when taken together with Range's obligations under the Junior Debentures and related indenture and declaration of trust, provide a full and unconditional subordinated guarantee of the Trust Preferred. The accounts of the Trust are included in Range's consolidated financial statements after appropriate eliminations of intercompany balances. Distributions on the Trust Preferred are recorded as interest expense on the Consolidated Statements of Operations and are deductible for tax purposes. These distributions are subject to limitations in the Credit Facility as described in Note 6.

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During the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2000, \$2.9 million and \$20.3 million of Trust Preferred were exchanged for 291,150 and 2.7 million shares of common stock, respectively. Extraordinary gains of \$1.4 million and \$11.2 million, respectively, were recorded as the Trust Preferred was retired at a discount. Through September 30, 2000, \$22.7 million of Trust Preferred had been exchanged for 2.9 million shares of common stock.

The debt agreements contain various covenants relating to net worth, working capital maintenance, restrictions on dividends and financial ratio requirements. If certain ratio requirements are not met, payments of interest on the 5 3/4% Trust Convertible Preferred Securities (the "Trust Preferred") and/or dividends on the \$2.03 Preferred would be restricted. The Company was in compliance with all such covenants at September 30, 2000. Under the most restrictive dividend covenant, the Company had the ability to pay only an additional \$4.9 million of \$2.03 Convertible Preferred dividends at September 30, 2000. As annual dividends on the \$2.03 Convertible Preferred Stock Series C approximate \$1.5 million, such dividends may need to be suspended at some point. In September 2000, the Company authorized a new \$2.03 Convertible Preferred Stock Series D, having substantially identical terms as the currently outstanding Series C, except that dividends may be paid in whole or in part through the issuance of common stock at the option of the Company. The option to pay dividends in common stock expires on January 1, 2002. Dividends to be paid with common stock would be determined by dividing the amount of the dividend by the average closing price of the common stock on the three trading days prior to the dividend payment date, multiplied by 1.05. Subsequent to September 30, 2000, a total of 91% of the Series C has been exchanged for Series D on a one-for-one basis. The shares of Series D issued in such exchanges are exempt from registration under Section 3(a)(g) of The Securities Act of 1933. The Company's Credit Facility restricts the payment of common dividends.

(7) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES:

The Company's financial instruments include cash and equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, debt obligations, commodity and interest rate futures, options, and swaps. The book value of cash and equivalents, accounts receivable and payable and short-term debt are considered to be representative of fair value because of their short maturity. The Company believes that the carrying value of its borrowings under the Credit Facility and the Great Lakes and IPF Facilities (collectively "the Bank Facilities") approximate fair value because of floating rate structure.

A portion of the Company's anticipated future oil and gas sales is periodically hedged against price risks through the use of futures, option or swap contracts. Gains and losses on these instruments are reflected in the contract month being hedged as an adjustment to oil and gas revenue. At times, the Company also seeks to manage interest rate risk on its credit facility through the use of interest rate swap agreements. Gains and losses on such agreements are included as an adjustment to interest expense over the period covered.

The following table sets forth the book and estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments:

	December 31, 1999		September 30, 2000	
		(In the	ousands)	
	Book Value	Fair Value	Book Value	Fair Value
Assets				
Cash and equivalents	\$ 12,937	\$ 12,937	\$ 1,576	\$ 1,576
Marketable securities	5,086	4,756	1,889	1,889
Interest rate swaps	_	704	_	226
Total asset instruments	18,023	18,397	3,465	3,691
Liabilities				
Commodity swaps		339	_	32,593
Long-term debt	458,894	428,708	385,572	248,229
Trust Preferred	117,669	45,632	97,340	45,750
Total liability instruments	576,563	474,679	482,912	326,572
Net financial instruments	\$(558,540)	\$(456,282)	\$(479,447)	\$(322,881)

At September 30, 2000, the Company had open hedging contracts covering 33.9 Bcf of gas and 1.3 million barrels of oil at prices ranging from \$2.58 to \$5.47 per Mmbtu (averaging \$3.85 per Mmbtu) and \$17.00 to \$32.15 per barrel (averaging \$28.06 per barrel). While these transactions have no carrying value, their fair value,

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represented by the estimated amount that would be required to terminate the contracts, was a net loss of approximately \$32.6 million at September 30, 2000. These contracts expire monthly through March 2002. Gains or losses on hedging transactions are determined as the difference between the contract price and the reference price, generally closing prices on the New York Mercantile Exchange. Transaction gains and losses are determined monthly and are included in oil and gas revenues in the period the hedged production is sold. Net losses incurred relating to these derivatives for the quarters ended September 30, 1999 and 2000 approximated \$5.3 million and \$17.7 million, and \$6.6 million and \$29.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 1999 and 2000, respectively. In June 2000, the Company repriced 4.1 Bcf of natural gas hedges from an average price of \$2.59 per Mmbtu to \$3.00 per Mmbtu. In exchange for such repricing, the Company hedged an average of 22,700 Mmbtu per day from April 2001 through March 2002 at an average price of \$3.20 per Mmbtu. While the Company's payment requirement for the repriced hedges was affected, under generally accepted accounting principles the \$6.0 million of estimated net losses on the repriced transactions have been recorded in the period in which they would have been recorded if no repricing had occurred. Additionally, a deferred loss and associated liability of \$6.0 million were recorded on the Balance sheet at June 30, 2000, of which \$1.5 million and \$3.0 million remained at September 30, 2000, respectively. The imputed interest cost to the Company for repricing the transactions was \$168,000. The following schedule shows the effect of the Company's hedge position for the quarter ended September 30, 2000 and at September 30, 2000 including the repriced hedges.

Hedging Gain (Loss) Exposure

Closed contracts: September 30, 2000 \$(17,668) (In thousan Repricing Oil & Gas Impact of Cash Flow	
	g's É n Impact on
September 30, 2000 \$(17,668) \$ 1,527	
	\$(16,141)
Open Contracts:	
December 31, 2000 (12,268) 51	(12,217)
March 31, 2001 (7,071) 102	(6,969)
June 30, 2001 (3,981) (461)	(4,442)
September 30, 2001 (3,756) (466)	(4,222)
December 31, 2001 (3,449) (466)	(3,915)
March 31, 2002 (2,068) (455)	(2,523)
(32,593) (1,695)	(34,288)
Total \$(50,261) \$ (168)	\$(50,429)
15 (50,201)	\$(30,123)

Interest rate swap agreements are accounted for on the accrual basis. Income or expense resulting from these agreements is recorded as an adjustment to interest expense in the period covered. At September 30, 2000, the Company had \$40 million of borrowings subject to two interest rate swap agreements of \$20 million each at rates of 5.64% and 5.59% which expire in October 2000 and October 2001, respectively. The interest rate swaps may be extended at the counterparties' option for two years. The swap agreement scheduled to expire in October 2000 was not extended. Given current interest rates, extension of the October 2001 agreement is unlikely. The agreements require that the Company pay the counterparty interest at the above rates and requires the counterparty to pay the Company interest at the 30-day LIBOR rate. In addition, Great Lakes had two interest rate swap agreements of \$25 million and \$20 million at rates of 7.09% each, both of which expire in May 2002. On September 30, 2000, the 30-day LIBOR rate was 6.6%. The fair value of the interest rate swap agreements at September 30, 2000 is based on then current quotes for equivalent agreements. As discussed in Note 6, interest on the Credit Facility is based on LIBOR plus a margin.

These hedging activities are conducted with major financial or commodities trading institutions which management believes are acceptable credit risks. At times, such risks may be concentrated with certain counterparties or groups of counterparties. The credit worthiness of these counterparties is subject to continuing review.

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(8) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company is involved in various legal actions and claims arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, such litigation and claims are likely to be resolved without material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

In May 1998, a Domain stockholder filed an action in the Delaware Court of Chancery, alleging that the terms of the Merger were unfair to a purported class of Domain stockholders and that the defendants (except Range) violated their legal duties to the class in connection with the Merger. Range is alleged to have aided and abetted the breaches of fiduciary duty allegedly committed by the other defendants. The action sought an injunction enjoining the Merger as well as a claim for monetary damages. In September 1998, the parties executed a Memorandum of Understanding (the "MOU"), which represented a settlement in principle. Under the terms of the MOU, appraisal rights (subject to certain conditions) were offered to all holders of Domain common stock (excluding the defendants and their affiliates). Domain agreed to pay court-awarded fees and expenses of plaintiffs' counsel in an amount not to exceed \$300,000. The settlement is subject to court approval and certain other conditions which appear unlikely to be satisfied.

In March 2000, a tornado struck the Company's headquarters in Fort Worth. The Company has temporarily relocated to 801 Cherry Street in Fort Worth and is currently evaluating various proposals on leasing new office space. Losses not covered by insurance are immaterial.

(9) STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

In 1995, the Company issued 1,150,000 shares of \$2.03 Convertible Exchangeable Preferred Stock Series C, (the "\$2.03 Preferred") for \$28.8 million. The \$2.03 Preferred is convertible into 2.632 shares of common stock representing a conversion price of \$9.50 per common share, subject to adjustment in certain events. The \$2.03 Preferred is currently redeemable at the option of the Company, at a price of \$26.00 per share, declining \$0.25 each November 1st through 2003. At the option of the Company, the \$2.03 Preferred is exchangeable for 8.125% Convertible Subordinated Notes subject to the same redemption and conversion terms as the \$2.03 Preferred. In September 2000, the Company authorized a new \$2.03 Convertible Exchangeable Preferred Stock Series D, having substantially identical terms as the currently outstanding Series C issuance, with the exception that dividends, at the option of the Company, may be paid in whole or in part through the issuance of common stock. The option to pay dividends in common stock expires on January 1, 2002. Dividends to be paid with common stock would be determined by dividing the amount of the dividend by the average closing price of the common stock on the three trading days prior to the dividend payment date, multiplied by 1.05. Subsequent to September 30, 2000, a total of 91% of the Series C has been exchanged for Series D on a one-for-one basis. The shares of Series D issued in such exchanges are exempt from registration under Section 3(a)(g) of The Securities Act of 1933. During the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2000, \$4.8 million and \$10.6 million of the \$2.03 Preferred were retired for 816,821 and 2.5 million shares of common stock, respectively. In total, \$10.6 million of the \$2.03 Preferred has been retired through September 30, 2000. In October 2000, \$3.7 million of the \$2.03 Preferred was retired for 630,770 shares of common stock. No gains on the exchange of \$2.03 Preferred are included in net income since the \$2.03 Preferred is an equity security; however, the gains on such exchanges are included in income available to common Shareholders. See Note 13.

		nths Ended mber 30,
Supplemental disclosures of non-cash investing and financing activities:	1999	2000
	(In th	ousands)
Common stock issued in connection with benefit plans	\$ 777	\$ 329
Common stock exchanged for convertible securities	\$3,355	\$22,379
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(10) STOCK OPTION AND PURCHASE PLANS

The Company has four stock option plans (two of which are currently active) and a stock purchase plan. Under these plans, incentive and non-qualified options and stock purchase rights are issued to directors, officers, and employees pursuant to decisions of the Compensation Committee of the Board. Information with respect to the stock option plans is summarized below:

	1999 Option Plan	1989 Option Plan	Directors' Option Plan	Domain Option Plan	Total
Outstanding at December 31, 1999	60,000	2,496,482	168,000	563,267	3,287,749
Granted	633,200	_	48,000	_	681,200
Exercised	_	(221,700)	_	_	(221,700)
Expired/cancelled	(4,750)	(1,022,614)	(72,000)	(215,605)	(1,314,969)
Outstanding at September 30, 2000	688,450	1,252,168	144,000	347,662	2,432,280

In May 1999, Shareholders approved the 1999 Stock Incentive Plan (the "1999 Option Plan") providing for the issuance of options on up to 1.4 million shares of common stock. All options issued under the 1999 Option Plan vest 25% per year beginning one year after grant and expire in 10 years. During the nine months ended September 30, 2000, 633,200 options were granted under the 1999 Option Plan at exercise prices ranging from \$1.94 to \$2.69. Prior to those grants, 60,000 options were outstanding at a price of \$5.63.

The Company also maintains the 1989 Stock Option Plan (the "1989 Option Plan") which authorized the issuance of options on up to 3.0 million shares of common stock. No options have been granted under this plan since the adoption of the 1999 Option Plan. All options issued under the 1989 Option Plan vest 30% after one year, 60% after two years and 100% after three years and expire in 5 years. At September 30, 2000, 1.3 million options are outstanding under the 1989 Option Plan at exercise prices ranging from \$2.63 to \$18.00.

In 1994, Shareholders approved the 1994 Directors' Stock Option Plan (the "Directors' Option Plan") in which only non-employee Directors may participate. In May 2000, Shareholders approved an increase in the number of options which could be issued under this Plan to 300,000 shares, extended the term of the options to ten years and extended the vesting period to four years. A total of 144,000 options are outstanding under the Plan at exercise prices ranging from \$2.81 to \$16.88.

In the Domain acquisition, the Domain stock option plan was adopted. Since that time, no options have been granted under the Plan and existing options became exercisable into Range common stock. A total of 347,662 options are outstanding under the Plan at prices ranging from \$0.01 to \$3.46.

In total, 2.4 million options are outstanding at September 30, 2000 at exercise prices ranging from \$0.01 to \$18.00 as follows:

Exercise price	Average Exercise price	1999 Option Plan	1989 Option Plan	Directors' Option Plan	Domain Option Plan
\$0.00 - \$4.99	\$ 2.36	628,450	488,250	72,000	347,662
5.00 - 9.99	7.24	60,000	245,138	_	_
10.00 - 14.99	10.96	_	165,740	48,000	_
15.00 - 18.00	17.33	_	353,040	24,000	_
Outstanding at September 30, 2000		688,450	1,252,168	144,000	347,662

In 1997, Shareholders approved the 1997 Stock Purchase Plan (the "Stock Purchase Plan") authorizing the sale of up to 900,000 shares of common stock to officers, directors, key employees and consultants. Under the Stock Purchase Plan, the right to purchase shares at prices ranging from 50% to 85% of market value may be granted. Through September 30, 2000, all purchase rights have been granted at 75% of market value. In May 2000, Shareholders approved an increase in the number of shares authorized for issuance under the Plan to 1,250,000.

(11) BENEFIT PLAN

The Company maintains a 401(k) Plan for the benefit of employees. The Plan permits employees to contribute up to 15% of their salary on a pre-tax basis. The Company makes discretionary contributions to the 401(k) Plan annually. In December 1999, the Company contributed \$889,000 of common stock (valued at market) to the 401(k) Plan.

(12) INCOME TAXES

The Company's federal income tax provision for the nine months ended September 30, 1999 and 2000, respectively, was \$1.6 million and \$(0.9) million. In the second quarter of 2000 a \$(1.1) million provision was recorded to adjust a prior estimate. The Company follows SFAS Statement No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" pursuant to which the liability method is used in accounting for taxes. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities and are measured using the enacted tax rates and regulations that will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse. At September 30, 2000, the Company had a \$17.4 million deferred tax asset. As utilization of this asset is dependent on future taxable income and sufficient uncertainty exists regarding the amount and timing of future taxable income, a valuation allowance sufficient to bring the book value of the deferred tax asset to zero has been recorded at September 30, 2000.

The Company has entered into several business combinations which collectively resulted in the recording of deferred tax assets and liabilities of \$7.7 million and \$38.3 million, respectively. The Company experienced a change of control in 1988 as defined by the Internal Revenue Code. As a result of this event and the Domain acquisition, there are limitations on the Company's ability to utilize certain net operating loss carryovers. At December 31, 1999, the Company had regular net operating loss carryovers of \$189 million and alternative minimum tax ("AMT") net operating loss ("NOLs") carryovers of \$171 million that expire between 2000 and 2009. In general terms, NOLs generated in prechange of control years can be utilized up to \$10.6 million per year, while NOLs generated post change of control are not limited. The Company also has a statutory depletion carryover of \$4.9 million and an AMT credit carryover of \$0.7 million, which are not subject to limitations or expiration. The following table sets forth the year of expiration and amounts for the NOL carryovers:

	NOL Carryover Amount			
Expiration	Regular	AMT		
	(in the	ousands)		
2000	\$ 550	\$ 443		
2001	1,180	1,180		
2002	558	480		
2003	488	422		
2004	666	136		
Thereafter	185,637	167,966		
Total	\$189,079	\$170,627		
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(13) EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share (in thousands except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	1999	2000	1999	2000
Numerator:				
Income (loss) before extraordinary item	\$12,722	\$ 3,495	\$ (776)	\$ 5,996
Gain on retirement of \$2.03 Preferred Stock	_	1,020	_	3,344
Preferred stock dividends	(584)	(449)	(1,751)	(1,434)
Numerator for earnings (loss) per common share,				
before extraordinary item	12,138	4,066	(2,527)	7,906
Extraordinary item	•		,	·
Gain on retirement of securities	_	4,261	2,430	14,776
Numerator for earnings (loss) per common share,				
basic and diluted	\$12,138	\$ 8,327	\$ (97)	\$22,682
Denominator:				
Weighted average shares, basic	37,477	44,336	36,745	41,459
Dilutive potential common shares	37,177	11,550	50,715	11, 100
Employee stock options	_	198	_	128
Employee stock options				
Denominator for diluted earnings per share	37,477	44,534	36,745	41,587
	2.,,	,55 .	50,7 .5	.1,557

Earnings (loss) per share, before				
extraordinary item — basic and diluted	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.09	\$ (0.07)	\$ 0.19
Earnings per share – basic and diluted	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.55

A total of 481,352 stock options were included in the computation of diluted earnings per share. All remaining stock options, the 6% Debentures, Trust Preferred and the \$2.03 Preferred were not included in the computation because their inclusion would have been antidilutive.

The Company has and will continue to consider exchanging common stock or other equity linked securities for certain of its fixed income securities. Existing common stockholders may be materially diluted if substantial exchanges are consumated. The extent of dilution will depend on the number of shares and price at which common stock is issued, the price at which newly issued securities are convertible into common stock, and the price at which fixed income securities are reacquired.

(14) MAJOR CUSTOMERS

The Company markets its production on a competitive basis. Gas is sold under various types of contracts ranging from life-of-the-well to short-term contracts which are cancelable within 30 days. Prior to hedging, virtually all of the Company's gas production is currently sold under market sensitive contracts. Oil purchasers may be changed on 30 days notice. The price received is generally equal to a posted price set by major purchasers in the area. The Company sells to oil purchasers on the basis of price and service. For the nine months ended September 30, 2000, one customer accounted for 10% or more of total oil and gas revenues. Management believes that the loss of any one customer would not have a material adverse effect on the Company.

Great Lakes sells its gas production to FirstEnergy on a negotiated basis. While Great Lakes may sell gas to third parties, such arrangements must be contracted through FirstEnergy and FirstEnergy has the right to match any such arrangements. In September 2000, the parties amended the base contract to have its term automatically renewed for one-month periods through June 30, 2001. The amendments identified gas marketing services to be performed by FirstEnergy, and defined the service fees to be paid by Great Lakes. Additionally, terms and

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conditions of the gas purchase agreement were further defined, including pricing, delivery points and projected volumes.

(15) OIL AND GAS ACTIVITIES

The following summarizes selected information with respect to oil and gas producing activities:

	December 31, 1999	September 30, 2000
	(In the	ousands)
Oil and gas properties:		
Subject to depletion	\$ 914,173	\$ 941,865
Unproved	61,812	53,892
Total	975,985	995,757
Accumulated depletion	(383,622)	(425,577)
Net oil and gas properties	\$ 592,363	\$ 570,180
	Year Ended December 31, 1999	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2000
	(In the	ousands)
Costs incurred:		
Acquisition	\$ 846	\$ 1,689
Development	33,808	31,039
Exploration	3,604	3,383
Total costs incurred	\$ 38,258	\$ 36,111

Acquisition costs in 1999 do not reflect \$68 million of value associated with the Company receiving a 50% interest in the reserves contributed by FirstEnergy to Great Lakes. The Company's share of such reserves was 81.6 Bcfe. Exploration costs include capitalized as well as expensed outlays.

(16) INVESTMENT IN GREAT LAKES

As described in Note 2, the Company owns 50% of Great Lakes and consolidates its proportionate interest in the joint venture's assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. The following table summarizes the Company's interest in selected financial data from Great Lakes' unaudited financial statements at or for the nine month period ended September 30, 2000.

	(In thousands)
Current assets	\$ 6,200
Oil and gas properties, net	145,924
Transportation and field assets, net	17,699
Other assets	772
Current liabilities	9,009
Long-term debt	84,512
Deferred taxes	(16)
Members' equity	77,090
Revenues	26,312
Net income	4,521

(17) GAIN ON SALE

In September 1999, Range transferred all of its Appalachian oil and gas properties and associated gas gathering and transportation systems to Great Lakes in exchange for a 50% ownership interest. Additionally, the Company contributed \$188.3 million of indebtedness to Great Lakes. The Great Lakes partners have no commitment to support the operations or obligations of Great Lakes. In connection with the transfer, Range recognized a gain of \$39.8 million, which was attributable to the portion of the net assets conveyed to Great Lakes.

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The gain was calculated by comparing the Company's estimate of the fair market value of the assets and liabilities conveyed to their net book value.

(18) EXTRAORDINARY ITEM

During the nine months ended September 30, 2000, 4.8 million shares of common stock were exchanged for \$20.3 million of Trust Preferred and \$10.7 million of 6% Debentures. In connection with these exchanges, a \$14.8 million extraordinary gain net of legal fees was recorded because the Trust Preferred and 6% Debentures were retired at a discount. In addition, 2.5 million shares of common stock were exchanged for \$10.6 million of the \$2.03 Preferred. Subsequent to September 30, 2000, an additional \$3.8 million of the \$2.03 Preferred was exchanged for 630.770 shares of common stock.

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Factors Affecting Financial Condition and Liquidity

Liquidity and Capital Resources

During the nine months ended September 30, 2000, the Company spent \$36.1 million on development, exploration and acquisitions. Debt (including Trust Preferred) decreased by \$93.6 million during the period to \$482.9 million. Debt (including Trust Preferred) and \$2.03 Preferred Stock decreased by \$104.2 million, consisting of the \$93.6 million above and \$10.6 million face value of \$2.03 Preferred Stock retired at a discount. At September 30, 2000, the Company had \$1.6 million in cash, total assets of \$688.5 million and a debt (including Trust Preferred) to book capitalization ratio of 74.8%. The \$11.4 million decline in cash from December 31, 1999 was in part a result of the Company's focus on reducing debt and associated interest cost. The unused borrowing base available at October 31, 2000 was \$12 million on the Credit Facility, \$30 million on the Great Lakes Facility and \$6 million to \$11 million on the IPF Facility.

Long-term debt (including Trust Preferred) debt at September 30, 2000 totaled \$482.9 million and included \$99.9 million of borrowings under the Credit Facility, \$84.5 million under the non-recourse Great Lakes Facility, \$35.5 million under the non-recourse IPF Facility, \$125.0 million of 8.75% Senior Subordinated Notes, \$40.7 million of 6% Convertible Subordinated Debentures and \$97.3 million of Trust Preferred.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2000, 4.8 million shares of common stock were exchanged for \$20.3 million of Trust Preferred and \$10.7 million of 6% Debentures. A \$14.8 million extraordinary gain was recorded as the Trust Preferred and 6% Debentures were acquired at a discount. In addition, 2.5 million shares of common stock were exchanged for \$10.6 million of the \$2.03 Preferred Stock.

In September 1999, the Company decided to sell the Sterling Plant and reduced its carrying value to fair value through an impairment of \$21.0 million. The sale of the plant in June 2000 resulted in a \$716,000 loss.

The Company currently believes its capital resources are adequate to meet the requirements of its business for the next twelve months. However, future cash flows are subject to a number of variables including the level of production and prices as well as various economic conditions that have historically affected the oil and gas business. There can be no assurance that internal cash flow and other capital sources will provide sufficient funds to maintain planned capital expenditures.

Cash Flow

The Company's principal sources of cash are operating cash flow and bank borrowings. The Company's cash flow is highly dependent on oil and gas prices. Decreases in prices and lower production at certain properties reduced cash flow sharply in early 1999 and resulted in the reduction of the Company's borrowing base. Simultaneously, the Company sharply reduced its development and exploration spending. While the \$33.8 million of capital expenditures for the nine months ended September 30, 2000 were funded entirely with internal cash flow, the amount expended was not sufficient to fully replace production. Proved reserves declined during 1999 and, except for the possible impact of higher prices, reserves are expected to decline in 2000.

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Net cash provided by operations for the nine month periods ended September 30, 1999 and 2000 was \$25.9 million and \$46.8 million, respectively. Cash flow from operations increased as higher prices, a decrease in direct operating costs and lower interest expense more than offset the decline in production and the increase in general and administrative expenses.

Net cash provided by investing for the nine months ended September 30, 1999 and 2000 was \$110.0 million and \$4.4 million, respectively. The 1999 period included a \$97.1 million source of cash from the formation of Great Lakes, \$17.3 million in asset sales and \$9.1 million of IPF receipts, partially offset by additions to oil and gas properties and IPF investments. The 2000 period included \$25.1 million in asset sales and \$18.5 million of IPF receipts, partially offset by additions to oil and gas properties and IPF investments.

Net cash used in financing for the nine months ended September 30, 1999 and 2000 was \$135.6 million and \$62.6 million, respectively. During the first nine months of 2000, recourse debt decreased by \$50.8 million and total debt (including Trust Preferred) decreased by \$93.7 million. The reduction in debt was the result of applying excess cash flow and proceeds from the sale of assets to debt repayment and exchanges of common stock for debt securities. In addition, the amount of Trust Preferred outstanding decreased \$20.3 million due to exchanges of such securities into common stock.

Capital Requirements

During the nine months ended September 30, 2000, \$33.8 million of capital was expended, primarily on development projects. The Company manages its capital budget with the goal of fully funding it with internal cash flow. Development and exploration activities are highly discretionary, and management expects such activities to be maintained at levels below internally generated cash flow. Remaining cash flow should be available for debt repayment. See "Business—Development and Exploration Activities."

Bank Facilities

The Credit Facility is secured by oil and gas properties. At October 31, 2000, the borrowing base on the Credit Facility was \$115.0 million of which \$12 million was available. The borrowing base is subject to redetermination each April and October, as well as under special circumstances. The borrowing base is dependent on a number of factors, including the lenders' discounted present value of estimated future net cash flow from production. Borrowing base redeterminations require approval of 75% of the lenders.

The Company plans to reduce amounts outstanding under the Credit Facility through operating cash flow and, possibly, additional asset sales. During the nine months ended September 30, 2000, the Company sold properties and used the \$25.1 million of proceeds to reduce amounts outstanding under the Credit Facility. There are currently no plans or agreements to sell any material assets.

The Company consolidates 50% of amounts outstanding under Great Lakes's \$275 million revolving bank facility (the "Great Lakes Facility"). However, the Facility is non-recourse to Range. The Great Lakes Facility provides for a borrowing base which is subject to semi-annual redeterminations and is secured by substantially all of the joint venture's assets. At October 31, 2000, the borrowing base on the Great Lakes Facility was \$200.0 million of which \$30.0 million was available. The borrowing base is subject to a semi-annual redeterminations in April and October. Borrowing base redeterminations require the approval of all lenders.

IPF maintains a \$100.0 million revolving credit facility (the "IPF Facility"). The Facility is secured by substantially all of IPF's assets and is non-recourse to Range. The borrowing base under the IPF Facility is subject to semi-annual redeterminations in April and October. On October 31, 2000, the borrowing base on the IPF Facility was \$47.0 million. A semiannual borrowing base redetermination is currently underway. It is expected that the new borrowing base will be \$35 million to \$40 million, and on October 31, 2000, the availability would be \$6 million to \$11 million, respectively. It is also expected that any redetermined borrowing base will provide adequate availability to IPF.

Oil and Gas Hedging

The Company regularly enters into futures, option and swap contracts to reduce the effects of fluctuations in oil and gas prices. All such contracts are entered into solely to hedge price and limit volatility. The Company's policy

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is to hedge no more than 80% of its production in any twelve-month period. At September 30, 2000, the Company had open hedges covering 33.9 Bcf of gas and 1.3 million barrels of oil. The contracts are at prices ranging from \$2.58 to \$5.47 per Mmbtu (averaging \$3.85 per Mmbtu) and from \$17.00 to \$32.15 per Bbl (averaging \$28.06 per barrel). While these transactions have no carrying value, the mark-to-market exposure under these contracts at September 30, 2000 would have represented a net loss of approximately \$32.6 million. The contracts expire monthly through March 2002. Gains or losses on hedging transactions are determined as the difference between the contract price and a reference price, generally closing prices on the NYMEX. Gains and losses are determined monthly and are included in oil and gas revenues in the period the hedged production is sold. Losses relating to derivatives for the nine months ended September 30, 1999 and 2000 approximated \$6.6 and \$29.2 million, respectively. In June 2000, 4.1 Bcf of natural gas hedges were repriced from an average price of \$2.59 per Mmbtu to \$3.00 per Mmbtu. In exchange, the Company hedged an average of 22,700 Mmbtu's per day from April 2001 through March 2002 at an average price of \$3.20 per Mmbtu. While the payment requirements for the repriced hedges were affected, the \$6.0 million of estimated net losses on these hedging transactions will be recorded in the month such losses would have been recorded had the repricing not occurred. A deferred loss and associated liability of \$6.0 million was recorded on the balance sheet at June 30, 2000, of which \$1.5 million and \$3.0 million remained at September 30, 2000, respectively. See Note 7 for a table that summarizes the effect of the Company's hedge position at September 30, 2000, including the repriced hedges.

Interest Rate Hedging

At September 30, 2000, Range had \$482.9 million of debt (including Trust Preferred) outstanding. Of this amount, \$165.7 million bears interest at fixed rates averaging 8.1%. Senior debt and Non-recourse debt totaling \$219.9 million bears interest at floating rates which averaged

8.7% for the nine months then ended. At September 30, 2000, the Company had \$40.0 million of borrowings subject to two interest rate swap agreements of \$20.0 million each, at rates of 5.64% and 5.59% expiring in October 2000 and October 2001, respectively. The interest rate swaps may be extended at the counterparties' option for two years. The interest rate swap agreement scheduled to expire in October 2000 was not extended. Given current interest rates, extension of the October 2001 agreement is unlikely. The agreements require that the Company pay the counterparty interest at the above fixed swap rates and require the counterparty to pay the Company interest at the 30-day LIBOR rate. In addition, Great Lakes had two interest rate swap agreements of \$25 million and \$20 million at rates of 7.09% each, both of which expire in May 2002. The closing 30-day LIBOR rate on September 30, 2000 was 6.6%. A 1% increase in short-term interest rates on the floating-rate debt outstanding at September 30, 2000 would cost the Company approximately \$2.2 million in additional interest on an annual basis.

Capital Restructuring Program

As more fully described in Note 1 herein, the Company has undertaken a number of steps including the sale of assets and the exchange of common stock for fixed rate securities. These initiatives resulted in reducing parent company bank debt to \$99.9 million and total debt (including Trust Preferred) to \$482.9 million at September 30, 2000. While management believes these steps have stabilized the Company's financial position, debt remains too high. For the Company to return to its historical posture of consistent profitability and growth, management believes it necessary to further reduce debt. The Company currently believes it has sufficient liquidity and cash flow to meet its obligations for the next twelve months; however, a drop in oil and gas prices or a reduction in production or reserves would reduce the Company's ability to fund capital expenditures and meets its obligations. Such changes could also have a detrimental effect on the Company's ability to complete a restructuring.

Inflation and Changes in Prices

The Company's revenues and the value of its assets have been and will continue to be affected by changes in oil and gas prices. The Company's ability to maintain current borrowing capacity and to obtain additional capital on attractive terms is also dependent on oil and gas prices. Oil and gas prices are subject to significant fluctuations that are beyond the Company's ability to control or predict. During the first nine months of 2000, the Company received an average of \$22.07 per barrel of oil and \$2.59 per Mcf of gas after hedging. Although certain of the Company's costs and expenses are affected by the general inflation, inflation does not normally have a significant effect on the Company. Should conditions in the oil industry continue to improve, inflationary pressures specific to the industry may accelerate.

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Results of Operations

Comparison of 2000 to 1999

The following table identifies unusual items included in net income, and presents net income before the effect of such items. The table should be read in conjunction with the following discussions of results of operations.

	Three Months Ended September 30,			nths Ended nber 30,
	1999	2000	1999	2000
		(in th	ousands)	
Net income as reported	\$ 12,722	\$ 7,756	\$ 1,654	\$ 20,772
Impact of hedging losses, net	5,276	17,668	6,590	29,181
Exclude unusual items:				
Provision for impairment	20,988	_	20,988	_
Loss (gain) from sales of assets	_	(701)	(926)	1,208
Gain on sale – Great Lakes	(39,810)	_	(39,810)	_
Tax effect – Great Lakes	1,500	_	1,500	_
Gain on retirement of securities	_	(4,261)	(2,430)	(14,776)
Reversal of tax provision	_	_	_	(1,101)
Reversal of IPF allowance for bad debt		(1,007)		(1,735)
	(17,322)	(5,969)	(20,678)	(16,404)
As adjusted	\$ 676	\$19,455	\$(12,434)	\$ 33,549
		_	_	_

Quarters Ended September 30, 1999 and 2000

The Company reported net income for the third quarter of 2000 of \$7.8 million, as compared to \$12.7 million for the comparable period in 1999. However, net income excluding the impact of hedging losses and unusual items was \$19.5 million for the third quarter of 2000 compared to \$2.7 million for the comparable period in 1999. Production decreased to 151,511 Mcfe per day, a 15% decrease from the 1999 quarter. A less than 2% decrease would have been reported if the impact of dispositions was eliminated. The decline was primarily attributable to the Great Lakes transaction and the effect of asset divestitures. Revenues benefited from a 27% increase in average price received per Mcfe to \$2.91 partially offset by a 15% decrease in production. The average oil price received increased 52% to \$24.62 per barrel and average gas prices received increased 18% to \$2.57 per Mcf. Production expenses decreased 14% to \$9.5 million in the quarter versus \$11.0 million in the comparable 1999 period largely as a result of the Great Lakes transaction. The average operating cost per Mcfe produced was \$0.68 for each of the 1999 and 2000 periods.

Transportation, processing and marketing revenues decreased to \$813,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2000 due to higher processing revenues caused by higher natural gas liquids prices offset by the effect of the sale of the Sterling gas plant effective in April 2000. IPF income of \$3.1 million consisted of the return portion of its royalties and a \$1.0 million reversal of reserves previously provided for uncollectible amounts. The results represented a 48% increase over the 1999 period. During the quarter ended September 30, 2000, IPF expenses included \$0.3 million of administrative costs and \$0.8 million of interest.

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Exploration expense increased to \$858,000, an increase of \$490,000 from the third quarter of 1999. The increase is primarily a result of dry hole costs.

General and administrative expenses increased 19% to \$2.7 million in the third quarter of 2000. The increase primarily resulted from lower well operating fee recoupments due to the Great Lakes transaction and property divestitures, and expenses associated with moving the Company's accounting and administrative departments from Ohio to Texas.

Interest and other income increased \$771,000 primarily due to gains realized on the sale of assets of \$701,000 in the 2000 period. Interest expense (excluding IPF) decreased 21% to \$9.6 million primarily as a result of the lower average amounts outstanding partially offset by higher interest rates. See the discussion of IPF interest expense in Note 6. The average outstanding balances on the Credit Facility were \$348 million and \$132 million for the quarter ended September 30, 1999 and 2000, respectively, and the weighted average interest rates were 7.2% and 8.7%, respectively.

Depletion, depreciation and amortization ("DD&A") decreased 8% from the third quarter of 1999 due to lower production. However, lower proved reserves caused the Company's depletion rate to increase from \$1.02 to \$1.20 per Mcfe. The Company currently estimates that its DD&A rate for the remainder of 2000 will approximate \$1.28 per Mcfe. The Company's high DD&A rate will make it difficult to sustain profitability if energy prices decline materially.

Nine Month periods ended September 30, 1999 and 2000

The Company reported net income of \$20.8 million as compared to \$1.7 million for the comparable nine month periods ended September 30, 2000 and 1999, respectively. However, net income before the impact of hedging losses and unusual items was \$33.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2000 compared to a net loss of \$11.2 million for the comparable period in 1999. A less than 7% decrease would have been reported if the impact of dispositions was eliminated. Oil and gas revenues increased 8% to \$117.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2000 as compared to the similar period in 1999. Production decreased to 150,906 Mcfe per day, a 22% decrease from the 1999 period. The decline was primarily attributable to the Great Lakes transaction and the effect of asset divestitures. Revenues benefited from a 38% increase in average price received per Mcfe to \$2.84 partially offset by lower production. The average oil price received increased 58% to \$22.07 per barrel and average gas prices received increased 29% to \$2.59 per Mcf. Production expenses decreased 16% to \$27.7 million versus \$33.1 million in the comparable 1999 period largely as a result of the Great Lakes transaction. The average operating cost per Mcfe produced rose from \$0.63 in 1999 to \$0.67 during the nine months ended September 30, 2000.

Transportation, processing and marketing revenues decreased slightly to \$4.3 million for the nine month period ended September 30, 2000 due to higher processing revenues caused by higher natural gas liquids prices offset by the effect of the sale of the Sterling gas plant effective April 1, 2000. IPF income of \$8.1 million consisted of the return portion of its royalties and a \$1.7 million reversal of reserves previously provided for uncollectible amounts. The results represented a 46% increase over the 1999 period. During the nine months ended September 30, 2000, IPF expenses included \$0.9 million of administrative costs and \$2.7 million of interest.

Exploration expense increased to \$2.3 million, an increase of \$548,000 over the 1999 period. The increase is primarily a result dry hole costs.

General and administrative expenses increased 24% to \$7.3 million. The increase primarily resulted from lower well operating fee recoupments due to the Great Lakes transaction and property divestitures, expenses associated with moving the Company's accounting and administrative departments from Ohio to Texas and the decision to no longer capitalize any overhead beginning in July 1999. In the comparable period of 1999, \$753,000 of general and administrative expenses was capitalized.

Interest and other income decreased \$2.4 million primarily due to losses incurred on the sale of assets of \$1.2 million compared to gains of \$926,000 in the 1999 period. Interest expense decreased 17% to \$30.2 million primarily as a result of the lower average amounts outstanding partially offset by higher interest rates. The average outstanding balances on the Credit Facility were \$363 million and \$132 million, for the nine months ended September 30, 1999 and 2000, respectively, and the weighted average interest rates were 7.0% and 8.7%.

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DD&A decreased 9% from the 1999 period due to lower production. However, lower proved reserves caused the Company's depletion rate to increase from \$0.99 to \$1.21 per Mcfe. The Company currently estimates that its DD&A rate for the remainder of 2000 will approximate \$1.28 per Mcfe. The Company's high DD&A rate will make it difficult to sustain profitability if energy prices decline materially.

Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

The primary objective of the following information is to provide forward-looking quantitative and qualitative information about Range's potential exposure to market risks. The term "market risk" refers to the risk of loss arising from adverse changes in oil and gas prices and interest rates. The disclosures are not meant to be precise indicators of expected future losses, but rather indicators of reasonably possible losses. This forward-looking information provides indicators of how Range views and manages its ongoing market risk exposures. All of Range's market risk sensitive instruments were entered into for purposes other than trading.

Commodity Price Risk. Range's major market risk exposure is in the pricing applicable to its oil and gas production. Realized pricing is primarily driven by the prevailing worldwide price for crude oil and spot market prices applicable to U.S. natural gas production. Pricing for oil and gas production has been volatile and unpredictable for several years.

Range periodically enters into financial hedging activities with respect to a portion of its projected oil and natural gas production through financial swaps whereby Range will receive a fixed price for its production and pay a variable market price to the contract counterparty. These financial hedging activities are intended to reduce the impact of oil and gas price fluctuations. Realized gains and losses from the settlement of these hedges are recognized in oil and gas revenues when the associated production occurs. The gains and losses realized as a result of hedging are substantially offset in the cash market when the commodity is delivered. Range does not hold or issue derivative instruments for trading purposes.

As of September 30, 2000, Range had oil and gas hedges in place that represented approximately 1.3 million barrels of oil production and approximately 33.9 Bcf of gas production. While these transactions have no carrying value, their fair value, represented by the estimated amount that would be required to terminate the contracts, was a net loss of approximately \$32.6 million at September 30, 2000. These contracts expire monthly through March 2002 on gas and through December 2001 on oil. Gains or losses on hedging transactions are determined as the difference between the contract price and the reference price, generally closing prices on the New York Mercantile Exchange. Transaction gains and losses are determined monthly and are included in oil and gas revenues in the period the hedged production is sold. Net losses incurred and included in income relating to these derivatives for the nine months ended September 30, 1999 and 2000 approximated \$6.6 million and \$29.2 million, respectively.

The Company seeks to reduce the volatility of its oil and gas revenue through hedging transactions. Should the price of a commodity decline, the revenue received from the sale of the product tends to decline to a corresponding extent. The decline in revenue is then partially offset based on the amount of production hedged and the hedge price. In the third quarter of 2000, a 10% reduction in oil and gas prices would have reduced revenue by \$5.8 million, offset by a reduction in hedging losses of \$4.6 million. If oil and gas future prices at September 30, 2000 had declined by 10%, the hedging loss exposure at that date would have been reduced by \$20.0 million.

At September 30, 2000, Range had \$482.9 million of debt (including Trust Preferred) outstanding. Of this amount, \$165.7 million bears interest at fixed rates averaging 8.1%. The remaining \$219.9 million of debt bears interest at floating rates which averaged 8.7% for the nine months then ended. At September 30, 2000, the Company had on \$40 million of borrowings subject to two interest rate swap agreements of \$20 million each, at rates of 5.64% and 5.59% each, expiring in October 2000 and October 2001, respectively. The interest rate swaps may be extended at the counterparties' option for two years. The interest rate swap agreement scheduled to expire in October 2000 was not extended. Given current interest rates, extension of the October 2001 agreement is unlikely. The agreements require that the Company pay the counterparty interest at the above fixed swap rates and require the counterparty to pay the Company interest at the 30-day LIBOR rate. In addition, Great Lakes had two interest rate swap agreements of \$25 million and \$20 million at rates of 7.09% each, both of which expire in May 2002. The closing 30-day LIBOR rate on September 30, 2000 was 6.6%. A 1% increase in short-term interest rates on the floating-rate debt outstanding at September 30, 2000 would cost the Company approximately \$2.2 million on an annual basis.

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GLOSSARY

The terms defined in this glossary are used throughout this From 10-Q.

Bbl. One stock tank barrel, or 42 U.S. gallons liquid volume, used herein in reference to crude oil or other liquid hydrocarbons.

Bcf. One billion cubic feet.

Bcfe. One billion cubic feet of natural gas equivalents, based on a ratio of 6 Mcf for each barrel of oil, which reflects the relative energy content.

Development well. A well drilled within the proved area of an oil or natural gas reservoir to the depth of a stratigraphic horizon known to be productive.

Dry hole. A well found to be incapable of producing either oil or natural gas in sufficient quantities to justify completion as an oil or gas well.

Exploratory well. A well drilled to find and produce oil or gas in an unproved area, to find a new reservoir in a field previously found to be productive of oil or gas in another reservoir, or to extend a known reservoir.

Gross acres or gross wells. The total acres or wells, as the case may be, in which a working interest is owned.

Infill well. A well drilled between known producing wells to better exploit the reservoir.

LIBOR. London Interbank Offer Rate, the rate of interest at which banks offer to lend to one another in the wholesale money markets in the City of London. This rate is a yardstick for lenders involved in high value transactions.

Mbbl. One thousand barrels of crude oil or other liquid hydrocarbons.

Mcf. One thousand cubic feet.

Mcf/d. One thousand cubic feet per day.

Mcfe. One thousand cubic feet of natural gas equivalents, based on a ratio of 6 Mcf for each barrel of oil, which reflects the relative energy content.

Mmbbl. One million barrels of crude oil or other liquid hydrocarbons.

MmBtu. One million British thermal units. One British thermal unit is the heat required to raise the temperature of a one-pound mass of water from 58.5 to 59.5 degrees Fahrenheit.

Mmcf. One million cubic feet.

Mmcfe. One million cubic feet of natural gas equivalents.

Net acres or net wells. The sum of the fractional working interests owned in gross acres or gross wells.

Net oil and gas sales. Oil and natural gas sales less oil and natural gas production expenses.

Present Value. The pre-tax present value, discounted at 10%, of future net cash flows from estimated proved reserves, calculated holding prices and costs constant at amounts in effect on the date of the report (unless such prices or costs are subject to change pursuant to contractual provisions) and otherwise in accordance with the Commission's rules for inclusion of oil and gas reserve information in financial statements filed with the Commission.

Productive well. A well that is producing oil or gas or that is capable of production.

Proved developed non-producing reserves. Reserves that consist of (i) proved reserves from wells which have been completed and tested but are not producing due to lack of market or minor completion problems which are expected to

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be corrected and (ii) proved reserves currently behind the pipe in existing wells and which are expected to be productive due to both the well log characteristics and analogous production in the immediate vicinity of the wells.

Proved developed producing reserves. Proved reserves that can be expected to be recovered from currently producing zones under the continuation of present operating methods.

Proved developed reserves. Proved reserves that can be expected to be recovered through existing wells with existing equipment and operating methods.

Proved reserves. The estimated quantities of crude oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids which geological and engineering data demonstrate with reasonable certainty to be recoverable in future years from known reservoirs under existing economic and operating conditions.

Proved undeveloped reserves. Proved reserves that are expected to be recovered from new wells on undrilled acreage, or from existing wells where a relatively major expenditure is required for recompletion.

Recompletion. The completion for production of an existing wellbore in another formation from that in which the well has previously been completed.

Reserve life index. The presentation of proved reserves defined in number of years of annual production.

Royalty interest. An interest in an oil and gas property entitling the owner to a share of oil and natural gas production free of costs of production.

Standardized Measure. The present value, discounted at 10%, of future net cash flows from estimated proved reserves after income taxes calculated holding prices and costs constant at amounts in effect on the date of the report (unless such prices or costs are subject to change pursuant to contractual provisions) and otherwise in accordance with the Commission's rules for inclusion of oil and gas reserve information in financial statements filed with the Commission.

Term overriding royalty. A royalty interest that is carved out of the operating or working interest in a well. Its term does not extend to the economic life of the property and is of shorter duration than the underlying working interest. The term overriding royalties in which the Company participates through its Independent Producer Finance subsidiary typically extend until amounts financed and a designated rate of return have been achieved. At such point in time, the override interest reverts back to the working interest owner.

Working interest. The operating interest that gives the owner the right to drill, produce and conduct operating activities on the property and a share of production, subject to all royalties, overriding royalties and other burdens and to all costs of exploration, development and operations and all risks in connection therewith.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved in various legal actions and claims arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, such litigation and claims are likely to be resolved without material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

In May 1998, a Domain stockholder filed an action in the Delaware Court of Chancery, alleging that the terms of the Merger were unfair to a purported class of Domain stockholders and that the defendants (except Range) violated their legal duties to the class in connection with the Merger. Range is alleged to have aided and abetted the breaches of fiduciary duty allegedly committed by the other defendants. The action sought

an injunction enjoining the Merger as well as a claim for monetary damages. In September 1998, the parties executed a Memorandum of Understanding (the "MOU"), which represents a settlement in principle of the litigation. Under the terms of the MOU, appraisal rights (subject to certain conditions) were offered to all holders of Domain common stock (excluding the defendants and their affiliates). Domain also agreed to pay any court-awarded attorneys' fees and expenses of the plaintiffs' counsel in an amount not to exceed \$300,000. The settlement in principle is subject to court approval and certain other conditions which appear unlikely to be satisfied.

- Item 2. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds
 - (a) Not applicable
 - (b) Not applicable
 - (c) At various times during the quarter ended September 30, 2000, Range issued common stock in exchange for certain of Range's convertible securities. The shares of common stock issued in such exchanges were exempt from registration under Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act of 1933. During the quarter ended September 30, 2000, a total of \$9.2 million face value of the 6% Debentures were retired in exchange for 1.7 million shares of common stock, a total of \$2.9 million of the Trust Preferred were retired in exchange for 291,150 shares of common stock and a total of \$4.8 million face value of \$2.03 Preferred was retired in exchange for 816,821 shares of common stock. In September 2000, the Company authorized a new \$2.03 Convertible Exchangeable Preferred Stock Series D, having substantially identical terms as the currently outstanding Series C issuance, with the exception that dividends, at the option of the Company, may be paid in whole or in part through the issuance of common stock. The option to pay dividends in common stock expires in January 1, 2002. Dividends to be paid with common stock would be determined by dividing the amount of the dividend by the average closing price of the common stock on the three trading days prior to the dividend payment date, multiplied by 1.05. Subsequent to September 30, 2000, a total of 91% of the Series C has been exchanged for Preferred Stock Series D on a one-for-one basis. The shares of Series D issued in such exchanges are exempt from registration under Section 3(a)(g) of The Securities Act of 1933.
 - (d) Not applicable.

Item 3. Not applicable

Item 4. Not applicable.

Item 5. Not applicable

Item 6 Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) Exhibits

The items listed on the accompanying index to exhibits are filed as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K – None

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned.

RANGE RESOURCES CORPORATION

By: /s/ Eddie M. LeBlanc

Eddie M. LeBlanc Chief Financial Officer

November 3, 2000

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EXHIBIT TABLE

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibit	Sequentially Numbered Page
27	Financial Data Schedule	29
4.1	Corrected Certificate of Designations of Preferred Stock of Range Resources Corporation	30
	Designated As \$2.03 Convertible Exchangeable Preferred Stock, Series D	

CORRECTED
CERTIFICATE OF DESIGNATIONS
OF
PREFERRED STOCK
OF
RANGE RESOURCES CORPORATION

Designated As

\$2.03 Convertible Exchangeable Preferred Stock, Series D

Pursuant to Section 103(f) of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware

Range Resources Corporation, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware does hereby certify:

- 1. The name of the corporation is Range Resources Corporation.
- 2. That a Certificate of Designations designating the \$2.03 Convertible Exchangeable Preferred Stock, Series D (the "Series D Stock") that was filed at 11 a.m. on October 10, 2000 contains an error in that part of the second full sentence of Section 3(a) was inadvertently dropped.
 - 3. That no shares of the Series D Stock have been issued.
- 4. That the corrected Certificate of Designations, in its entirety, is as follows:

The undersigned DO HEREBY CERTIFY that the following resolution was duly adopted by the Board of Directors of Range Resources Corporation, a Delaware corporation (the "Corporation"), at a meeting duly convened and held, at which a quorum was present and acting throughout:

"RESOLVED, that pursuant to the authority conferred on the Board of Directors of the Corporation by the Corporation's Certificate of Incorporation, the issuance of a series of preferred stock, \$1.00 par value per share, of the Corporation which shall consist of 725,075 shares of preferred stock be, and the same hereby is, authorized; and the President and Secretary or Assistant Secretary of the Corporation be, and they hereby are, authorized and directed to execute and file with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware the Certificate of Designations of Preferred Stock of the Corporation fixing the designations, powers, preferences and rights of the shares of such series, and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof (in addition to the designations, powers, preferences and rights, and the qualifications,

limitations or restrictions thereof, set forth in the Certificate of Incorporation which may be applicable to the Company's Preferred Stock), as follows:

- 1. NUMBER OF SHARES; DESIGNATION. A total of 725,075 shares of Preferred Stock, par value \$1.00 per share, of the Corporation are hereby designated as \$2.03 Convertible Exchangeable Preferred Stock, Series D (the "Series"). The number of authorized shares of the Series may be reduced by the Board of Directors of the Corporation by the filing of a certificate pursuant to the provisions of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "GCL") stating that the reduction has been so authorized. In addition, the number of authorized shares of the Series may be increased by the Board of Directors of the Corporation, but it shall be a condition to the issuance of any additional shares of the Series so authorized that such shares be registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and admitted to trading on the Private Offerings, Resale and Trading through Automated Linkages ("Portal") Market, if the shares of the Series are then listed on Portal, or listed on the Nasdaq Stock Market or other national securities exchange on which shares of the Series may then be listed.
- 2. RANK. The Series shall, with respect to payment of dividends, redemption payments and rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Corporation, rank (a) senior and prior to (i) the $\overline{\text{Common}}$ Stock, par value \$.01 per share, of the Corporation (the "Common Stock") , and (ii) any series of preferred stock of the Corporation which is stated to be junior to the Series with respect to the payment of dividends or redemption, payment and rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Corporation (all shares identified in this clause (a) which are junior to the shares of the Series with respect to the payment of dividends are hereinafter referred to as "Junior Dividend Shares" and all shares identified in this clause (a) which are junior to the shares of the Series with respect to redemption, payment and rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Corporation being hereinafter referred to as "Junior Liquidation Shares"); (b) pari passu with (i) the Corporation's issued and outstanding shares of 7 1/2% Cumulative Convertible Exchangeable Preferred Stock Series A, 7 1/2% Cumulative Convertible Exchangeable Preferred Stock Series B (collectively, the "Existing Preferred Shares"), (ii) the \$2.03 Convertible Exchangeable Preferred Stock, Series C (the "Series C") (iii) any additional series of convertible preferred stock that may in the future be issued by the Corporation, except and to the extent any such convertible preferred stock is stated to be junior to the series in the related Certificate of Designations or amendment to the Company's Certificate of Incorporation and (iv) any Series of preferred stock that is not convertible for other securities of the Corporation but only to the extent such preferred stock is stated to be pari passu with the Series in the related Certificate of Designations or amendments to the Corporation's Certificate of Incorporation (all shares identified in this clause (b) which are pari passu with the shares of the Series with respect to the payment of dividends are hereinafter referred to as "Parity Dividend Shares" and all shares identified in this clause (b) which are pari passu with the shares of the Series with respect to redemption, payment and rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Corporation being hereinafter referred to as "Parity Liquidation Shares"); and (c) junior and subordinate to any additional series of preferred stock which may in the future be issued by the Corporation that is not convertible for other securities of the Corporation, except and to the extent any such non-convertible preferred stock is stated to be junior to or pari passu with the Series in the related Certificate of Designations or amendment to the Company's Certificate of Incorporation (all

shares identified in this clause (c) which are senior to the shares of the Series with respect to the payment of dividends are hereinafter referred to as "Senior Dividend Shares" and all shares identified in this clause (c) which are senior to the shares of the Series with respect to redemption, payment and rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Corporation being hereinafter referred to as "Senior Liquidation Shares").

DIVIDENDS.

- (a) The dividend rate on shares of the Series shall be \$2.03 per share per annum. Dividends on shares of the Series shall be fully cumulative, accruing, without interest, from the day after the most recent Dividend Payment Date (as defined below), or if no such Dividend Payment Date has yet occurred, from October 1, 2000, and shall be payable quarterly in arrears, when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors out of funds legally available for the payment of dividends or by the issuance of additional fully paid and nonassessable whole shares of Common Stock pursuant to Section 3(b) (the "Additional Shares"), on March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31 of each year, commencing December 31, 2000 (the "Dividend Payment Dates"), except that if such date is not a business day then the dividend shall be payable on the first immediately succeeding business day (as used herein, the term "business day" shall mean any day except a Saturday, Sunday or day on which banking institutions are legally authorized to close in New York, New York) (each such period being hereinafter referred to as a "Quarterly Dividend Period"). Each dividend shall be paid to the holders of record of shares of the Series as they appear on the stock register of the Corporation on the record date, not less than 10 or more than 60 days preceding the payment date thereof, as shall be fixed by the Board of Directors of the Corporation. Dividends payable for each Quarterly Dividend Period shall be computed by dividing the annual dividend by four (rounded to the nearest cent). Dividends payable for any partial Quarterly Dividend Period shall be computed on the basis of 360-day year of twelve 30-day months. Dividends on account of arrearages for any past Quarterly Dividend Period may be declared and paid at any time, without reference to any regular dividend payment date, to holders of record on such date, not exceeding 45 days preceding the payment date thereof, as may be fixed by the Board of Directors of the Corporation. No interest shall be payable with respect to any dividend payment that may be in arrears. Holders of Shares of the Series called for redemption between the close of business on a dividend payment record date and the close of business on the corresponding dividend payment date shall, in lieu of receiving such dividend on the dividend payment date fixed therefor, receive such dividend payment on the date fixed for redemption, together with all other accrued and unpaid dividends to the date fixed for redemption. The holders of shares of the Series shall be not be entitled to any dividends except as provided for in this paragraph 3.
- (b) At the option of the Company, dividends, when declared by the Board of Directors, may be paid in whole or in part, by the issuance of Additional Shares instead of in cash, to the extent authorized but unissued shares of Common Stock are legally available therefor, in respect of any and all Dividend Payment Dates. If a dividend is to be paid in Additional Shares, the number of Additional Shares to be issued in payment of the dividend with respect to each outstanding share of the Series shall be determined by dividing (a) the amount of the accumulated dividend payable to each registered holder of shares of the Series on the basis of all shares held of record by such holder as of the record date for such dividend, whether

evidenced by one or more certificates, by (b) the average of the Current Market Price as of the three (3) most recent trading days prior to the Dividend Payment Date, and multiplying the result thereof by 1.05. Any partial shares shall be paid in cash by the Company, and upon payment in Additional Shares as herein provided, the dividend shall be deemed paid in full and shall not accumulate. The payment in Common Stock option set forth in this paragraph 3(b) shall expire after December 31, 2001.

- (c) No dividends, except as described in the next succeeding sentence, shall be declared or paid or set apart for payment on any Parity Dividend Shares for any period unless full cumulative dividends have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and set aside for payment for all accrued dividends with respect to the Series through the most repeat Quarterly Dividend Period ending on or prior to the date of payment, or setting apart for payment, of such dividends on such Parity Dividend Shares. Unless dividends accrued and payable but unpaid on shares of the Series and any Parity Dividend Shares at the time outstanding have been paid in full, all dividends declared by the Corporation upon shares of the Series or Parity Dividend Shares shall be declared pro rata with respect to all such shares, so that the amounts of any dividends declared on shares of the Series and the Parity Dividend Shares shall in all cases bear to each other the same ratio that, at the time of the declaration, all accrued but unpaid dividends on shares of the Series and the other Parity Dividend Shares, respectively, bear to each other.
- (d) If at any time the Corporation has failed to pay or set apart for payment all accrued dividends on any shares of the Series through the then most recent Quarterly Dividend Period, the Corporation shall not, and shall not permit any corporation or other entity directly or indirectly controlled by the Corporation to:
 - (i) declare or pay or set aside for payment any dividend or other distribution on or with respect to any Junior Dividend Shares, whether in cash, securities, obligations or otherwise (other than dividends or distributions paid in shares of, or options, warrants or rights to subscribe for or purchase shares which are both Junior Dividend Shares and Junior Liquidation Shares); or
 - (ii) redeem, purchase or otherwise acquire, or set apart money for a sinking or other analogous fund for the redemption, purchase or other acquisition of, any shares of same Series (unless all of the shares of the Series are concurrently redeemed), Parity Dividend Shares, Junior Dividend Shares, Parity Liquidation Shares or Junior Liquidation Shares for any consideration (except by conversion into or exchange for shares which are both Junior Liquidation Shares and Junior Dividend Shares)

unless, in each such case, all dividends accrued on shares of the Series through the most recent Quarterly Dividend Period and on any Parity Dividend Shares have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid in full or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof set aside for such payment.

(e) Any reference to "distribution" contained in this paragraph 3 shall not be deemed to include any distribution made in connection with any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation, whether voluntary or involuntary.

4. LIQUIDATION.

- (a) The liquidation value of Shares of the Series, in case of the voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of the Corporation, shall be \$25.00 per share, plus an amount equal to the dividends accrued and unpaid thereon, whether or not declared, to the payment date (such aggregate amount being hereinafter referred to as the "Liquidation Amount").
- (b) In the event of any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of the Corporation, the holders of shares of the Series (i) shall not be entitled to receive the liquidation value of the shares held by them until the liquidation value of all Senior Liquidation Shares shall have been paid in full and (ii) shall be entitled to receive the liquidation value of such shares held by them in preference to and in priority over any distributions upon the Junior Liquidation Shares. Upon payment in full of the liquidation value to which the holders of shares of the Series are entitled, the holders of shares of the Series will not be entitled to any further participation in any distribution of assets by the Corporation. If the assets of the Corporation are not sufficient to pay in full the liquidation value payable to the holders of shares of the Series and the liquidation value payable to the holders of any Parity Liquidation Shares, the holders of all such shares shall share ratably in such distribution of assets in accordance with the amounts that would be payable on the distribution if the amounts to which the holders of shares of the Series and the holders of Parity Liquidation Shares are entitled were paid in full.
- (c) Neither a consolidation or merger of the Corporation with or into any other entity, nor a merger of any other entity with or into the Corporation, nor a sale or transfer of all or any part of the Corporation assets for cash or securities or other property shall be considered a liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of the Corporation within the meaning of this paragraph 4.
- (d) Written notice of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation, stating the payment date or dates when and the place or places where the amounts distributable in such circumstances shall be payable, shall be given by first class mail, postage prepaid, not less than 30 days prior to any payment date stated therein, to the holders of record of shares of the Series at their respective addresses as the same shall appear on the books of the transfer agent with respect to the Series.

5. OPTIONAL REDEMPTIONS FOR CASH.

(a) The shares of the Series are not redeemable by the Corporation prior to November 1, 2000. Subject to the restrictions in paragraph 3 above, shares of the Series will be redeemable at the option of the Corporation, in whole or in part, from and after November 1, 2000 at the following redemption prices per share:

DURING THE 12-MONTH PERIOD COMMENCING NOVEMBER 1.

REDEMPTION PRICE

2000			\$25.75
2001			\$25.50
2002			\$25.25
2003	and	thereafter	\$25.00

in each case, together with an amount equal to the dividends accrued and unpaid thereon, whether or not declared, to the redemption date. The redemption price set forth above shall be paid in immediately available funds.

- (b) Not less than 30 nor more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for any redemption of share of the Series pursuant to this paragraph 5, a notice specifying the time and place of the redemption and the number of shares to be redeemed shall be given by first class mail, postage prepaid, to the holders of record of the shares of the Series to be redeemed at their respective addresses as the same shall appear on the books of the transfer agent for the Series, calling upon each holder of record to surrender to the Corporation at such place as shall be designated in such notice on the redemption date such holder's certificate or certificates presenting the number of shares specified in the notice of redemption. Neither failure to mail such notice, nor any defect therein or in the mailing thereof, to any particular holder shall affect the sufficiency of the notice or the validity of the proceedings for redemption with respect to any other holder. Any notice mailed in the manner herein provided shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given whether or not the holder receives the notice. On or after the redemption date, each holder of shares of the Series to be redeemed shall present and surrender such holder's certificate or certificates for such shares to the Corporation at the place designated in the redemption notice and thereupon the redemption price of the shares shall be paid to or on the order of the person whose name appears on such certificate or certificates as the owner thereof, and each surrendered certificate shall be canceled. In case less than all the shares represented by any such certificate are redeemed, a new certificate shall be issued to the holder representing the unredeemed shares of the Series.
- (c) If a notice of redemption has been given pursuant to this paragraph 5 and if, on or before the date fixed for redemption, the funds necessary for such redemption shall have been set aside by the Corporation, separate and apart from its other funds, in trust for the pro rata benefit of the holders of the shares of the Series so called for redemption, then, notwithstanding that any certificates for such shares have not been surrendered for cancellation, on the redemption date dividends shall cease to accrue on the shares of the Series to be redeemed, and at the close of business on the redemption date the holders of such shares shall cease to be stockholders with respect to those shares, shall have no interest in or claims against the Corporation by virtue thereof and shall have no voting or other rights with respect thereto, except the right to receive the moneys payable upon such redemption, without interest thereon, upon surrender (and endorsement, if required by the Corporation) of their certificates, and the shares evidenced thereby shall no longer be outstanding. Subject to applicable escheat laws, any moneys so set aside by the Corporation and unclaimed at the end of two years from the redemption date shall revert to the general funds of the Corporation, after which reversion the

holders of such shares so called for redemption shall look only to the general finds of the Corporation for the payment of the redemption price. Any interest accrued on funds so deposited shall be paid to the Corporation from time to

- (d) If a notice of redemption has been given pursuant to this paragraph 5, and any holder of shares of the Series shall, prior to the close of business on the date fixed for redemption, give written notice to the Corporation pursuant to paragraph 7 or 11 below of the conversion of any or all of the shares to be redeemed held by the holder, then such redemption shall not become effective as to such shares to be converted and such conversion shall become effective as provided in paragraph 7 or 11 below, whereupon any funds deposited by the Corporation, or on its behalf, with a payment agent or segregated and held in trust by the Corporation for the redemption of such shares shall (subject to any right of the holder of such shares to receive the dividend payable thereon as provided in paragraph 7 or 11 below) immediately upon such conversion be returned to the Corporation or, if then held in trust by the Corporation, shall be discharged from the trust.
- (e) In every case of redemption of less than all of the outstanding shares of the Series pursuant to this paragraph 5, the shares to be redeemed shall be selected pro rata or by lot or in such other manner as the Board of Directors may determine, as may be prescribed by resolution of the Board of Directors of the Corporation, provided that only whole shares shall be selected for redemption. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation shall not redeem any of the shares of the Series at any time outstanding until all dividends accrued and in arrears upon all shares of the Series then outstanding shall have been paid for all past dividend periods.

6. NOTE EXCHANGE.

- (a) Subject to the restrictions in paragraph 5 above and paragraph 6(e) below, shares of the Series shall be exchangeable at the option of the Corporation, in whole but not in part, on any March 31, June 30, September 30 or December 31 on or after December 31, 2000 and prior to December 31, 2004 through the issuance, in redemption of and in exchange for the shares of the Series, of the Corporation's 8.125% Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2005 (the "Notes") in the manner provided in this paragraph 6. The Notes will be subject to the terms and conditions of an indenture (the "Indenture") with Computershare Investor Services, L.L.C., as Trustee, in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit A and incorporated by reference herein. The Notes shall be convertible into Common Stock of the Corporation at the Conversion Price (as determined pursuant to paragraph 7 below) applicable to the Series at the time of exchange, subject to further adjustment as provided in the Indenture. If, for any reason, prior to the execution and delivery of the Indenture, either the Corporation or Computershare Investor Services, L.L.C. does not desire that Computershare Investor Services, L.L.C. act as Trustee under the Indenture, the Corporation may, in its sole discretion, appoint another entity to act as Trustee under the Indenture, provided that the other entity meets the qualification requirements to act as Trustee under the Indenture and the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended.
- (b) The Notes will be issued solely in redemption of and in exchange for shares of the Series at the rate of its principal amount of Notes for each share of the Series outstanding on the Note Exchange Date (as defined in paragraph 6(c)).

- (c) Not less than 30 nor more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for the issue of Notes in redemption of and in exchange for shares of the Series pursuant to this paragraph 6, a notice shall be given by first class mail, postage prepaid, to the holders of record of shares of the Series at their respective addresses as the same shall appear on the books of the transfer agent for the Series, specifying the effective date of the exchange for the Notes (the "Note Exchange Date") and the place where certificates for shares of the Series are to be surrendered for Notes and stating that dividends on shares of the Series will cease to accrue on the Note Exchange Date. Neither failure to mail such notice, nor any defect therein or in the mailing thereof, to any particular holder shall affect the sufficiency of the notice or the validity of the proceedings for redemption and exchange with respect to any other holder. Any notice mailed in the manner herein provided shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given whether or not the holder receives the notice.
- (d) If notice of redemption and exchange has been given pursuant to this paragraph 6 then (unless the Corporation shall default in issuing Notes in redemption of and in exchange for shares of the Series or shall fail to pay or set aside accrued and unpaid dividends on shares of the Series as provided in paragraph 6(e) and notwithstanding that any certificates for shares of the Series have not been surrendered for exchange), on the Note Exchange Date, the holders of such shares shall cease to be stockholders with respect to the shares and shall have no interest in or claims against the Corporation by virtue thereof (except the right to receive Notes in exchange therefor and such accrued and unpaid dividends thereon to the Note Exchange Date), shall have no voting, conversion or other rights with respect to such shares, and the shares of the Series shall no longer be outstanding. Upon the surrender (and endorsement, if required by the Corporation) of the certificates for shares of the Series in accordance with such notice, such certificates shall be exchanged for Notes and such accrued and unpaid dividends in accordance with this paragraph 6. If notice of redemption and exchange has been given pursuant to this paragraph 6 and any holder of shares of the Series shall, prior to the close of business on the Note Exchange Date, gives written notice to the Corporation pursuant to paragraph 7 or 11 below of the conversion of any or all of the shares to be redeemed and exchanged held by the holder, then the redemption and exchange shall not become effective as to the shares to be converted and the conversion shall become effective as provided in paragraph 7 or 11 below, whereupon any funds deposited by the Corporation, or on its behalf, with a paying agent or segregated and held in trust by the Corporation for the redemption and exchange of such shares shall, subject to any right of the holder of the shares to receive the dividend payable thereon (as provided in paragraph 7 or 11 below) immediately upon the conversion be returned to the Corporation or, if then held in trust by the Corporation, shall be discharged from the trust.
- (e) Prior to giving notice of intention to exchange, the Corporation and the Trustee shall execute and deliver the Indenture, with such changes therein as may be required by law, Nasdaq National Market rule or the rules of any securities exchange on which the Notes are to be listed. The Corporation will cause the Notes to be authenticated on or before the Note Exchange Date. Additionally, prior to giving notice of intention to exchange the Corporation shall (i) register the Notes for trading through the Depository Trust Company, (ii) list the Notes for inclusion in the principal trading market in which the shares of the Series were trading immediately prior to such exchange, and (iii) arrange for the qualification of the Notes under applicable securities and blue sky laws, to the extent necessary under such laws. If on the Note Exchange Date the Corporation has failed to pay or set aside, separate and apart from its other

funds, in trust for the pro rata benefit of the holders of shares of the Series, all dividends accrued and unpaid on the shares of the Series to the Note Exchange Date then no shares of the Series shall be redeemed or exchanged for Notes

7. CONVERSION.

- (a) Holders of shares of the Series will have the right, exercisable at any time prior to redemption or exchange of such shares (as described in paragraphs 5 or 6 above), to convert shares of the Series into shares of Common Stock (calculated as to each conversion to the nearest 1/100th of a share) at the conversion price of \$9.50, subject to adjustment as described below (the "Conversion Price"). The number of shares of Common Stock into which each share of the Series shall be convertible shall be determined by dividing the Liquidation Preference of such share by the Conversion Price then in effect. In the case of shares of the Series called for redemption or to be exchanged for the Notes, conversion rights will expire at the close of business on the redemption date or the Note Exchange Date, as the case may be. No payment or adjustment for accrued dividends on the shares of the Series is to be made on conversion, but holders of record of shares of the Series on a record date fixed for the payment of a dividend on such shares shall be entitled to receive the divided notwithstanding the conversion of the shares prior to the dividend payment date. A share of the Series may not be converted in part.
- (b) In order to exercise the conversion right, the holder of each share of the Series to be converted shall surrender the certificate representing such share, duly endorsed or assigned to the Corporation or in blank, at the office of the transfer agent for the Series in New York, New York, and shall give written notice to the Corporation in the form set forth on the reverse of the stock certificates for the shares of the Series that such holder elects to convert the shares represented by such certificate or a portion thereof. Such notice shall also state the name or names (with address) in which the certificate or certificates for the shares of Common Stock which shall be issuable upon such conversion shall be issued, and shall be accompanied by funds in an amount sufficient to pay any transfer or similar tax required by the provisions of paragraph 7(e) below. Each share surrendered for conversion shall, unless the shares issuable on conversion are to be issued in the same name as the name in which such share of the Series is registered, be duly endorsed by, or be accompanied by instruments of transfer (in each case, in form reasonably satisfactory to the Corporation), duly executed by the holder or such holder's duly authorized attorney-in-fact.
- (c) As promptly as practicable after the surrender of certificates for shares of the Series for conversion and the receipt of such notice and funds, if any, as aforesaid, the Corporation shall issue and shall deliver to such holder, or on such holder's written order, a certificate or certificates for the number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon the conversion of such shares of the Series in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph 7, and a check or cash in respect of any fractional interest in respect of a share of Common Stock arising upon such conversion, as provided in paragraph 7(d) below. Each conversion with respect to any shares of the Series shall be deemed to have been effected immediately prior to the close of business on the date on which the certificates for shares of the Series shall have been surrendered (accompanied by the funds, if any, required by paragraph 7(e) below) and such notice shall have been received by the Corporation as aforesaid, and the person or persons

entitled to receive the Common Stock issuable upon such conversion shall be deemed for all purposes to be the record holder or holder of such Common Stock upon that date.

- (d) No fractional shares of Common Stock or scrip representing fractional shares shall be issued upon conversion of shares of the Series. If more than one share of the Series shall be surrendered for conversion at one time by the same holder, the number of full shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion thereof shall be computed on the basis of the aggregate number of shares of the Series so surrendered. Instead of any fractional share of Common Stock otherwise issuable upon conversion of any shares of the Series, the Corporation shall pay a cash adjustment in respect to such fraction in an amount equal to the same fraction of the Current Market Price (as defined in paragraph 12 below) of the Common Stock at the close of business on the day of conversion.
- (e) If a holder converts shares of the Series, the Corporation shall pay any and all documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer tax payable in respect of the issue or delivery of the shares of the Series (or any other securities issued on account thereof pursuant hereto) or Common Stock upon the conversion; provided, however, the Corporation shall not be required to pay any such tax that may be payable because any such shares are issued in a name other than the name of the holder.
- (f) The Corporation shall reserve out of its authorized but unissued Common Stock or its Common Stock held in treasury enough shares of Common Stock to permit the conversion of all of the outstanding shares of the Series. The Corporation shall from time to time, in accordance with the GCL, increase the authorized amount of its Common Stock if at any time the authorized amount of its Common Stock remaining unissued shall not be sufficient to permit the conversion of all shares of the Series at the time outstanding. If any shares of Common Stock required to be reserved for issuance upon conversion of shares of the Series hereunder require registration with or approval of any governmental authority under any federal or state law before the shares may be issued upon conversion, the Corporation shall in good faith and as expeditiously as possible endeavor to cause the shares to be so registered or approved. All shares of Common Stock delivered upon conversion of the shares of the Series will, upon delivery, be duly authorized and validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable, free from all taxes, liens and charges with respect to the issue thereof.
- $\mbox{\ensuremath{(g)}}$ The Conversion Price shall be subject to adjustment from time to time as follows:
 - (i) In the event that the Corporation shall (A) pay a dividend or make a distribution on its Common Stock in shares of its Common Stock, (B) split or subdivide its outstanding Common Stock into a greater number of shares, (C) combine its outstanding Common Stock into a smaller number of shares, or (D) issue any shares of Capital Stock by reclassification of its Common Stock, the Conversion Price in effect immediately prior thereto shall be adjusted so that the holder of each share of the Series thereafter surrendered for conversion shall be entitled to receive the number of shares of Common Stock or other securities of the Corporation that such holder would have owned or have been entitled to receive after the occurrence of any of the events described above had such share

of the Series been converted immediately prior to the occurrence of such event. An adjustment made pursuant to this paragraph 7(g)(i) shall become effective immediately after the close of business on the record date in the case of a dividend or distribution (except as provided in paragraph 7(k) below) and shall become effective immediately after the close of business on the effective date in the case of a subdivision, split, combination or reclassification. Any shares of Common Stock issuable in payment of a dividend shall be deemed to have been issued immediately prior to the close of business on the record date for such dividend for purposes of calculating the number of outstanding shares of Common Stock under clauses (ii) and (iii) below.

- (ii) In the event that the Corporation shall commit to issue or distribute Capital Stock or issue rights, warrants or options entitling the holder thereof to subscribe for or purchase Capital Stock at a price per share less than the Current Market Price per share on the earliest of (i) the date the Corporation shall enter into a firm contract for such issuance or distribution, (ii) the record date for the determination of stockholders entitled to receive any such rights, warrants or options, if applicable, or (iii) the date of actual issuance or distribution of any such Capital Stock or rights, warrants or options, (provided that the issuance of Capital Stock upon the exercise of warrants or options will not cause an adjustment in the Conversion Price if no such adjustment would have been required at the time such warrant or option was issued), then the Conversion Price in effect immediately prior to such earliest date shall be adjusted so that the Conversion Price shall equal the price determined by multiplying the Conversion Price in effect immediately prior to such earliest date by:
 - (x) if such Capital Stock is Common Stock, the fraction whose numerator shall be the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding on such date plus the number of shares which the aggregate offering price of the total number of shares so offered would purchase at such Current Market Price (such amount, with respect to any such rights, warrants or options, determined by multiplying the total number of shares subject thereto by the exercise price of such rights, warrants or options and dividing the product so obtained by the Current Market Price), and of which the denominator shall be the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding on such date plus the number of additional shares of Common Stock to be issued or distributed or receivable upon exercise of any such warrant, right or option; or
 - (y) if such Capital Stock is other than Common Stock, the fraction whose numerator shall be the Current Market Price per share of Common Stock on such date minus an amount equal to (A) the sum of (I) the Current Market Price per share of such class of Capital Stock multiplied by the number of shares of such class of Capital Stock to be so issued minus (II) the offering price per share of such Capital Stock multiplied by the number of shares of such class of Capital Stock to be so

issued (B) divided by the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding on such date and whose denominator is the Current Market Price of the Common Stock on such date.

Such adjustment shall be made successively whenever any such Capital Stock, rights. warrants or options are issued or distributed at a price below the Current Market Price therefor as in effect on the date of issuance or distribution. In determining whether any rights, warrants or options entitle the holders to subscribe for or purchase shares of Capital Stock at less than such Current Market Price, and in determining the aggregate offering price of shares of Capital Stock so issued or distributed, there shall be taken into account any consideration received by the Corporation for such Capital Stock, rights, warrants or options, the value of such consideration, if other than cash, to be determined by the Board of Directors, whose determination shall be conclusive and described in a certificate filed with the Trustee. If any right, warrant or option to purchase Capital Stock, the issuance of which resulted in an adjustment in the Conversion Price pursuant to this subsection (b), shall expire and shall not have been exercised, the Conversion Price shall immediately upon such expiration be recomputed to the Conversion Price which would have been in effect had the adjustment of the Conversion Price made upon the issuance of such right, warrant or option been made on the basis of offering for subscription or purchase only that number of shares of Capital Stock actually purchased upon the actual exercise of such right, warrant or option.

> (iii) In the event that the Corporation shall pay as a dividend or other distribution to holders of any class of its Capital Stock generally or to holders of any class of Capital Stock of any Subsidiary which is not wholly owned by the Corporation evidences of indebtedness or assets (including, without limitation, shares of Capital Stock, cash or other securities, but excluding dividends, rights, warrants, options and distributions for which adjustment is made as described in subsections (i) and (ii) above), then in each such case the Conversion Price shall be adjusted so that the same shall equal the price determined by multiplying the Conversion Price in effect immediately prior to the date of such distribution by a fraction of which the numerator shall be the Current Market Price per share of Common Stock on the record date mentioned below less the fair market value on such record date (as determined by the Board of Directors, whose determination shall be conclusive and described in a certificate filed with the Trustee) of the portion of the Capital Stock or assets or evidences of indebtedness so distributed or of such rights or warrants attributable to one share of Common Stock (the amount so attributable equaling the aggregate fair market value of such indebtedness or assets, as so determined by the Board of Directors, divided by the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding on such record date), and the denominator shall be the Current Market Price of the Common Stock on such record date. Such adjustment shall become effective immediately after the record date for the determination of stockholders entitled to receive such distribution, except as provided in paragraph 7(k) below.

> (iv) No adjustment in the Conversion Price shall be required unless the adjustment would require an increase or decrease of at least 1% in the

Conversion Price then in effect; provided, however, that any adjustments that by reason of this paragraph 7(g)(iv) are not required to be made shall be carried forward and taken into account in any subsequent adjustment. All calculations under this paragraph 7(g)(iv) shall be made to the nearest cent or nearest 1/100th of a share.

- (v) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in this paragraph 7(g), no adjustment shall be made to the Conversion Price upon (A) the issuance of shares of Common Stock pursuant to any compensation or incentive plan for officers, directors, employees or consultants of the Corporation which plan has been approved by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors (or if there is no such committee then serving, by the majority vote of the Directors then serving who are not employees or officers of the Corporation, a 5% or greater stockholder of the Corporation or an officer, employee or Affiliate or Associate (as defined in paragraph 12) of any such 5% or greater stockholder) and, if required by law, the requisite vote of the stockholders of the Corporation (unless the exercise price thereof is changed after the date hereof other than solely by operation of the anti-dilution provisions thereof or by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors or, if applicable, the Board of Directors and, if required by law, the stockholders of the Corporation as provided in this clause (A)) or (B) the issuance of Common Stock upon the conversion or exercise of the Existing Preferred Shares or warrants of the Corporation outstanding on October 31, 1995 or the Series C or the Series, unless the conversion or exercise price thereof is changed after October 31, 1995 (other than solely by operation of the anti-dilution provisions thereof) or (C) the declaration, setting aside or payment of dividends for payment to the Shares, any Parity Dividend Shares or Senior Dividend Shares in accordance with paragraph 3 or (D) after giving effect to the payment or setting aside of any dividends previously or concurrently declared with respect to the Shares, any Parity Dividend Shares or Senior Dividend Shares, the declaration, setting aside or payment of dividends solely out of the retained earnings of the Corporation.
- (vi) The Corporation from time to time may reduce the Conversion Price by any amount for any period of time in the discretion of the Board of Directors. A voluntary reduction of the Conversion Price does not change or adjust the conversion price otherwise in effect for purposes of this paragraph 7(g).
- (vii) In the event that, at any time as a result of an adjustment made pursuant to paragraph 7(g)(i) through 7(g)(ii) above, the holder of any share of the Series thereafter surrendered for conversion shall become entitled to receive any shares of the Corporation other than Shares of the Common Stock, thereafter the number of such other shares so receivable upon conversion of any share of the Series shall be subject to adjustment from time to time in a manner and on terms as nearly equivalent as practicable to the provisions with respect to the Common Stock contained in paragraphs 7(g)(i) through 7(g)(v) above, and

other provisions of this paragraph 7(g)(vii) with respect to the Common Stock shall apply on like terms to any such other shares.

(h) In case of any reclassification of the Common Stock (other than in a transaction to which paragraph 7(g)(i) applies), any consolidation of the Corporation with, or merger of the Corporation into, any other entity, any merger of another entity into the Corporation (other than a merger that does not result in any reclassification, conversion, exchange or cancellation of outstanding shares of Common Stock of the Corporation), any sale or transfer of all or substantially all of the assets of the Corporation or any compulsory share exchange, pursuant to which share exchange the Common Stock is converted into other securities, cash or other property, then lawful provision shall be made as part of the terms of such transaction whereby the holder of each share of the Series then outstanding shall have the right thereafter, during the period such share shall be convertible, to convert such share only into the kind and amount of securities, cash and other property receivable upon the reclassification, consolidation, merger, sale, transfer or share exchange by a holder of the number of shares of Common Stock of the Corporation into which a share of the Series might have been converted immediately prior to the reclassification, consolidation, merger, sale, transfer or share exchange. As a condition to any such transaction, the Corporation, the person formed by the consolidation or resulting from the merger or which acquires such assets or which acquires the Corporation's shares, as the case may be, shall make provisions in its certificate or articles of incorporation or other constituent document to establish such right. The certificate or articles of incorporation or other constituent document shall provide for adjustments which, for events subsequent to the effective date of the certificate or articles of incorporation or other constituent document, shall be as nearly equivalent as may be practicable to the adjustments provided for in this paragraph 7. The provisions of this paragraph 7(h) shall similarly apply to successive reclassifications, consolidations, mergers, sales, transfers or share exchanges.

(i) If:

- (i) the Corporation shall take any action which would require an adjustment in the Conversion Price pursuant to paragraph 7(g); or
- (ii) the Corporation shall authorize the granting to the holders of its Common Stock generally of rights or warrants to subscribe for or purchase any shares of any class or any other rights or warrants; or
- (iii) there shall be any reclassification or change of the Common Stock (other than a subdivision or combination of its outstanding Common Stock or a change in par value) or any consolidation, merger or statutory share exchange to which the Corporation is a party and for which approval of any stockholders of the Corporation is required, or the sale or transfer of all or substantially all of the assets of the Corporation; or
- (iv) there shall be a voluntary or involuntary dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the Corporation;

then, except as provided otherwise in paragraph 11, the Corporation shall cause to be filed with the transfer agent for the Series and shall cause to be mailed to the holders of shares of the Series

at their addresses as shown on the books of the transfer agent for the Series, as promptly as possible, but at least 30 days prior to the applicable date hereinafter specified, a notice stating (A) the date on which a record is to be taken for the purpose of such dividend, distribution or granting of rights or warrants, or, if a record is not to be taken, the date as of which the holders of Common Stock of record to be entitled to such dividend, distribution or rights or warrants are to be determined or (B) the date on which such reclassification, consolidation, merger, statutory share exchange, sale, transfer, dissolution, liquidation or winding up is expected to become effective or occur, and the date as of which it is expected that holders of Common Stock of record shall be entitled to exchange their shares of Common Stock for securities or other property deliverable upon such reclassification, change, consolidation, merger, statutory share exchange, sale, transfer, dissolution, liquidation or winding up. Failure to give such notice or any defect therein shall not affect the legality or validity of the proceedings in this paragraph 7(i).

- (j) Whenever the Conversion Price is adjusted as herein provided, the Corporation shall promptly file with the transfer agent for the Series a certificate of an officer of the Corporation setting forth the Conversion Price after the adjustment and setting forth a brief statement of the facts requiring such adjustment and a computation thereof. The Corporation shall promptly cause a notice of the adjusted Conversion Price to be mailed to each registered holder of shares of the Series.
- (k) In any case in which paragraph 7(g) provides that an adjustment shall become effective immediately after a record date for an event and the date fixed for such adjustment pursuant to paragraph 7(g) occurs after such record date but before the occurrence of such event, the Corporation may defer until the actual occurrence of such event (i) issuing to the holder of any shares of the Series converted after such record date and before the occurrence of such event the additional shares of Common Stock issuable upon such conversion by reason of the adjustment required by such event over and above the Common Stock issuable upon such conversion before giving effect to such adjustment and (ii) paying to such holder any amount in cash in lieu of any fraction pursuant to paragraph 7(d).
- (1) In case the Corporation shall take any action affecting the Common Stock, other than actions described in this paragraph 7, which in the opinion of the Board of Directors would materially adversely affect the conversion right of the holders of the shares of the Series, the Conversion Price may be adjusted, to the extent permitted by law, in such manner, if any, and at such time, as the Board of Directors may determine to be equitable in the circumstances; provided, however, that in no event shall the Board of Directors be required to take any such action.
- (m) The Corporation will endeavor to list the shares of Common Stock required to be delivered upon conversion of shares of the Series, prior to delivery, upon each national securities exchange, the Nasdaq National Market or any similar system of automated dissemination of securities prices, if any, upon which the Common Stock is listed at the time of delivery.
- 8. STATUS OF SHARES. All shares of the Series that are at any time redeemed pursuant to paragraphs 5 or 6 above or converted pursuant to paragraph 7 above or paragraph 11

below, and all shares of the Series that are otherwise reacquired by the Corporation and subsequently canceled by the Board of Directors, shall have the status of authorized but unissued shares of preferred stock, without designation as to series, subject to reissuance by the Board of Directors as shares of any one or more other series.

9. VOTING RIGHTS.

(a) GENERAL. Except as set forth below or otherwise required by law, holders of shares of the Series shall vote together with the holders of the Common Stock (and together with any other class of capital stock of the Corporation which is stated to vote with the holders of Common Stock as a class) with respect to all matters submitted to the stockholders of the Corporation for vote or consent. In connection with any right to vote or give consent, each holder of shares of the Series will have one vote for each share held; provided, however, any shares of the Series held by the Corporation or any entity controlled by the Corporation shall not have voting rights hereunder and shall not be counted in determining the presence of a quorum.

(b) DIVIDEND DEFAULTS.

(i) If and whenever accrued dividends on the shares of the Series shall not have been paid in an aggregate amount equal to or greater than the equivalency of six quarterly dividends (whether or not consecutive) on shares of the Series, or if any class of Parity Dividend Shares or Senior Dividend Shares (together with the Series, but excluding the Existing Preferred Shares, the "Preferred Class") shall become entitled to elect directors to the Corporation's Board of Directors based upon actual missed and unpaid dividends, then upon such event, without the requirement of any additional action by the Board of Directors or stockholders of the Corporation, the number of directors constituting the Board of Directors of the Corporation shall automatically be increased by the number of directorships equal to one-half of the number of directorships constituting the whole Board of Directors of the Corporation immediately prior to such event (rounded upwards in the event of a fraction), but by not less than three, and the holders of shares of the Preferred Class, voting together as a single class, shall be entitled to elect the directors to fill the resulting vacancies on the Board of Directors; provided, however, that there shall be counted as directors elected by the Preferred Class up to two directors elected by the Existing Preferred Shares pursuant to the terms of the Certificates of Designations related thereto. At elections for such directors, each holder of shares of the Preferred Class shall be entitled to one vote for each share of the Preferred Class held. Such right to vote as a single class to elect directors shall, when vested, continue until all dividends in default on the shares of the Preferred Class shall have been paid in full and, when so paid, such right to elect directors separately as a class shall cease, subject to the same provisions for the vesting of such right to elect directors separately as a class in the case of future dividend defaults. If at any time after the election of directors by the Preferred Class, the holders of Existing Preferred Shares exercise their right to elect up to two directors, a special

meeting shall be held to vote upon the persons who shall be the remaining directors elected by the Preferred Class.

- (ii) Whenever such voting right shall have vested, such right may be exercised initially either, at a special meeting of the holders of shares of the Preferred Class called as hereinafter provided or at any annual meeting of stockholders held for the purpose of electing directors, and thereafter at such meetings or by the written consent of such holders pursuant to Section 228 of the GCL.
- (iii) At any time when the voting right grained by this paragraph 9(b) shall have vested in the holders of shares of the Preferred Class entitled to vote thereon, and if such right shall not already have been initially exercised, an officer of the Corporation shall, upon written request of holders of record of 10% in the aggregate, of shares of any series of preferred stock of the Corporation then outstanding, addressed to the Chief Financial Officer of the Corporation, call a special meeting of holders of shares of the Preferred Class. Such meeting shall be held at the earliest practicable date upon the notice required for annual meetings of stockholders at the place for holding annual meetings of stockholders of the Corporation or, if none, at a place designated by the Chief Financial Officer of the Corporation. If such meeting shall not be called by the proper officers of the Corporation within 30 days after such written request is mailed to the Chief Financial Officer of the Corporation, by registered mail, addressed to the Chief Financial Officer of the Corporation at its principal office (such mailing to be evidenced by the registry receipt issued by the postal authorities), then the holders of record of 10% of the shares of the Preferred Class then outstanding may designate in writing any person to call such meeting at the expense of the Corporation, and such meeting may be called by such person so designated upon the notice required for annual meetings of stockholders and shall be held at the same place as is elsewhere provided in this paragraph 9(b)(iii). Any holder of shares of the Preferred Class then outstanding that would entitled to vote at such meeting shall have access to the stock record books of the Corporation for the purpose of causing a meeting of stockholders to be called pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph 9(b)(iii). Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, however, no such special meeting shall be called or held during a period within 30 days immediately preceding the date fixed for the next annual meeting of stockholders.
- (iv) The directors elected pursuant to this paragraph 9(b) shall serve until the next annual meeting or until their respective successors shall be elected and shall qualify. Any director elected by the holders of shares of the Preferred Class may be removed by, and shall not be removed otherwise than by, the vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of the Preferred Class who were entitled to participate is such election of directors, voting as a special class, at a meeting called for such purpose or by a written consent as permitted by law and the Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws of the Corporation. If the office of any director elected by the holders of the shares of the Preferred Class, voting

as a class, becomes vacant by reason of death, resignation, retirement, disqualification or removal from office or otherwise, the remaining director elected by the holders of shares of the Preferred Class, voting as a class, may choose a successor who shall hold office for the unexpired term in respect of which such vacancy occurred. Upon any termination of the right of right of the holders of the Preferred Stock to vote for directors as herein provided, the term of office of all directors then in office elected by holders of the Preferred Class, voting as a class, shall terminate immediately. Whenever the terms of office of the directors elected by the holders of powers vested in the holders of the Preferred Class shall have expired, the number of directors shall be such number as may be provided for pursuant to the By-laws of the Corporation irrespective of any increase made pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph 9(b).

- (v) So long as any shares of the Series are outstanding, the By-laws shall contain no provisions that would restrict the exercise, by the holders of shares of the Preferred Class or the Existing Preferred Shares, of the right to elect directors under the circumstances provided in paragraph 9(b)(i) above.
- (c) So long as any shares of the Series remain outstanding, the consent of the holders of at least a majority of the shares of the Series outstanding at the time, given in person or by proxy either in writing (as permitted by law and the Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws of the Corporation) or at any special or annual meeting, shall be necessary to permit, effect or validate any one or more of the following:
 - (i) the authorization, creation or issuance, or any increase in the authorized or issued amount of any class or series of stock, or any security convertible into stock of such class of series, ranking prior to the Series as to dividends or the distribution of assets upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up, other than preferred stock which is not convertible into or exchangeable for any other securities of the Corporation;
 - (ii) the amendment, alteration or repeal, whether by merger, consolidation or otherwise, of any of the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation (including this Certificate) or the By-laws of the Corporation which would adversely affect any right, preference, privilege or voting power of the Series or of the holders thereof; provided, however, that any action permitted under the preceding clause (i) with respect to Preferred Stock which is not convertible into or exchangeable for any other securities of the Corporation shall not be deemed to adversely affect such rights, preferences, privileges or voting powers; or
 - (iii) the authorization of any reclassification of the shares of the Series; or
 - (iv) make any change in the Indenture in a manner that adversely affects or would adversely affect the rights of the holders of Notes issued thereunder.

- 10. MANDATORY REDEMPTION. The shares of the Series are not subject to mandatory redemption or sinking fund requirements.
- 11. SPECIAL CONVERSION RIGHTS OF HOLDERS UPON CERTAIN EVENTS FOLLOWING A FUNDAMENTAL CHANGE OR A CHANGE OF CONTROL OF THE CORPORATION.
- (a) CHANGE OF CONTROL. If a Change of Control (as defined is paragraph 11(e) below) with respect to the Corporation shall occur, and if at the time of such occurrence the Current Market Price of the Common Stock is less than the Conversion Price in effect at the time of such occurrence, then each holder of shares of the Series shall have the right, at the holder's option, for a period of 45 days after the mailing of a notice by the Corporation that a Change of Control has occurred, to convert all, but not less than all, of such holder's shares of the Series into Common Stock at an adjusted Conversion Price per share equal to the Special Conversion Price. The Corporation may, at its option, in lieu of providing Common Stock upon any such special conversion, provide the holders who have elected to convert their shares under this paragraph 11(a) with cash equal to the Market Value (as defined in paragraph 11(e) below) of the Common Stock multiplied by the number of shares of Common Stock into which shares of the Series would have been convertible immediately prior to the Change of Control at an adjusted conversion price equal to the Special Conversion Price, but only if the Corporation, in its notice to holders that a Change of Control has occurred, has notified the holders of the Corporation's election to provide such holder with cash in lieu of such Common Stock; provided, however, that any such election by the Corporation shall apply to all shares of the Series for which the special conversion was elected by the holders thereof. Shares of the Series that becomes convertible pursuant to a special conversion right shall, unless so converted, remain convertible in accordance with paragraph 7 into the number of shares of Common Stock that the holders of the shares would have owned immediately after the Change of Control if the holders had converted the shares immediately before the effective date of the Change of Control.
- (b) FUNDAMENTAL CHANGE. If a Fundamental Change (as defined in paragraph 11(e) below) with respect to the Corporation shall occur, and if at the time of such occurrence the Current Market Price of the Common Stock is less than the Conversion Price in effect at the time of such occurrence, then each holder of shares of the Series shall have a special conversion right, at the holder's option, for a period of 45 days after the mailing of a notice by the Corporation that a Fundamental Change has occurred, to convert all, but not less than all, of the holder's shares into the kind and amount of cash, securities, property or other assets receivable upon the Fundamental Change by a holder of the number of shares of Common Stock into which such shares of the Series would have been convertible immediately prior to the Fundamental Change at an adjusted Conversion Price equal to the Special Conversion Price. The Corporation or a successor corporation, as the case may be, may, at its option and in lieu of providing the consideration as required above upon such conversion, provide the holders who have elected to convert their shares under this paragraph 11(b) with cash equal to the Market Value of the Common Stock multiplied by the number of shares of Common Stock into which such shares of the Series would have been convertible immediately prior to the Fundamental Change at an adjusted Conversion Price equal to the Special Conversion Price but only if the Corporation, in its notice to holders that a Change of Control has occurred, has notified the holders of the Corporation's election to provide such holder with cash in lieu of such Common Stock; provided,

however, that any such election by the Corporation shall apply to all shares of the Series for which the special conversion was elected by the holders thereof. Shares of the Series that becomes convertible pursuant to a special conversion right shall, unless so converted, remain convertible in accordance with paragraph 7 into the kind and amount of cash, securities, property or other assets that the holders of the shares would have owned immediately after the Fundamental Change if the holders had converted the shares immediately before the effective date of the Fundamental Change.

- (c) NOTICE. Within 30 days after the occurrence of a Change in Control or Fundamental Change, the Corporation shall mail to each registered holder of shares of the Series a notice of the occurrence (the "Special Conversion Notice") setting forth the following:
 - (i) the event constituting the Change of Control or Fundamental Change and that such event entitles the holders of shares of the Series to the special conversion right;
 - (ii) the Special Conversion Price;
 - (iii) the Conversion Price then in effect under paragraph 7 and the continuing conversion rights, if any, thereunder;
 - (iv) the name and address of the paying agent and conversion agent;
 - (v) that the holders who elect to convert shares of the Series must satisfy the requirements of paragraph 11(d) and must exercise their conversion right within the 45 day period after the mailing of the Special Conversion Notice by the Corporation;
 - (vi) the conversion date upon exercise of the applicable special conversion right;
 - (vii) the exercise of such conversion right shall be irrevocable and no dividends on shares of the Series (or portions thereof) tendered for conversion shall accrue from and after the conversion date; and
 - (viii) whether the Corporation (or a successor corporation, if applicable) has exercised its option to pay cash (specifying the amount thereof per share) for all shares of the Series tendered for conversion.

The Special Conversion Notice shall be given by first class mail, postage prepaid, to the holders of record of the shares of the Series at their respective addresses as the same shall appear on the books of the transfer agent for the Series. No failure of the Corporation to give the foregoing notice shall limit any holder's right to exercise the special conversion right hereunder.

(d) EXERCISE PROCEDURES. A holder of shares of the Series must exercise a special conversion right within the 45 day period after the mailing of the Special Conversion Notice. Such right must be exercised in accordance with paragraph 7(b) to the extent the

procedures therein are consistent with the provisions of this paragraph 11. Exercise of such conversion right shall be irrevocable, to the extent permitted by applicable law, and dividends on shares of the Series tendered for conversion shall cease to accrue from and after the conversion date. The conversion date with respect to the exercise of a special conversion right arising upon a Change of Control or Fundamental Change shall be the 45th day after the mailing of the Special Conversion Notice. In taking any action in connection with any Change of Control or Fundamental Change or related special conversion right, the Corporation will comply with all applicable federal securities laws and regulations.

- (e) DEFINITIONS. The following definitions shall apply to terms used in this paragraph ${\tt 11:}$
 - (i) a "Change of Control" with respect to the Corporation shall be deemed to have occurred at such time as any person (within the meaning of Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")), including a group (within the meaning of Rule 13d-5 under the Exchange Act), together with any of its Affiliates or Associates (as defined in paragraph 12), is or becomes the direct or indirect beneficial owner (as defined below) of shares of capital stock of the Corporation entitled to vote in the election of directors of the Corporation under ordinary circumstances or to elect a majority of the Board of Directors of the Company. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Change of Control will be deemed not to have occurred if (A) 85% or more of the consideration receivable by holders of shares of the Series upon conversion thereof immediately after such occurrence consists of Marketable Stock or (B) immediately after such occurrence (I) the Current Market Price of the shares of the Series or (II) the sum of the Current Market Price of any such Marketable Stock receivable upon conversion of shares of the Series plus any cash receivable upon such conversion has a value on each of the five trading days immediately after such Change of Control equal to or in excess of 105% of the Liquidation Amount. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Change of Control will not be deemed to have occurred with respect to any transaction that constitutes a Fundamental Change.

For purposes of the foregoing definition, a person shall be deemed to have "beneficial ownership" with respect to, and shall be deemed to "beneficially own," any securities of the Corporation in accordance with Section 13 of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations (including Rule 13d-3, Rule 13d-5 and any successor rules) promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission thereunder.

(ii) a "Fundamental Change " with respect to the Corporation means (A) the occurrence of any transaction or series of related transactions or event in connection with which a majority of the outstanding Common Stock of the Corporation or shares of the Series shall be exchanged for, converted into, acquired for or converted solely into the right to receive cash, securities, property, or other assets (whether by means of an exchange offer, liquidation, tender offer, consolidation, merger, combination, reclassification, recapitalization or otherwise) or (B) the conveyance, sale, lease, assignment, transfer or other

disposal of a majority of the Corporation's property, business or assets; provided, however, a Fundamental Change will not include any transaction or series of related transactions or events in which (x)85% or more of the consideration (I) received by the holders of the shares of the Series directly for their shares or (II) receivable upon conversion of their shares immediately after such transaction (if their shares are not exchanged in connection with such Fundamental Change) or upon the conversion or exchange immediately after such transaction of any convertible or exchangeable securities received directly for their shares (if their shares are exchanged in connection with such Fundamental Change) consists of Marketable Stock or (B) immediately after the consummation of such transaction (I) the Current Market Price of the shares of the Series (if such shares are not exchanged in connection with such Fundamental Change), (II) the sum of the Current Market Price of any securities for which such shares are exchanged plus any cash received in connection with such exchange or (III) the sum of the Current Market Price of any securities into which such shares or securities identified in the preceding clauses (i) and (ii) may be converted into or exchanged for plus any cash received in connection with such conversion or exchange has a value on each of the five consecutive trading days preceding such transaction equal to or in excess of 105% of the Liquidation Amount.

- (iii) the "Special Conversion Price" shall mean the higher of the Market Value of the Common Stock or \$5.21 per share; provided, however, that each time the then prevailing Conversion Price shall be adjusted as provided elsewhere herein, such dollar amount shall likewise be adjusted so that the ratio of such dollar amount to the then prevailing Conversion Price, after giving effect to any such adjustment, shall always be the same as the ratio of \$5.21 to the initial Conversion Price (without giving effect to any adjustment).
- (iv) the "Market Value" of the Common Stock or any other Marketable Stock shall be the average of the last reported sales price of the Common Stock or such other Marketable Stock, as the case may be, for the five business days ending on the last business day preceding the date of the Change of Control or Fundamental Change; provided, however, that if the Marketable Stock is not traded on any national securities exchange or similar quotation system as described in the definition of "Marketable Stock" during such period, then the Market Value of such Marketable Stock shall be the average of the last reported sales price per share of such Marketable Stock during the first five business days commencing with the first day after the date on which such Marketable Stock was first distributed to the general public and traded on the New York Stock Exchange, the American Stock Exchange, the Nasdaq National Market or any similar system of automated dissemination of quotations of securities prices in the United States; and
- (v) "Marketable Stock" shall mean Common Stock or common stock of any corporation that is the successor to all or substantially all of the business or assets of the Corporation as a result of a Fundamental Change (or of the ultimate parent of such successor), which is (or will, upon distribution thereof,

be) listed or quoted on the New York Stock Exchange, the American Stock Exchange, the Nasdaq National Market or any similar system of automated dissemination of quotation securities prices in the United States.

12. CERTAIN DEFINITIONS. As used in this Certificate, the following terms shall have the following respective meanings:

"Additional Shares" shall have the meaning set forth in subsection $\mathbf{3}(\mathbf{a})$.

"Affiliate" of any specified person means any other person directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by or under common control with such specified person. For purposes of this definition, "Control" when used with respect to any person means the power to direct the management and policies of such person, directly or indirectly, whether through the ownership of voting securities or otherwise; and the term "controlling" and "controlled" having meanings correlative to the foregoing.

An "Associate" of a person means (A) any corporation or organization, other than the Corporation or any subsidiary of the Corporation, of which the person is an officer or partner or is, directly or indirectly, the beneficial owner of 10% or more of any class of equity securities; (B) any trust or estate in which the person has a substantial beneficial interest or as to which the person serves as trustee or in a similar fiduciary capacity; and (C) any relative or spouse of the person, or any relative of the spouse, who has the same home as the person or who is a director or officer of the person or any of its parents or subsidiaries.

"Common Shares" shall mean any stock of the Corporation which has no preference in respect of dividends or of amounts payable in the event of any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of the Corporation and which is not subject to redemption by the Corporation. However, Common Shares issuable upon conversion of shares of this series shall include only shares of the class designated as Common Shares as of the original date of issuance of shares of the Series, or shares of the Corporation of any class or classes resulting from any reclassification or reclassifications thereof and which have no preference in respect of dividends or of amounts payable in the event of any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of the Corporation and which are not subject to redemption by the Corporation; provided that if at any time there shall be more than one such resulting class, the shares of each such class then so issuable shall be substantially in the proportion which the total number of shares of such class resulting from such reclassifications bears to the total number of shares of all classes resulting from all such reclassifications. Unless the context otherwise specifies or requires, all references in this certificate to "Common Shares" include the Common Stock.

"Current Market Price" means, when used with respect to any security as of any date, the last sale price, regular way, or, in case no such sale takes place on such date, the average of the closing bid and asked prices, regular way, in either case as reported for consolidated transactions on the New York Stock Exchange or, if the security is not listed or admitted to trading on the New York Stock Exchange, as reported for consolidated transactions with respect to securities listed on the principal national securities exchange on which such security is listed or admitted to trading or, if the security is not listed or admitted to trading on any national securities exchange,

the last quoted price or, if not so quoted, the average of the high bid and low asked prices in the over-the-counter market, as reported by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Automated Quotations System or such other system then in use or, if the security is not quoted by any such organization, the average of the closing bid and asked prices furnished by a New York Stock Exchange member firm selected by the Company.

[SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Corporation has caused this Certificate to be duly executed on its behalf by its undersigned President and attested to by its Secretary this ____ day of October, 2000.

Corporate Seal	
	John H. Pinkerton President and Chief Executive Officer
ATTEST:	
Rodney Waller, Secretary	

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EXHIBIT A

RANGE RESOURCES CORPORATION

COMPANY

AND

COMPUTERSHARE INVESTOR SERVICES, L.L.C.

TRUSTEE

INDENTURE

DATED AS OF _____

\$_____

8.125% Subordinated Convertible Notes Due 2005

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INDENTURE dated as of [______], between RANGE RESOURCES CORPORATION, a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and COMPUTERSHARE INVESTOR SERVICES, L.L.C., as trustee (the "Trustee").

Each party agrees as follows for the benefit of the other party and for the equal and ratable benefit of the Holders of the Company's 8.125% Subordinated Convertible Notes due December 31, 2005 (the "Notes"):

ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS AND INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

SECTION 1.1 DEFINITIONS.

"AFFILIATE" of any specified Person means (i) any other Person which, directly or indirectly, is in control of, is controlled by or is under common control with such specified Person or (ii) any Person who is a director or officer (a) of such specified Person, (b) of any Subsidiary of such specified Person or (c) of any Person described in clause (i) above. For purpose of this definition, control of a person means the power, directly or indirectly, to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of such person whether by contract or otherwise; and the terms "controlling" or "controlled" have meanings correlative to the foregoing.

"AGENT" means any Registrar, Paying Agent, Conversion Agent or co-registrar or any successor thereto.

"BOARD OF DIRECTORS" means the Board of Directors of the Company or any committee of the Board duly authorized to act under the Indenture.

"BUSINESS DAY" means any day other than a Legal Holiday.

"CAPITAL STOCK" of any Person means any and all shares, interests, rights to purchase, warrants, options, participations or other equivalents of or interests in the common or preferred equity (however designated) of such Person, including, without limitation, partnership interests.

"CAPITALIZED LEASE OBLIGATION" means, with respect to any person for any period, an obligation of such Person to pay rent or other amounts under a lease that is required to be capitalized for financial reporting purposes in accordance with GAAP; and the amount of such obligation shall be the capitalized amount shown on the balance sheet of such Person as determined in accordance with GAAP.

"CHANGE OF CONTROL" means the occurrence of any of the following events: (i) any person (as the term "person" is used in Section 13(d) or Section 14(d) of the Exchange Act) is or becomes the direct or indirect beneficial owner of shares of the Company's Capital Stock representing greater than 50% of the total voting power of all shares of Capital Stock of the Company entitled to vote in the election of directors under ordinary circumstances or sufficient

to elect a majority of the Board of Directors or (ii) the Company sells, transfers or otherwise disposes of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Change of Control will not include any transaction or series of related transactions in which (a) 85% or more of the consideration receivable by the Holders upon conversion of their Notes immediately after the occurrence of such Change of Control consists of Common Stock that is listed on a national securities exchange or approved for quotation on the Nasdaq Stock Market or (b) immediately after the occurrence of such Change of Control (i) the Current Market Price of the Notes or (ii) the sum of the Current Market Price of any such Common Stock receivable upon conversion of the Notes immediately after such occurrence that is listed on a national securities exchange or approved for quotation on the Nasdaq Stock Market plus any cash receivable upon such conversion has a value on each of the five trading days immediately after the occurrence of such Change of Control equal to or in excess of 105% of the principal amount of such Notes.

"COMMON STOCK" as applied to the Capital Stock of any corporation, means the common equity (however designated) of such Person, and with respect to the Company, means the Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share, or any successor class of common equity into which either such class of common stock may hereafter be converted.

"COMPANY" means Range Resources Corporation, a Delaware corporation, until a successor replaces it in accordance with the applicable provisions of this Indenture and thereafter "COMPANY" shall mean such successor.

"CONVERSION AGENT" means the Trustee or any successor entity thereto.

"CURRENT MARKET PRICE" means, when used with respect to any security as of any date, the last sale price, regular way, or, in case no such sale takes place on such date, the average of the closing bid and asked prices, regular way, in either case as reported for consolidated transactions on the New York Stock Exchange or, if the security is not listed or admitted to trading on the New York Stock Exchange, as reported for consolidated transactions with respect to securities listed on the principal national securities exchange on which such security is listed or admitted to trading or, if the security is not listed or admitted to trading on any national securities exchange, the last quoted price or, if not so quoted, the average of the high bid and low asked prices in the over-the-counter market, as reported by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Automated Quotations System or such other system then in use or, if the security is not quoted by any such organization, the average of the closing bid and asked prices furnished by a New York Stock Exchange member firm selected by the Company. "CURRENT MARKET PRICE" means, when used with respect to any Property other than a security as of any date, the market value of such Property on such date as determined by the Board of Directors of the Company in good faith, which shall be entitled to rely for such purposes on the advice of any firm of investment bankers or appraisers having familiarity with such Property.

"DEBT" with respect to any Person as of any date means and includes (without duplication) (i) the principal of and premium, if any, in respect of indebtedness of such Person, contingent or otherwise, for borrowed money, including, without limitation, all interest, fees and

expenses owed with respect thereto (whether or not the recourse of the lender is to the whole of the assets of such person or only to a portion thereof), or evidenced by bonds, notes, debentures or similar instruments, or representing the deferred and unpaid balance of the purchase price of any property or interest therein or services, if and to the extent such indebtedness would appear as a liability (other than a liability for accounts payable and accrued expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business) upon a balance sheet of such Person prepared on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP, (ii) all obligations issued or contracted for as payment in consideration of the purchase by such Person of Capital Stock or substantially all of the assets of another Person or as a result of a merger or a consolidation (other than any earn-outs or installment payments), (iii) all Capitalized Lease Obligations of such Person, (iv) all obligations of such Person in respect of letters of credit or similar instruments or reimbursement of letters of credit or similar instruments (whether or not such items would appear on the balance sheet of such Person), (v) all net obligations of such Person in respect of interest rate protection and foreign currency hedging arrangements, (vi) all guarantees by such Person of items that would constitute Debt under this definition (whether or not such items would appear on such balance sheet), and (vii) the amount of all obligations of such Person with respect to the redemption, repayment or other repurchase of any Disqualified Stock, but only to the extent such obligations arise on or prior to March 31, 2006; provided, however, that Debt issued at a discount from par shall be treated as if issued at par. The amount of Debt of any person at any date shall be the outstanding balance on such date of all unconditional obligations as described above and the maximum determinable liability, upon the occurrence of the liability giving rise to the obligation, of any contingent obligations referred to in clauses (i), (iv), (vi) and (vii) above at such date.

"DEFAULT" means any event which is, or with the passage of time or the giving of notice or both would be, an Event of Default.

"DEPOSITARY" means, with respect to the Notes issued in global form, the Person specified in Section 2.3 as the Depositary with respect to the Notes, until a successor shall have been appointed and become such pursuant to the applicable provisions of this Indenture, and, thereafter "DEPOSITARY" shall mean or include such successor.

"DISQUALIFIED STOCK" means any Capital Stock which, by its terms or by the terms of any security into which it is convertible or for which it is exchangeable at the option of the holder thereof or mandatorily (except to the extent that such exchange or conversion right cannot be exercised or such mandatory conversion cannot occur prior to March 31, 2006), is, or upon the happening of an event or the passage of time would be, (a) required to be redeemed or repurchased by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, including at the option of the holder, in whole or in part, or has, or upon the happening of an event or passage of time would have, a redemption or similar payment due prior to March 31, 2006 or (b) exchangeable or convertible into debt securities of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries at the option of the holder thereof or mandatorily, except to the extent that such exchange or conversion right cannot be exercised or such mandatory conversion cannot occur on or prior to March 31, 2006.

"EXCHANGE ACT" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"GAAP" means, as of any date, generally accepted accounting principles in the United States and does not include any interpretations or regulations that have been proposed but that have not become effective.

"HOLDER" means a Person in whose name a Note is registered on the Register.

"INDENTURE" means this Indenture, as amended or supplemented from time to time.

"INTEREST PAYMENT DATE" means March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31 of each year.

"LEGAL HOLIDAY" means a Saturday, Sunday or any day on which banking institutions in the state in which the principal corporate trust office of the Trustee are required or authorized by law or other governmental action to be closed.

"NOTES CUSTODIAN" means, with respect to the Notes issued in global form, initially, the Trustee and any successor entity thereto or such other Person as appointed by the Company from time to time in accordance with the provisions of this Indenture.

"OFFICER" means, with respect to any Person, the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer, the President, the Chief Operating Officer, the Chief Financial Officer, the Treasurer, any Assistant Treasurer, the Controller, the Secretary, any Assistant Secretary or any Vice President of such Person.

"OFFICERS' CERTIFICATE" means a certificate signed by two Officers, one of whom must be the Chairman of the Board, the President, the Treasurer or a Vice-President of the Company, that meets the requirements of Sections 12.4 and 12.5 hereof.

"OPINION OF COUNSEL" means a written opinion from legal counsel who is reasonably acceptable to the Trustee that meets the requirements of Sections 12.4 and 12.5 hereof. The counsel may be an employee of or counsel to the Company or the Trustee.

"PERMITTED DEBT" means (i) Debt owed by the Company to any wholly owned Subsidiary of the Company, (ii) Debt owed by any wholly owned Subsidiary of the Company to the Company or any wholly owned Subsidiary of the Company and (iii) Refinancing Debt.

"PERSON" means any individual, corporation, partnership, association, trust or any other entity or organization, including a government or political subdivision or any agency or instrumentality thereof.

"PREFERRED STOCK" means, with respect to any Person, Capital Stock of such Person of any class or classes (however designated) which is preferred as to the payments of dividends or distributions, or as to the distribution of assets upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation or dissolution of such Person, over any other class of the Capital Stock of such Person.

"PRINCIPAL" of a debt security means the principal of the security plus the premium, if any, on the security.

"PROPERTY" of any Person means all types of real, personal, tangible, intangible or mixed property owned by such Person whether or not included on the most recent consolidated balance sheet of such Person in accordance with GAAP.

"QUALIFIED STOCK" means Capital Stock of the Company that is not Disgualified Stock.

"REFINANCING DEBT" means Debt that refunds, refinances or extends any Notes or other Debt existing on the date hereof or hereafter incurred by the Company or its Subsidiaries pursuant to the terms of this Indenture, but only to the extent that (i) the Refinancing Debt is subordinated to the Notes to the same extent as the Debt being refunded, refinanced or extended, if at all, (ii) the Refinancing Debt is scheduled to mature either (a) no earlier than the Debt being refunded, refinanced or extended or (b) after the maturity date of the Notes, (iii) the portion, if any, of the Refinancing Debt that is scheduled to mature on or prior to the maturity date of the Notes has a Weighted Average Life to Maturity at the time such Refinancing Debt is incurred that is equal to or greater than the Weighted Average Life to Maturity of the portion of the Debt being refunded, refinanced or extended that is scheduled to mature on or prior to the maturity date of the Notes, (iv) such Refinancing Debt is in an aggregate principal amount that is equal to or less than the aggregate principal amount then outstanding under the Debt being refunded, refinanced or extended, plus customary fees and expenses associated with refinancing and (v) such Refinancing Debt is incurred by the same Person that initially incurred the Debt being refunded, refinanced or extended, except that (a) the Company may incur Refinancing Debt to refund, refinance or extend Debt of any Subsidiary of the Company, and (b) any Subsidiary of the Company may incur Refinancing Debt to refund, refinance or extend Debt of any other wholly owned Subsidiary of the Company.

"REGULAR RECORD DATE" means March 15, June 15, September 15 and December 15 of each year.

"REPRESENTATIVE" means the indenture trustee or other trustee, agent or representative for an issue of Senior Indebtedness.

"SEC" means the Securities and Exchange Commission.

"SECURITIES ACT" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"SENIOR INDEBTEDNESS" means the principal of and premium, if any, and interest on (a) indebtedness or other obligations under the Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Term Loan Agreement dated as of July 6, 1994, among the Company and certain of its Subsidiaries, as borrowers, Bank One, Texas, N.A., as agent, and Bank One, Texas, N.A. and Texas Commerce Bank National Association, as lenders; (b) indebtedness for money borrowed (including purchase money obligations) evidenced by notes or other written obligations,

including letters of credit and bankers acceptances, (c) indebtedness evidenced by notes, debentures, bonds or other securities issued under the provisions of an indenture or similar instrument, (d) obligations as lessee under capitalized leases and under leases of property made as part of any sale and leaseback transactions, (e) indebtedness of others of any of the kinds described in the preceding clauses (a) through (d) assumed or guaranteed and (f) amendments, renewals, extensions, modifications and refundings of any obligations or indebtedness described in the foregoing clauses (a) through (e); provided, however, that the following will not constitute Senior Indebtedness: (i) any indebtedness or obligation as to which, in the instrument creating or evidencing the same or pursuant to which the same is outstanding, it is expressly provided that such indebtedness or obligation is subordinate in right of payment to all other indebtedness, (ii) any indebtedness or obligation which refers explicitly to the Notes and states that the indebtedness or obligation shall not be senior in right of payment thereto, (iii) any indebtedness or obligation of the Company to any Affiliate and (iv) obligation of the Company for compensation to employees or for items purchased or services rendered in the ordinary course of business.

"SUBSIDIARY" of any Person means a corporation or other entity a majority of whose Capital Stock with voting power, under ordinary circumstances, entitling holders of such Capital Stock to elect the board of directors or other governing body, is at the time, directly or indirectly, owned by such Person and/or a Subsidiary or Subsidiaries of such Person.

"TIA" means the Trust Indenture Act of 1939 (U.S. Code Sections 77aaa-77bbbb) as in effect on the date of execution of this Indenture; provided, however, that in the event the TIA is amended after such date, "TIA" means, to the extent required by any such amendments, to the TIA as so amended.

"TRANSFER RESTRICTED SECURITIES" means Notes that bear or are required to bear the legend set forth in Section 2.6(g) hereof.

"TRUSTEE" means the party named as such above until a successor replaces it in accordance with the applicable provisions of this Indenture and thereafter "TRUSTEE" shall mean such successor.

"TRUST OFFICER" means any officer or corporate trust officer or assistant corporate trust officer of the Trustee assigned by the Trustee to administer its corporate trust matters.

"U.S. GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS" means non-callable (i) direct obligations (or certificates representing an ownership interest in such obligations) of the United States for which its full faith and credit are pledged and (ii) obligations of a person controlled or supervised by, and acting as an agency or instrumentality of, the United States, the payment of which is unconditionally guaranteed as a full faith and credit obligation of the United States.

"WEIGHTED AVERAGE LIFE TO MATURITY" means, when applied to any Debt or preferred stock or portions thereof (if applicable) at any date, the number of years obtained by dividing (i) the then outstanding principal amount or liquidation amount of such Debt or preferred stock or portions thereof (if applicable) into (ii) the sum of the products obtained by

multiplying (a) the amount of each then remaining installment, sinking fund, serial maturity or other required payment of principal, including payment at final maturity, in respect thereof, by (b) the number of years (calculated to the nearest one-twelfth) that will elapse between such date and the making of such payment.

SECTION 1.2 OTHER DEFINITIONS.

TERM	DEFINED	IN	SECTION
"Agent Members"			2.1
"Bankruptcy Law"			
"Change of Control Date"			4.7
"Change of Control Offer"			4.7
"Change of Control Notice"			
"Change of Control Payment"			
"Change of Control Payment Date"			4.7
"Conversion Price"			10.:
"Custodian"			6.1
"Definitive Securities"			
"Event of Default"			
"Global Security"			
"Paying Agent"			
"Register"			
"Registrar"			
"Restricted Payment"			
"Rule 144A"			2.1

SECTION 1.3 INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE OF TRUST INDENTURE ACT.

This Indenture is subject to the mandatory provisions of the TIA, which are incorporated by reference in and made part of this Indenture.

The following TIA terms used in this Indenture have the following meanings:

"INDENTURE SECURITIES" means the Notes;

"INDENTURE SECURITY HOLDER" means a Holder;

"INDENTURE TO BE QUALIFIED" means this Indenture;

"INDENTURE TRUSTEE" or "institutional trustee" means the

Trustee;

 $\ensuremath{\text{"OBLIGOR"}}$ on the Notes means the Company and any successor obligor upon the Notes.

All other terms used in this Indenture that are defined by the TIA, defined by TIA reference to another statute or defined by SEC rule under the TIA have the meanings so assigned to them.

SECTION 1.4 RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.

Unless the context otherwise requires:

- a term has the meaning assigned to it; (1)
- (2) an accounting term not otherwise defined has the meaning assigned to it in accordance with GAAP;
- (3)
- "or" is not exclusive; words in the singular include the plural, and in the (4) plural include the singular; and
- (5) provisions apply to successive events and transactions.
- (6) references to sections of or rules under the Securities Act shall be deemed to include substitute, replacement or successor sections or rules adopted by the SEC from time to time.

ARTICLE 2 THE DEBENTURES

SECTION 2.1 FORM AND DATING.

The Notes and the Trustee's certificate of authentication shall be substantially in the form of Exhibit A which is hereby incorporated in and expressly made a part of this Indenture. The Notes may have notations, legends or endorsements required by law, stock exchange rule, agreements to which the Company is subject, if any, or usage (provided that any such notation, legend or endorsement is in a form acceptable to the Company). Each Note shall be dated the date of its authentication. The terms of the Notes set forth in Exhibit A are part of the terms of this Indenture. The Notes are general unsecured obligations of the Company limited to \$___ million in aggregate principal amount, subject to Section 2.7.

(a) GLOBAL SECURITIES. The Notes are being issued by the Company pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 6 of the Certificate of Designations of preferred stock of Range Resources Corporation to be designated \$2.03 Convertible Exchangeable Preferred Stock, Series D.

Notes issued to "qualified institutional buyers" (as defined in Rule 144A under the Securities Act ("Rule 144A")) whose interests in the \$2.03 Convertible Exchangeable Preferred Stock, Series D were represented by interests in a global certificate held by Person who is the Depositary, or, if different, The Depository Trust Company or similar institution, shall be issued initially in the form of one or more permanent global securities in definitive, fully registered form without interest coupons and with the Global Securities Legend and, unless removed in accordance with Section 2.6(g) hereof, the Restricted Securities Legend set forth in Exhibit A hereto (each, a "Global Security"), which shall be deposited on behalf of such qualified institutional buyers with the Trustee, at its New York, New York office, as custodian for the

Depositary, and registered in the name of the Depositary or a nominee of the Depositary, duly executed by the Company and authenticated by the Trustee as hereinafter provided. The aggregate principal amount of the Global Securities may from time to time be increased or decreased by adjustments made on the records of the Trustee and the Depositary or its nominee as hereinafter provided.

(b) BOOK-ENTRY PROVISIONS. This Section 2.1(b) shall apply only to any Global Security deposited with or on behalf of the Depositary.

The Company shall execute and the Trustee shall, in accordance with this Section 2.1(b), authenticate and deliver initially one or more Global Securities that (i) shall be registered in the name of the Depositary for such Global Security or Global Securities or the nominee of the Depositary and (ii) shall be delivered by the Trustee to the Depositary or pursuant to the Depositary's instructions or held by the Trustee as custodian for the Depositary.

Members of, or participants in, the Depositary ("Agent Members") shall have no rights under this Indenture with respect to any Global Security held on their behalf by the Depositary or by the Trustee as the custodian of the Depositary or under such Global Security, and the Depositary may be treated by the Company, the Trustee and any agent of the Company or the Trustee as the absolute owner of such Global Security for all purposes whatsoever.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing herein shall prevent the Company, the Trustee or any agent of the Company or the Trustee from giving effect to any written certification, proxy or other authorization furnished by the Depositary or impair, as between the Depositary and its Agent Members, the operation of customary practices of the Depositary governing the exercise of the rights of a holder of a beneficial interest in any Global Security.

(c) CERTIFICATED SECURITIES. Except as provided in Section 2.10, owners of beneficial interests in Global Securities will not be entitled to receive physical delivery of certificated Notes. Notes issued to Persons who are not "qualified institutional buyers" shall be issued certificated Notes in definitive, fully registered form without interest coupons, with the Restricted Securities Legend and, if such Person is an institutional "accredited investor" (as defined in Rule 501(a)(1), (2), (3) or (7) under the Securities Act), the Institutional Accredited Investor Legend, but without the Schedule of Exchanges of Global Security for Definitive Securities, set forth in Exhibit A hereto ("Definitive Securities"); provided, however, that upon transfer of such Definitive Securities to a "qualified institutional buyer," such Definitive Securities will, unless the Global Security has previously been exchanged, be exchanged for an interest in a Global Security pursuant to the provisions of Section 2.6 hereof.

After a transfer of any Notes during the period of the effectiveness of a registration statement under the Securities Act with respect to the Notes, all requirements pertaining to legends on such Notes will cease to apply, the requirements requiring any such Notes issued to certain Holders be issued in global form will cease to apply, and a certificated Note without legends will be available to the transferee of the Holder of such Notes upon exchange of such transferring Holder's certificated Notes or directions to transfer such Holder's interest in the Global Security, as applicable.

SECTION 2.2 EXECUTION AND AUTHENTICATION.

Two Officers shall sign the Notes for the Company by manual or facsimile signature. The Company's seal shall be reproduced on the Notes and may be in facsimile form.

If an Officer whose signature is on a Note no longer holds that office at the time such Note is authenticated, such Note shall nevertheless be valid.

A Note shall not be valid until authenticated by the manual signature of the Trustee. The signature shall be conclusive evidence that the Note has been authenticated under this Indenture.

The Trustee shall authenticate Notes for original issue up to the aggregate principal amount stated in Paragraph 4 of the Notes, upon a written order of the Company signed by an Officer to a Trust Officer directing the Trustee to authenticate the Notes and certifying that all conditions precedent to the issuance of the Notes contained herein have been complied with. The aggregate principal amount of Notes outstanding at any time may not exceed such amount, except as provided in Section 2.7 hereof.

The Trustee may appoint an authenticating agent reasonably acceptable to and at the expense of the Company to authenticate Notes. Unless limited by the terms of such appointment, an authenticating agent may authenticate Notes whenever the Trustee may do so. Each reference in this Indenture to authentication by the Trustee includes authentication by such agent. An authenticating agent has the same rights as an Agent to deal with the Company.

SECTION 2.3 REGISTRAR AND PAYING AGENT.

The Company shall maintain an office or agency where Notes may be presented for registration of transfer or for exchange (the "Registrar") and an office or agency where Notes may be presented for payment (the "Paying Agent"). The Registrar shall keep a register of the Notes (the "Register") and of their transfer and exchange. The Company may appoint one or more co-registrars and one or more additional paying agents. The term "Registrar" includes any co-registrar and the term "Paying Agent" includes any additional paying agent. The Company may change any Paying Agent or Registrar without notice to any Holder. The Company shall notify the Trustee in writing of the name and address of any Agent not a party to this Indenture. The Company of its Subsidiaries may act as Paying Agent or Registrar. If the Company fails to appoint or maintain itself or another entity as Registrar or Paying Agent, the Trustee shall act as such.

The Company shall enter into an appropriate agency agreement with any Registrar, Paying Agent or co-registrar not a party to this Indenture, which shall incorporate the terms of the TIA. The agreement shall implement the provisions of this Indenture that relate to such agent. The Company shall notify the Trustee of the name and address of any such agent. If the Company fails to maintain a Registrar or Paying Agent, the Trustee shall act as such and shall be entitled to appropriate compensation therefor pursuant to Section 7.7. The Company or any of its wholly owned Subsidiaries may act as Paying Agent, Registrar, co-registrar or transfer agent.

The Company initially appoints The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") to act as Depositary with respect to the Global Security.

The Company initially appoints the Trustee to act as Registrar and Paying Agent with respect to the Global Security.

SECTION 2.4 PAYING AGENT TO HOLD MONEY IN TRUST.

The Company shall require each Paying Agent (other than the Trustee) to agree in writing that the Paying Agent will hold in trust for the benefit of Holders or the Trustee all money held by the Paying Agent for the payment of principal or interest on the Notes, and will notify the Trustee of any default by the Company in making any such payment. While any such default continues, the Trustee may require a Paying Agent to pay all money held by it to the Trustee and account for any money disbursed by it. The Company at any time may require a Paying Agent to pay all money held by it to the Trustee and account for any money disbursed by it. Upon payment over to the Trustee, the Paying Agent (if other than the Company or a Subsidiary of the Company) shall have no further liability for the money delivered to the Trustee. If the Company or a Subsidiary of the Company acts as Paying Agent, it shall segregate and hold in a separate trust fund for the benefit of the Holders all money held by it as Paying Agent. Upon any bankruptcy or reorganization proceedings relating to the Company, the Trustee shall serve as Paying Agent for the Notes.

SECTION 2.5 HOLDER LISTS.

The Trustee shall preserve in as current a form as is reasonably practicable the most recent list available to it of the names and addresses of Holders and shall otherwise comply with TIA Section 312(a). If the Trustee is not the Registrar, the Company shall furnish to the Trustee at least three Business Days before each Interest Payment Date and, at such other times as the Trustee may request in writing, within five Business Days after such request a list in such form and as of such date as the Trustee may reasonably require, and which the Trustee may conclusively rely upon, of the names and addresses of Holders, and the Company shall otherwise comply with TIA Section 312(a).

SECTION 2.6 TRANSFER AND EXCHANGE.

- (a) TRANSFER AND EXCHANGE OF DEFINITIVE SECURITIES. When Definitive Securities are presented to the Registrar with the request:
 - (x) to register the transfer of the Definitive Securities; or
 - (y) to exchange such Definitive Securities for an equal principal amount of Definitive Securities of other authorized denominations,

the Registrar shall register the transfer or make the exchange as requested if its requirements for such transactions are met; provided, however, that the Definitive Securities presented or surrendered for register of transfer or exchange:

- (i) shall be duly endorsed or accompanied by a written instruction of transfer in form and substance satisfactory to the Registrar duly executed by the Holder thereof or by his or her attorney, duly authorized in writing; and
- (ii) in the case of Transfer Restricted Securities that are Definitive Securities, shall be accompanied by the following additional information and documents, as applicable:
 - (A) if such Transfer Restricted Security is being delivered to the Registrar by a Holder for registration in the name of such Holder, without transfer, a certification from such Holder to that effect (in the form set forth on the reverse of the Notes); or
 - (B) if such Transfer Restricted Security is being transferred to the Company or a "qualified institutional buyer" (as defined in Rule 144A) in accordance with Rule 144A, a certification to that effect (in the form set forth on the reverse of the Notes); or
 - (C) if such Transfer Restricted Securities are being transferred (w) pursuant to an exemption from registration in accordance with Rule 144 or Regulation S under the Securities Act; or (x) to an institutional "accredited investor" within the meaning of Rule 501(a)(1), (2), (3) or (7) under the Securities Act that is acquiring the security for its own account, or for the account of such an institutional accredited investor, in each case in a minimum principal amount of Notes of \$250,000 for investment purposes and not with a view to, or for offer or sale in connection with, any distribution in violation of the Act; or (y) in reliance on another from the registration requirements of the Securities Act: (i) a certification to that effect (in the form set forth on the reverse of the Notes), (ii) if the Company, Trustee or Registrar so requests, an Opinion of Counsel reasonably acceptable to the Company, Trustee and Registrar to the effect that such transfer is in compliance with the Securities Act and (iii) in the case of clause (x), a signed letter in substantially the form of Exhibit B hereto.
- (b) RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFER OF A DEFINITIVE SECURITY FOR A BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN A GLOBAL SECURITY. A Definitive Security may not be exchanged for a beneficial interest in a Global Security except upon satisfaction of the requirements set forth below. Upon receipt by the Trustee of a Definitive Security, duly endorsed or accompanied by appropriate instruments of transfer, in form satisfactory to the Trustee, together with:
 - (i) if such Definitive Security is a Transfer Restricted Security, certification, substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto, that such Definitive Security is

being transferred to a "qualified institutional buyer" (as defined in Rule 144A) in accordance with Rule 144A; and

(ii) whether or not such Definitive Security is a Transfer Restricted Security, written instructions directing the Trustee to make, or to direct the Notes Custodian to make, an endorsement on the Global Security to reflect an increase in the aggregate principal amount of the Notes represented by the Global Security,

then the Trustee shall cancel such Definitive Security in accordance with Section 2.11 hereof and cause, or direct the Notes Custodian to cause, in accordance with the standing instructions and procedures existing between the Depositary and the Notes Custodian, the aggregate principal amount of Notes represented by the Global Security to be increased accordingly. If no Global Security is then outstanding, the Company shall issue and the Trustee shall authenticate a new Global Security in the appropriate principal amount.

- (c) TRANSFER AND EXCHANGE OF GLOBAL SECURITY. The transfer and exchange of a Global Security or beneficial interests therein shall be effected through the Depositary in accordance with this Indenture (including the restrictions on transfer set forth herein) and the procedures of the Depositary therefor.
- (d) TRANSFER OF A BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN A GLOBAL SECURITY FOR A DEFINITIVE SECURITY.
 - (i) Any Person having a beneficial interest in a Global Security that is being exchanged or transferred pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act or pursuant to clause (A), (B) or (C) below may upon request, and if accompanied by the information specified below, exchange such beneficial interest for a Definitive Security of the same aggregate principal amount. Upon receipt by the Trustee of written instructions or such other form of instructions as is customary for the Depositary, from the Depositary, or its nominee on behalf of any Person having a beneficial interest in a Global Security, and upon receipt by the Trustee of a written order or such other form of instructions, and, in the case of a Transfer Restricted Security only, the following additional information and documents (all of which may be submitted by facsimile):
 - (A) if such beneficial interest is being transferred to the Person designated by the Depositary as being the beneficial owner, a certification from such Person to that effect (in the form set forth on the reverse of the Notes) or
 - (B) if such beneficial interest is being transferred to a "qualified institutional buyer" (as defined in Rule 144A) in accordance with Rule 144A, a certification to that effect from the transferor (in the form set forth on the reverse of the Notes); or

(C) if such beneficial interest is being transferred (w) pursuant to an exemption from registration in accordance with Rule 144 or Regulation S under the Securities Act; or (x) to an institutional "accredited investor" within the meaning of Rule 501 (a)(1), (2), (3) or (7) under the Securities Act that is acquiring the security for its own account, or for the account of such an institutional accredited investor, in each case in a minimum principal amount of Notes of \$250,000 for investment purposes and not with a view to, or for offer or sale in connection with, any distribution in violation of the Notes; or (y) in reliance on another exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act: (i) a certification to that effect from the transferee or transferor (in the form set forth on the reverse of the Notes), (ii) if the Company, Trustee or Registrar so requests, an Opinion of Counsel from the transferee or transferor reasonably acceptable to the Company and to the Registrar to the effect that such transfer is in compliance with the Securities Act, and (iii) in the case of clause (x), a signed letter in substantially the form of Exhibit B hereto.

then the Trustee or the Notes Custodian, at the direction of the Trustee, will cause, in accordance with the standing instructions and procedures existing between the Depositary and the Notes Custodian, the aggregate principal amount of the Global Security to be reduced on its books and records and, following such reduction, the Company will execute and, upon receipt of an authentication order in the form of an Officers' Certificate in accordance with Section 2.2 hereof, the Trustee will authenticate and deliver to the transferee a Definitive Security in the appropriate principal amount.

- (ii) Definitive Notes issued in exchange for a beneficial interest in a Global Security pursuant to this Section 2.6(d) shall be registered in such names and in such authorized denominations as the Depositary, pursuant to instructions from the Agent Members or otherwise, shall instruct the Trustee. The Trustee shall deliver such Definitive Securities to the Persons in whose names such Notes are so registered.
- (e) RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFER AND EXCHANGE OF GLOBAL SECURITY. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Indenture (other than the provisions set forth in Section 2.6(f)), a Global Security may not be transferred as a whole or in part except by the Depositary to a nominee of the Depositary or by a nominee of the Depositary to the Depositary or another nominee of the Depositary or by the Depositary or any such nominee to a successor Depositary or a nominee of such successor Depositary.
- (f) AUTHENTICATION OF DEFINITIVE SECURITIES IN ABSENCE OF DEPOSITARY. If at any time:
 - (i) the Depositary notifies the Company that the Depositary is unwilling or unable to continue as Depositary for the Global Securities and a successor Depositary for the Global Securities is not appointed by the Company within 90 days after delivery of such notice; or

(ii) the Company, at its sole discretion, notifies the Trustee in writing that it elects to cause the issuance of Definitive Securities under this Indenture,

then the Company will execute, and the Trustee, upon receipt of an Officers' Certificate, in accordance with Section 2.2 hereof, requesting the authentication and delivery of Definitive Securities, will authenticate and deliver Definitive Securities, in an aggregate principal amount equal to the principal amount of the Global Securities, in exchange for such Global Securities.

(g) LEGENDS.

(i) Except as permitted by the following paragraph (ii), each Note certificate evidencing the Global Securities and the Definitive Securities (and all Notes issued in exchange therefor or in substitution thereof) shall bear a legend in substantially the following form:

"THIS NOTE (OR ITS PREDECESSOR) HAS NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT"), OR ANY STATE SECURITIES LAWS.
NEITHER THIS NOTE NOR ANY INTEREST OR PARTICIPATION HEREIN MAY BE OFFERED, SOLD, PLEDGED, HYPOTHECATED OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED, IN THE ABSENCE OF SUCH REGISTRATION OR UNLESS SUCH TRANSACTION IS EXEMPT FROM, OR NOT SUBJECT TO, REGISTRATION. EACH PURCHASER OF THIS NOTE IS HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT THE SELLER OF THIS NOTE MAY BE RELYING ON THE EXEMPTION FROM THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 5 OF THE SECURITIES ACT PROVIDED BY RULE 144A THEREUNDER. "THE HOLDER OF THIS NOTE AGREES FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE COMPANY THAT (A) THIS NOTE MAY BE OFFERED, RESOLD, PLEDGED OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED, ONLY (I) TO A PERSON WHOM THE SELLER REASONABLY BELIEVES IS A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER (AS DEFINED IN RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) IN A TRANSACTION MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF RULE 144A, (II) IN AN OFFSHORE TRANSACTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, (III) PURSUANT TO AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, (IV) TO THE COMPANY OR (V) PURSUANT TO ANY OTHER AVAILABLE EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT, IN EACH OF CASES (I) THROUGH (V) IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANY APPLICABLE FEDERAL OR STATE SECURITIES LAWS AND (B) THE HOLDER WILL, AND EACH SUBSEQUENT HOLDER IS REQUIRED TO, NOTIFY ANY PURCHASER OF THIS NOTE FROM IT OF THE RESALE RESTRICTIONS REFERRED TO IN (A) ABOVE.'

(ii) Upon any sale or transfer of a Transfer Restricted Security (including any Transfer Restricted Security represented by a Global Security) pursuant to Rule 144 under the Securities Act or an effective registration statement under the Securities Act:

- (A) in the case of any Transfer Restricted Security that is a Definitive Security, the Registrar shall permit the Holder thereof to exchange such Transfer Restricted Security for a Definitive Security that does not bear the legends set forth above and rescind any restriction on the transfer of such Transfer Restricted Security; and
- (B) any such Transfer Restricted Security represented by a Global Security shall not be subject to the provisions set forth in (i) above (such sales or transfers being subject only to the provisions of Section 2.6(e)); provided, however, that with respect to any request for an exchange of a Transfer Restricted Security that is represented by a Global Security for a Definitive Security that does not bear a legend, which request is made in reliance upon Rule 144 under the Securities Act, the Holder thereof shall certify in writing to the Registrar that such request is being made pursuant to Rule 144 under the Securities Act (such certification to be in the form set forth on the reverse of the Notes).
- (h) CANCELLATION AND/OR ADJUSTMENT OF GLOBAL SECURITY. At such time as all beneficial interests in a Global Security have either been exchanged for Definitive Securities, redeemed, repurchased or cancelled, such Global Security shall be returned to or retained and cancelled by the Trustee in accordance with Section 2.11. At any time prior to such cancellation, if any beneficial interest in a Global Security is exchanged for Definitive Securities, redeemed, repurchased or cancelled, the principal amount of Notes represented by such Global Security shall be reduced accordingly and an endorsement shall be made on such Global Security, by the Trustee or the Notes Custodian, at the direction of the Trustee, to reflect such reduction.
- (i) OBLIGATIONS WITH RESPECT TO TRANSFERS AND EXCHANGES OF DEFINITIVE SECURITIES.
 - (i) To permit registrations of transfers and exchanges, the Company shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate Definitive Securities and a Global Security at the Registrar's request.
 - (ii) No service charge shall be made for any registration of transfer or exchange, but the Company may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any transfer tax, assessments or similar governmental charge payable in connection therewith.
 - (iii) The Registrar or co-registrar shall not be required to register the transfer of or exchange of (a) any Definitive Security selected for redemption in whole or in part pursuant to Article 3, except the unredeemed portion of any Definitive Security being redeemed in part, or (b) any Note during the 15 day period preceding the mailing of a notice of redemption or an offer to repurchase or redeem Notes or the 15 day period preceding an Interest Payment Date.

- (iv) Prior to the due presentation for registration of transfer of any Note, the Company, the Trustee, the Paying Agent, the Registrar or any co-registrar may deem and treat the Person in whose name a Note is registered as the absolute owner of such Note for the purpose of receiving payment of principal of and interest on such Note and for all other purposes whatsoever, whether or not such Note is overdue, and none of the Company, the Trustee, the Paying Agent, the Registrar or any co-registrar shall be affected by notice to the contrary.
- (v) All Notes issued upon any transfer or exchange pursuant to the terms of this Indenture shall evidence the same debt and shall be entitled to the same benefits under this Indenture as the Notes surrendered upon such transfer or exchange.

(j) NO OBLIGATION OF THE TRUSTEE.

- (i) The Trustee shall have no responsibility or obligation to any beneficial owner of a Global Security, a member of, or a participant in the Depositary or other Person with respect to the accuracy of the records of the Depositary or its nominee or of any participant or member thereof, with respect to any ownership interest in the Notes or with respect to the delivery to any participant, member, beneficial owner or other Person (other than the Depositary) or any notice (including any notice of redemption) or the payment of any amount, under or with respect to such Notes. All notices and communications to be given to the Holders and all payments to be made to Holders under the Notes shall be given or made only to or upon the order of the registered Holders (which shall be the Depositary or its nominee in the case of a Global Security). The rights of beneficial owners in any Global Security shall be exercised only through the Depositary subject to the applicable rules and procedures of the Depositary. The Trustee may rely and shall be fully protected in relying upon information furnished by the Depositary with respect to its members, participants and any beneficial owners.
- (ii) The Trustee shall have no obligation or duty to monitor, determine or inquire as to compliance with any restrictions on transfer imposed under this Indenture or under applicable law with respect to any transfer of any interest in any Note (including any transfers between or among the Agent Members or beneficial owners in any Global Security) other than to require delivery of such certificates and other documentation or evidence as are expressly required by, and to do so if and when expressly required by, the terms of this Indenture, and to examine the same to determine substantial compliance as to form with the express requirements hereof.

SECTION 2.7 REPLACEMENT NOTES.

If any mutilated Note is surrendered to the Trustee, the Registrar or Notes Custodian, or if the Holder of a Note claims that such Note has been lost, destroyed or wrongfully taken, the Company shall issue and the Trustee, upon the written order of the Company signed by an

Officer, shall authenticate a replacement Note if the Trustee's requirements are met. If required by the Trustee or the Company, an indemnity bond shall be supplied by the Holder that is sufficient in the judgment of the Trustee and the Company to protect the Company, the Trustee, any Agent and any authenticating agent from any loss which any of them may suffer if a Note is replaced. The Company may charge the Holder for its expenses in replacing a Note.

Every replacement Note is an additional obligation of the Company and shall be entitled to all benefits of this Indenture equally and proportionately with all other Notes duly issued hereunder.

SECTION 2.8 OUTSTANDING NOTES.

The Notes outstanding at any time are all the Notes authenticated by the Trustee except for those cancelled by it, those delivered to it for cancellation, those reductions in the interest in a Global Security effected by the Trustee hereunder, and those described in this Section 2.8 as not outstanding. Except as set forth in Section 2.9 hereof, a Note does not cease to be outstanding because the Company or an Affiliate holds the Note.

If a Note is replaced pursuant to Section 2.7 hereof, it ceases to be outstanding unless the Trustee receives proof satisfactory to it that the replaced Note is held by a bona fide purchaser. If the principal amount of any Note is considered paid under Section 4.1 hereof, it ceases to be outstanding and interest on it ceases to accrue.

If the Paying Agent (other than the Company, a Subsidiary of the Company or an Affiliate of any thereof) segregates and holds interest, in accordance with this Indenture, on a redemption date or maturity date money sufficient to pay Notes payable on that date, and is not prohibited from paying such money to the Holders thereof pursuant to the terms of this Indenture, then on and after that date such Notes shall be deemed to be no longer outstanding and shall cease to accrue interest.

SECTION 2.9 TREASURY NOTES.

In determining whether the Holders of the required principal amount of Notes have concurred in any direction, waiver or consent, Notes owned by the Company, or by any Affiliate of the Company shall be considered as though not outstanding, except that for the purposes of determining whether the Trustee shall be protected in relying on any such direction, waiver or consent, only Notes as to which a Trust Officer of the Trustee knows are so owned shall be so disregarded.

SECTION 2.10 TEMPORARY SECURITIES.

(a) Until Definitive Securities are ready for delivery, the Company may prepare and the Trustee shall authenticate temporary Notes upon a written order of the Company signed by an Officer and delivered or cause to be delivered to a Trust Officer. Temporary Notes shall be substantially in the form of Definitive Securities but may have variations that the Company considers appropriate for temporary Notes. Without unreasonable delay, the Company shall

prepare and the Trustee shall authenticate, upon receipt of a written order of the Company signed by two Officers which shall specify the amount of the temporary Notes to be authenticated and the date on which the temporary Notes are to be authenticated, Definitive Securities in exchange for temporary Notes.

- (b) A Global Security deposited with the Depositary or with the Trustee as custodian for the Depositary pursuant to Section 2.1 shall be transferred to the beneficial owners thereof only if such transfer complies with Section 2.6 and (i) the Depositary notifies the Company that it is unwilling or unable to continue as Depositary for such Global Security or if at any time such Depositary ceases to be a "clearing agency" registered under the Exchange Act and a successor depositary is not appointed by the Company within 90 days after such notice or (ii) an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing.
- (c) Any Global Security that is transferable to the beneficial owners thereof pursuant to this Section 2.10 shall be surrendered by the Depositary to the Trustee located in New York, New York, to be so transferred, in whole or from time to time in part, without charge, and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, upon such transfer of each portion of such Global Security, an equal aggregate principal amount of Initial Notes of authorized denominations. Any portion of a Global Security transferred pursuant to this Section shall be executed, authenticated and delivered only in denominations of \$1,000 and any integral multiple thereof and registered in such names as the Depository shall direct. Any Note delivered in exchange for an interest in the Global Security shall, except as otherwise provided by Section 2.6(b) bear the restricted securities legend set forth in Exhibit A hereto.
- (d) Subject to the provisions of Section 2.10(c), the registered Holder of a Global Security may grant proxies and otherwise authorize any Person, including Agent Members and Persons that may hold interests through Agent Members, to take any action which a Holder is entitled to take under this Indenture or the Notes.
- (e) In the event of the occurrence of either of the events specified in Section 2.10(b), the Company will promptly make available to the Trustee, at the Company's expense, a reasonable supply of certificated Notes in definitive, fully registered form without interest coupons.

SECTION 2.11 CANCELLATION.

The Company at any time may deliver Notes to the Trustee for cancellation. The Registrar and Paying Agent shall forward to the Trustee any Notes surrendered to them for registration of transfer, exchange or payment. The Trustee and no one else shall cancel all Notes surrendered for registration of transfer, exchange, payment, replacement or cancellation and certification of their destruction (subject to the record retention requirements of the Exchange Act) shall be delivered to the Company unless, by a written order, signed by an Officer, the Company shall direct that cancelled Notes be returned to it. The Company may not issue new Notes to replace Notes that it has paid or that have been delivered to the Trustee for cancellation.

SECTION 2.12 DEFAULTED INTEREST.

If the Company defaults in a payment of interest on the Notes, the Company shall pay defaulted interest (plus interest on such defaulted interest to the extent lawful) in any lawful manner. The Company shall pay the defaulted interest to the Persons who are Holders on a subsequent special record date. The Company shall fix or cause to be fixed (or upon the Company's failure to do so the Trustee shall fix) any such special record date and payment date to the reasonable satisfaction of the Trustee, which specified record date shall not be less than 10 days prior to the payment date for such defaulted interest, and shall promptly mail or cause to be mailed to each Holder a notice that states the special record date, the payment date and the amount of defaulted interest to be paid. The Company shall notify the Trustee in writing of the amount of defaulted interest proposed to be paid and the date of the proposed payment, and at the same time the Company shall deposit with the Trustee an amount of money equal to the aggregate amount proposed to be paid in respect of such defaulted interest or shall make arrangements satisfactory to the Trustee for such deposit prior to the date of the proposed payment such money when deposited to be held in trust for the benefit of the Person entitled to such defaulted interest as in this subsection provided.

SECTION 2.13 DEPOSIT OF MONEYS.

Prior to 10:00 a.m. New York City time on each Interest Payment Date and the maturity date, the Company shall have deposited with the Paying Agent in immediately available funds money sufficient to make cash payments, if any, due on such Interest Payment Date or maturity date, as the case may be, in a timely manner which permits the Paying Agent to remit payment to the Holders on such Interest Payment Date or maturity date, as the case may be.

ARTICLE 3 REDEMPTION

SECTION 3.1 NOTICES TO TRUSTEE.

If the Company elects to redeem Notes pursuant to the optional redemption provisions of paragraph 5 of the Notes, it shall notify the Trustee of the redemption date, the principal amount of Notes to be redeemed and the redemption price at least 15 days prior to mailing any notice of redemption to the Holders (unless the Trustee consents to a shorter period). Such notice shall be accompanied by an Officers' Certificate from the Company to the effect that such redemption will comply with the conditions herein.

The Company shall give notice to the Holders of any redemption pursuant to this Article 3 at least 30 days but not more than 60 days before the redemption date. If fewer than all the Notes are to be redeemed, the record date relating to such redemption shall be selected by the Company and given to the Trustee, which record date shall be not less than 15 days after the date of notice to the Trustee.

SECTION 3.2 SELECTION OF NOTES TO BE REDEEMED.

If less than all the Notes are to be redeemed, the Trustee shall select the Notes to be redeemed in compliance with the requirements of the principal national securities exchange, if any, on which the Notes are quoted or listed or, if the Notes are not listed, on a pro rata basis, by lot or by such other method that complies with applicable legal requirements and that the Trustee considers fair and appropriate. The Trustee shall make the selection not more than 60 days and not less than 30 days before the redemption date from Notes outstanding and not previously called for redemption. The Trustee may select for redemption portions of the principal amount of Notes that have denominations larger than \$1,000. Notes and portions of them it selects shall be in amounts of \$1,000 or integral multiples of \$1,000. Provisions of this Indenture that apply to Notes called for redemption also apply to portions of Notes called for redemption. The Trustee shall notify the Company promptly of the Notes or portions of Notes to be called for redemption.

SECTION 3.3 NOTICE OF REDEMPTION.

At least 30 days but not more than 60 days before a redemption date, the Company shall mail a notice of redemption by first class mail to each Holder whose Notes are to be redeemed.

The notice shall identify the Notes to be redeemed and shall state:

- (a) the redemption date;
- (b) the redemption price;
- (c) if any Note is being redeemed in part, the portion of the principal amount of such Note to be redeemed and that, after the redemption date, upon surrender of such Note, a new Note or Notes in principal amount equal to the unredeemed portion will be issued;
 - (d) the Conversion Price (as defined in the Note);
 - (e) the name and address of the Paying Agent and Conversion Agent;
- (f) that Notes called for redemption may be converted at any time before the close of business on the redemption date, in accordance with Article 10;
- (g) that Holders who want to convert Notes must satisfy the requirements in paragraph 8 of the Notes;
- (h) that unless the Company defaults in making such redemption payment or the Paying Agent is prohibited from making such payment pursuant to the terms of this Indenture, Notes called for redemption must be surrendered to the Paying Agent to collect the redemption price; and

(i) that interest on Notes called for redemption ceases to accrue on and after the redemption date.

At the Company's request, the Trustee shall give notice of redemption in the Company's name and at its expense. In such event, the Company shall provide the Trustee with the information required by this Section 3.3.

SECTION 3.4 EFFECT OF NOTICE OF REDEMPTION.

Notice of redemption shall be deemed to be given when mailed to each Holder at its last registered address, whether or not the Holder receives such notice. Once notice of redemption is mailed, Notes called for redemption become due and payable on the redemption date at the redemption price set forth in the Notes. A notice of redemption may not be conditional. Upon surrender to the Trustee or Paying Agent, such Notes called for redemption shall be paid at the redemption price, plus accrued but unpaid interest thereon to the redemption date. If the redemption date is after an Interest Payment Date but prior to the next succeeding Regular Record Date, interest with respect to any Note converted after delivery of the related notice of redemption shall be paid to the Holder so converting for the period from the last Interest Payment Date to the date of such conversion. If the redemption date is after a Regular Record Date and on or prior to the related Interest Payment Date, the accrued interest shall be payable to Holders of record on such Regular Record Date.

SECTION 3.5 DEPOSIT OF REDEMPTION PRICE.

On or before 10:00 a.m. New York City time on any redemption date, the Company shall deposit with the Trustee or with the Paying Agent available funds sufficient to pay the redemption price of and accrued interest (if payable under the Notes) on all Notes to be redeemed on that date other than Notes or portions of Notes called for redemption which prior thereto have been delivered by the Company to the Trustee for cancellation or have been converted. The Trustee or the Paying Agent shall return to the Company any money not required for that purpose.

SECTION 3.6 NOTES REDEEMED IN PART.

Upon surrender of a Note that is redeemed in part, the Company shall issue and the Trustee shall authenticate for the Holder at the expense of the Company a new Note equal in principal amount to the unredeemed portion of the Note surrendered.

ARTICLE 4
COVENANTS

SECTION 4.1 PAYMENT OF NOTES.

The Company shall pay the principal of and interest on the Notes on the dates and in the manner provided in the Notes or pursuant to this Indenture. Principal and interest shall be considered paid on the date due if the Paying Agent (other than the Company or a Subsidiary of

the Company) on that date holds money in accordance with this Indenture designated for and sufficient to pay in cash all principal and interest then due and the Paying Agent is not prohibited from paying such money to Holders on that date pursuant to the terms of this Indenture.

To the extent lawful, the Company shall pay interest (including post-petition interest in any proceeding under any Bankruptcy Law) on (i) overdue principal at the rate borne by the Notes and (ii) overdue installments of interest at the same rate.

SECTION 4.2 STAY EXTENSION AND USURY LAWS.

The Company covenants (to the extent that it may lawfully do so) that it will not at any time insist upon, plead, or in any manner whatsoever claim or take the benefit or advantage of, any stay, extension or usury law wherever enacted, now or at any time hereafter in force, which may affect the covenants or the performance of this Indenture; and the Company (to the extent it may lawfully do so) hereby expressly waives all benefit or advantage of any such law, and covenants that it will not, by resort to any such law, hinder, delay or impede the execution of any power herein granted to the Trustee, but will suffer and permit the execution of every such power as though no such law has been enacted.

SECTION 4.3 CONTINUED EXISTENCE.

Subject to Article 5 hereof, the Company will do or cause to be done all things necessary to preserve and keep in full force and effect its existence as a corporation and will refrain from taking any action that would cause its existence as a corporation to cease, including without limitation any action that would result in its liquidation, winding up or dissolution.

SECTION 4.4 SEC REPORTS.

The Company shall file with the SEC annual reports and information, documents and other reports which the Company is required to file with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act. Within 15 days after each such filing, the Company shall deliver copies of the materials so filed to the Trustee and the Holders (at their addresses as set forth in the Register) or cause the Trustee to deliver copies of such materials to the Holders at the Company's expense. If at any time the Company ceases to be required to file information, documents and other reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the Company shall continue to prepare all such information, documents and other reports it would be required to prepare and file with the Commission if it were so required to file with the Commission, in each case within the filing periods required by such Sections 13 or 15(d), and the Company shall deliver copies of such materials to the Trustee and the Holders (at their addresses as set forth in the Register) or cause the Trustee to deliver copies of such materials to the Holders at the Company's expense. The Company also shall comply with the other provisions of TIA Section 314(a). The Company shall timely comply with its reporting and filing obligations under the applicable federal securities laws.

SECTION 4.5 LIMITATION ON RESTRICTED PAYMENTS.

The Company shall not, and shall not permit any of its Subsidiaries to, directly or indirectly, declare or pay any distribution or dividend on or in respect of any class of its Capital Stock (except dividends or distributions payable by wholly owned Subsidiaries of the Company and dividends or distributions payable in Qualified Stock of the Company or in options, warrants or other rights to purchase Qualified Stock of the Company) (a "Restricted Payment"); unless (a) at the time of and after giving effect to a proposed Restricted Payment no Event of Default (and no event that, after notice or lapse of time, or both, would become an Event of Default) shall have occurred and be continuing and (b) such Restricted Payment is made in cash and in an amount that, together with the sum of the aggregate of all other Restricted Payments made by the Company and its Subsidiaries after the date of this Indenture plus the aggregate amount of all dividends paid with respect to the Company's preferred stock after the date of the Indenture, does not exceed the cumulative retained earnings of the Company arising from and after the date of this Indenture. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company will be permitted to pay dividends on preferred stock of the Company outstanding on the date of the Indenture in an amount not greater than that specifically provided for in the Company's certificate of incorporation or the related certificate of designations.

Not later than the date of making any Restricted Payment, the Company shall deliver to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate stating that such Restricted Payment is permitted and setting forth the basis upon which the calculations required by this Section 4.6 were computed, which calculations may be based upon the Company's latest available financial statements.

SECTION 4.6 TAXES.

The Company shall, and shall cause each of its Subsidiaries to, pay or discharge prior to delinquency all taxes, assessments and governmental levies, except as contested in good faith and by appropriate proceedings.

SECTION 4.7 CHANGE OF CONTROL.

- (a) In the event of a Change of Control, the time of such Change of Control being referred to as the "Change of Control Date," then the Company shall give written notice (the "Change of Control Notice") to the Holders in writing of such occurrence and shall make an offer to purchase (as the same may be extended in accordance with applicable law, the "Change of Control Offer") all then outstanding Notes at a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon to the Change of Control Payment Date, if any. The Change of Control Offer shall be mailed by the Company not more than 30 days following any Change of Control Date, unless the Company has previously mailed a notice of optional redemption by the Company of all of the Notes, to each Holder at such Holder's last address on the Note Register by first class mail with a copy to the Trustee and the Paying Agent and shall set forth:
 - (i) that a Change of Control has occurred and that the Company is offering to repurchase all of such Holder's Notes;

- (ii) the circumstances and relevant facts regarding such Change of Control (including, but not limited to, information with respect to pro forma income, cash flow and capitalization of the Company after giving effect to such Change of Control);
- (iii) the repurchase price (the "Change of Control Payment");
- (iv) the expiration date of the Change of Control Offer, which shall be no earlier than 30 days nor later than 60 days from the date such notice is mailed;
- (v) the date such purchase shall be effected, which shall be no later than 30 days after expiration date of the Change of Control Offer (the "Change of Control Payment Date");
- (vi) that any Notes not accepted for payment pursuant to the Change
 of Control Offer shall continue to accrue interest;
- (vii) that, unless the Company defaults in the payment of the Change of Control Payment, all Notes accepted for payment pursuant to the Change of Control Offer shall cease to accrue interest after the Change of Control Payment Date;
- (viii) the Conversion Price;
- (ix) the name and address of the Paying Agent and Conversion Agent;
- (x) that Notes must be surrendered to the Paying Agent to collect the repurchase price; and
- (xi) any other information required by applicable law to be included therein and any other procedures that a Holder must follow in order to have such Notes repurchased.
- (b) The Change of Control Offer shall remain open until the close of business on the last day of the Change of Control Offer. If the Change of Control Payment Date is on or after a Regular Record Date and on or before the related Interest Payment Date, accrued interest through such Interest Payment Date will be paid to each Person in whose name a Note repurchased in the Change of Control Offer is registered at the close of business on such Regular Record Date, and no additional interest will be payable to Holders who tender Notes pursuant to the Change of Control Offer.
- (c) In the event that the Company is required to make a Change of Control Offer, the Company will comply with any applicable securities laws and regulations, including, to the extent applicable, Section 14(e), Rule 14e-1 and any other tender offer rules under the Exchange Act which may then be applicable in connection with any offer by the Company to purchase Notes at the option of the Holders thereof.

- (d) On the Change of Control Payment Date, the Company shall, to the extent lawful:
 - (i) accept for payment Notes or portions thereof tendered pursuant to the Change of Control Notice,
 - (ii) deposit with the Paying Agent in immediately available funds an amount equal to the Change of Control Payment in respect of all Notes or portions thereof so accepted, and
 - (iii) deliver or cause to be delivered to the Trustee the Notes so accepted together with an Officers' Certificate stating the Notes or portions thereof tendered to the Company.
- (e) The Paying Agent shall promptly mail to each Holder of Notes so accepted payment in an amount equal to the purchase price for the Notes, and the Trustee shall promptly authenticate and mail to each Holder a new Note equal in principal amount to any unpurchased portion of the Notes surrendered by such Holder, if any; provided, that each such new Note shall be in principal amount of \$1,000 or an integral multiple thereof. The Company shall publicly announce the results of any redemptions by Holders pursuant to this Section 4.9 on or as soon as practicable after the Change of Control Payment Date.

SECTION 4.8 LIMITATION ON STOCK SPLITS, CONSOLIDATIONS AND RECLASSIFICATIONS.

The Company shall not effect a stock split, consolidation or reclassification of any class of its Capital Stock unless (a) an equivalent stock split, consolidation or reclassification is simultaneously made with respect to each other class of Capital Stock of the Company and all securities exchangeable or exercisable for or convertible into any Capital Stock of the Company, and (b) after such stock split, consolidation or reclassification all of the relative voting, dividend and other rights and preferences of each class of Capital Stock of the Company are identical to those in effect immediately preceding such stock split, consolidation or reclassification.

SECTION 4.9 LIMITATION ON DIVIDEND RESTRICTIONS AFFECTING SUBSIDIARIES.

The Company shall not, and shall not permit any of its Subsidiaries to, create or otherwise cause or suffer to exist or become effective any encumbrance or restriction of any kind on the ability of any Subsidiary of the Company to (a) pay to the Company dividends or make to the Company any other distribution on its Capital Stock, (b) pay any Debt owed to the Company or any of the Company's Subsidiaries, (c) make loans or advances to the Company or any of the Company's Subsidiaries or (d) transfer any of its property or assets to the Company or any of the Company's Subsidiaries, other than such encumbrances or restrictions existing or created under or by reason of (i) applicable law, (ii) this Indenture, (iii) covenants or restrictions contained in any instrument governing Debt of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries existing on the date of this Indenture, (iv) customary provisions restricting subletting, assignment and transfer of any

lease governing a leasehold interest of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries or in any license or other agreement entered into in the ordinary course of business, (v) any agreement governing Debt of a Person acquired by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries in existence at the time of such acquisition (but not created in contemplation thereof), which encumbrances or restrictions are not applicable to any Person, or the property or assets of any Person, other than the Person, or the property or assets of the Person so acquired or (vi) any restriction with respect to a Subsidiary imposed pursuant to an agreement entered into in accordance with the terms of this Indenture for the sale or disposition of Capital Stock or property or assets of such Subsidiary, pending the closing of such sale or disposition.

SECTION 4.10 LIMITATION ON ADDITIONAL DEBT AFTER DEFAULT.

The Company shall not, and shall not permit any of its Subsidiaries to, incur any additional Debt (other than Permitted Debt) or Senior Indebtedness following the occurrence of an Event of Default unless such Event of Default (and all other Events of Default then pending) is cured or waived; provided, however, that the Company shall be permitted to incur up to \$5.0 million of Senior Indebtedness after the occurrence of an Event of Default notwithstanding that such Event of Default (or any other Event of Default) is then outstanding.

SECTION 4.11 COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE.

The Company shall deliver to the Trustee, within 120 days after the end of each fiscal year of the Company, an Officers' Certificate stating that a review of the activities of the Company and its Subsidiaries during the preceding fiscal year has been made under the supervision of the signing Officers with a view to determining whether the Company has kept, observed, performed and fulfilled its obligations under this Indenture, and further stating, as to each such Officer signing such certificate, that to the best of his or her knowledge the Company has kept, observed, performed and fulfilled each and every covenant contained in this Indenture and is not in default in the performance or observance of any of the terms, provisions and conditions hereof (or, if a Default or Events of Default shall have occurred, describing all such Defaults or Events of Default of which he or she may have knowledge and what action the Company is taking or proposes to take with respect thereto), and that, to the best of his or her knowledge, no event has occurred and remains in existence by reason of which payments on account of the principal of or interest, if any, on the Notes are prohibited.

The Company shall, so long as any of the Notes are outstanding, deliver to the Trustee, within five Business Days after becoming aware of (i) any Default, Event of Default or default in the performance of any covenant, agreement or condition in this Indenture or (ii) any event of default under any other instrument of Debt to which Section 6.1(d) applies, an Officers' Certificate specifying such Default, Event of Default or default, describing its status and what action the Company is taking or proposes to take with respect thereto.

So long as not contrary to the then current recommendations of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the year-end financial statements shall be accompanied by a written statement of the Company's independent public accountants (who shall be a firm of established national reputation) that in making the examination necessary for certification of

such financial statements, nothing has come to their attention that would lead them to believe that the Company has violated any provisions of this Article 4, or if any such violation has occurred, specifying the nature and, if known, the period of existence thereof, it being understood that such accountants shall not be liable directly or indirectly to any Person for any failure to obtain knowledge of any such violation.

SECTION 4.12 FURTHER ASSURANCE TO THE TRUSTEE.

The Company shall, upon request of the Trustee, execute and deliver such further instruments and do such further acts as may be reasonably necessary or proper to carry out more effectively the provisions of this Indenture.

ARTICLE 5 SUCCESSORS

SECTION 5.1 WHEN COMPANY MAY MERGE OR SELL ASSETS.

The Company shall not consolidate or merge with or into, or sell, lease, convey or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its assets to, any Person, without the consent of each Holder, unless:

- (a) the Company is the continuing corporation or the Person formed by or surviving any such consolidation or merger (if other than the Company), or to which such sale, lease, conveyance or other disposition of assets shall have been made, is organized and existing under the laws of the United States, any state thereof or the District of Columbia and such Person (if other than the Company) assumes by supplemental indenture executed and delivered to the Trustee and in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee, all the obligations of the Company under the Notes and this Indenture including, without limitation, conversion rights in accordance with Article 11 hereof;
- (b) immediately after giving effect to the transaction no Event of Default, and no event which, after notice or lapse of time, or both, would become an Event of Default, shall have occurred and be continuing;
- (c) immediately after giving effect to such transaction, the Notes and this Indenture will be a valid and enforceable obligation of the Company or such successor; and $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2}$
- (d) the Company shall have delivered to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel, each stating that such proposed transaction and such supplemental indenture comply with the applicable provisions of this Indenture.

SECTION 5.2 SUCCESSOR SUBSTITUTED.

Upon any consolidation or merger, or any sale, lease, conveyance or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company in accordance with Section 5.1, the Person formed by such consolidation or into or with which the Company is merged or to which such

sale, lease, conveyance or other disposition is made shall succeed to, and be substituted for, and may exercise every right and power of, the Company under this Indenture with the same effect as if such successor Person has been named as the Company herein; provided, however, that the predecessor Company in the case of a sale, lease, conveyance or other disposition shall not be released from the obligation to pay the principal of and interest on the Notes.

ARTICLE 6 DEFAULTS AND REMEDIES

SECTION 6.1 EVENTS OF DEFAULT.

The following shall constitute an "Event of Default":

- (a) failure to pay principal of or premium, if any, on any Note when due and payable at maturity, upon redemption, upon a Change of Control Offer or otherwise, whether or not such payment is prohibited by the subordination provisions of this Indenture;
- (b) failure to pay any interest on any Note when due and payable, which failure continues for 30 days, whether or not such payment is prohibited by the subordination provisions of this Indenture;
- (c) failure to perform the other covenants of the Company in this Indenture, which failure continues for 60 days after written notice as provided in this Indenture;
- (d) failure to perform any covenants of the Company to the holders of Senior Indebtedness as required by the terms of such Senior Indebtedness unless waived by said holders;
- (e) a default occurs (after giving effect to any applicable grace periods or any extension of any maturity date) in the payment when due of principal of and/or acceleration of, any indebtedness for money borrowed by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries in excess of \$5 million, individually or in the aggregate, if such indebtedness is not discharged, or such acceleration is not annulled, within 10 days after written notice as provided in this Indenture;
- (f) the Company pursuant to or within the meaning of any Bankruptcy $\mbox{\sc Law:}$
 - (i) commences a voluntary case,
 - (ii) consents to the entry of an order for relief against it in an involuntary case, $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($
 - (iii) consents to the appointment of a Custodian of it or for all or substantially all of it or for all or substantially all of its property, and such Custodian is not discharged within 30 days,
 - (iv) makes a general assignment for the benefit of its creditors, or $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($

- (v) generally is unable to pay its debts as the same become due; and
- (g) a court of competent jurisdiction enters an order or decree under any Bankruptcy Law that:
 - (i) is for relief against the Company or any Subsidiary of the Company in an involuntary case,
 - (ii) appoints a Custodian of the Company or any Subsidiary of the Company or for all or substantially all of its property, or
 - (iii) orders the liquidation of the Company or any Subsidiary of the Company,

and, in each case, the order or decree remains unstayed and in effect for 60 days.

The term "Bankruptcy Law" means title 11, U.S. Code or any similar federal or state law for the relief of debtors. The term "Custodian" means any receiver, trustee, assignee, liquidator or similar official under any Bankruptcy Law.

A Default under clause (c) (other than a Default under Section 5.1, which Default shall be an Event of Default with the notice but without the passage of time specified in this Section 6.1), (d) or (e) shall not be an Event of Default until the Trustee notifies the Company or the Holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the then outstanding Notes notify the Company and the Trustee of the Default and the Company does not cure the Default under such clause (c) within 60 days after receipt of the notice, or under clause (d) within 10 days after receipt of the notice. The notice must specify the Default, demand that it be remedied and state that the notice is a "Notice of Default."

SECTION 6.2 ACCELERATION.

If an Event of Default (other than an Event of Default specified in clauses (e) and (f) of Section 6.1) occurs and is continuing, the Trustee by notice to the Company, or the Holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the then outstanding Notes by notice to the Company and the Trustee, may declare the unpaid principal of and accrued interest on all the Notes to be due and payable. Upon such declaration the principal and interest shall be due and payable immediately. If an Event of Default specified in clause (f) or (g) of Section 6.1 occurs, such a an amount shall ipso facto become and be immediately due and payable without any declaration or other act on the part of the Trustee or any Holder. The Holders of a majority in principal amount of the then outstanding Notes by written notice to the Trustee may rescind an acceleration and its consequences if the rescission would not conflict with any judgment or decree and if all existing Events of Default have been cured or waived except nonpayment of principal or interest that has become due solely because of the acceleration. No such recision shall affect any subsequent Default or impair any right consequent thereto.

SECTION 6.3 OTHER REMEDIES.

If an Event of Default occurs and is continuing, the Trustee may pursue any available remedy to collect the payment of principal or interest on the Notes or to enforce the performance of any provision of the Notes or this Indenture.

The Trustee may maintain a proceeding even if it does not possess any of the Notes or does not produce any of them in the proceeding. A delay or omission by the Trustee or any Holder in exercising any right or remedy accruing upon an Event of Default shall not impair the right or remedy or constitute a waiver of or acquiescence in the Event of Default. All remedies are cumulative to the extent permitted by law.

SECTION 6.4 WAIVER OF EXISTING AND PAST DEFAULTS.

The Holders of a majority in principal amount of the then outstanding Notes by written notice to the Trustee may waive an existing Default or Event of Default and its consequences, except (i) a continuing Default or Event of Default in the payment of the principal of, or the interest on, any Note or (ii) a Default or Event of Default in respect of a provision that under Section 9.2 cannot be amended without the consent of each Holder affected. Upon any such waiver, such Default shall cease to exist, and any Event of Default arising therefrom shall be deemed to have been cured for every purpose of this Indenture; but no such waiver shall extend to any subsequent or other Default or impair any right consequent thereon.

SECTION 6.5 CONTROL BY MAJORITY.

The Holders of a majority in principal amount of the then outstanding Notes may direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee or exercising any trust or power conferred on it. However, the Trustee may refuse to follow any direction that conflicts with applicable law or this Indenture, that the Trustee determines is unduly prejudicial to the rights of other Holders or would involve the Trustee in personal liability; provided, however, that the Trustee may take any other action deemed proper by the Trustee which is not inconsistent with such direction.

In the event the Trustee takes any action or follows any direction pursuant to this Indenture, the Trustee shall be entitled to indemnification satisfactory to it in its sole discretion against any loss or expense caused by taking such action or following such direction.

SECTION 6.6 LIMITATION ON SUITS.

A Holder may pursue a remedy with respect to this Indenture or the Notes only if:

- (a) the Holder gives to the Trustee notice of a continuing Event of Default;
- (b) the Holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the then outstanding Notes make a request to the Trustee to pursue the remedy;

- (c) such Holder or Holders offer to the Trustee indemnity satisfactory to the Trustee against any loss, liability or expense;
- (d) the Trustee does not comply with the request within 60 days after receipt of the request and the offer of indemnity; and
- (e) during such 60-day period the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the then outstanding Notes do not give the Trustee a direction inconsistent with the request.

A Holder may not use this Indenture to prejudice the rights of another Holder or to obtain a preference or priority over another Holder.

SECTION 6.7 RIGHTS OF HOLDERS TO RECEIVE PAYMENT.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Indenture, the right of any Holder of a Note to receive payment of principal and interest on the Note, on or after the respective due dates expressed in the Note, or to bring suit for the enforcement of any such payment on or after such respective dates, shall not be impaired or affected without the consent of the Holder.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Indenture, the right of any Holder of a Note to bring suit for the enforcement of the right to convert the Note shall not be impaired or affected without the consent of the Holder.

SECTION 6.8 COLLECTION SUIT BY TRUSTEE.

If an Event of Default specified in Section 6.1(a) or (b) occurs and is continuing, the Trustee may recover judgment in its own name and as trustee of an express trust against the Company for the whole amount of principal and interest remaining unpaid on the Notes and interest on overdue principal and interest, and such further amount as shall be sufficient to cover the costs and, to the extent lawful, expenses of collection, including the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee, its agents and counsel.

SECTION 6.9 TRUSTEE MAY FILE PROOFS OF CLAIM.

The Trustee may file such proofs of claim and other papers or documents as may be necessary or advisable in order to have the claims of the Trustee and the Holders allowed in any judicial proceedings relative to the Company, its creditors or its property. Nothing contained herein shall be deemed to authorize the Trustee to authorize or consent to or accept or adopt on behalf of any Holder any plan of reorganization, arrangement, adjustment or composition affecting the Notes or the rights of any Holder thereof, or to authorize the Trustee to vote in respect of the claim of any Holder in any such proceeding.

SECTION 6.10 PRIORITIES.

If the Trustee collects any money pursuant to this Article 6, it shall pay out the money in the following order:

First: to the Trustee for amounts due under Section 6.8 or 7.7;

Second: to holders of Senior Indebtedness to the extent required by Article ${\tt 11};$

Third: to Holders for amounts due and unpaid on the Notes for principal and interest, ratably, without preference or priority of any kind, according to the amounts due and payable on the Notes for principal and interest, respectively; and

Fourth: to the Company or to such party as a court of competent jurisdiction shall direct.

The Trustee may fix a record date and payment date for any payment to Holders.

At least 15 days before the record date, the Company shall mail to the Trustee and each Holder (at such Holder's address as it appears on the Register, a notice that states the record date, the payment date and amount to be paid).

SECTION 6.11 UNDERTAKING FOR COSTS.

In any suit for the enforcement of any right or remedy under this Indenture or in any suit against the Trustee for any action taken or omitted by it as a Trustee, a court in its discretion may require the filing by any party litigant in the suit of an undertaking to pay the costs of the suit, and the court in its discretion may assess reasonable costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees, against any party litigant in the suit, having due regard to the merits and good faith of the claims or defenses made by the party litigant. This Section does not apply to a suit by the Trustee, a suit by a Holder pursuant to Section 6.7, or a suit by Holders of more than 10% in principal amount of the then outstanding Notes.

ARTICLE 7

SECTION 7.1 DUTIES OF TRUSTEE.

- (a) If an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, the Trustee shall exercise such of the rights and powers vested in it by this Indenture, and use the same degree of care and skill in their exercise, as a prudent man would exercise or use under the circumstances in the conduct of his own affairs.
 - (b) Except during the continuance of an Event of Default:
 - (i) The Trustee need perform only those duties that are specifically set forth in this Indenture or the TIA and no others.
 - (ii) In the absence of negligence, misconduct or bad faith on its part, the Trustee may conclusively rely, as to the truth of the statements and the correctness of the opinions expressed therein, upon certificates or opinions furnished to the

Trustee and conforming to the requirements of this Indenture. However, the Trustee shall examine the certificates and opinions to determine whether or not they conform to the requirements of this Indenture, but the Trustee need not verify the contents thereof.

- (c) The Trustee may not be relieved from liability for its own negligent action, its own negligent failure to act, or its own misconduct, except that:
 - (i) This paragraph does not limit the effect of paragraph (b) of this Section.
 - (ii) The Trustee shall not be liable for any error of judgment made in good faith by a Trust Officer, unless it is proved that the Trustee was negligent in ascertaining the pertinent facts.
 - (iii) The Trustee shall not be liable with respect to any action it takes or omits to take in good faith in accordance with a direction received by it pursuant to Section 6.5.
- (d) Every provision of this Indenture that in any way relates to the Trustee is subject to the provisions of the TIA, paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (e) of this Section 7.1 and Section 7.2.
- (e) The Trustee may refuse to perform any duty or exercise any right or power unless it receives indemnity satisfactory to it against any loss, liability or expense.
- (f) The Trustee shall not be liable for interest on any money received by it except as the Trustee may agree in writing with the Company. Money held in trust by the Trustee need not be segregated from other funds held in trust except to the extent required by law.

SECTION 7.2 RIGHTS OF TRUSTEE.

- (a) The Trustee may rely on any document believed by it to be genuine and to have been signed or presented by the proper Person. The Trustee need not investigate any fact or matter stated in the document, but the Trustee, in its discretion, may make such further inquiry or investigation into such facts or matters to the extent reasonably deemed necessary by it, and if the Trustee shall determine to make such further inquiry or investigation, it shall be entitled upon reasonable notice, to examine the books and records and premises of the Company, personally or by agent, authorized representative or attorney.
- (b) Before the Trustee acts or refrains from acting pursuant to the terms of the Indenture or otherwise, it may require an Officers' Certificate or an Opinion of Counsel, or both. The Trustee shall not be liable for any action it takes or omits to take in good faith in reliance on such Officers' Certificate or Opinion of Counsel.
- (c) The Trustee may act through agents and shall not be responsible for the misconduct or negligence of any Agent appointed with due care.

(d) The Trustee shall not be liable for any action it takes or omits to take in good faith which it believes to be authorized or within its rights or powers.

SECTION 7.3 INDIVIDUAL RIGHTS OF TRUSTEE.

The Trustee in its individual or any other capacity may become the owner or pledgee of Securities and may otherwise deal with the Company or any Affiliate of the Company with the same rights it would have if it were not Trustee. Any Agent may do the same with like rights. However, the Trustee is subject to and must comply with Sections 7.10 and 7.11.

SECTION 7.4 TRUSTEE'S DISCLAIMER.

The Trustee makes no representation as to the validity or adequacy of this Indenture or the Notes, it shall not be accountable for the Company's use of the proceeds from the Notes, and it shall not be responsible for any statement of the Company in the Indenture or any statement in the Notes other than its authentication.

SECTION 7.5 NOTICE OF DEFAULTS.

If a Default or Event of Default occurs and is continuing and if it is actually known to the Trustee, the Trustee shall mail to each Holder a notice of the Default or Event of Default within 90 days after it occurs, unless such Default or Event of Default shall have been cured or waived. Except in the case of a Default or Event of Default in payment on any Note under Section 6.1(a) or (b), the Trustee may withhold the notice if and so long as a committee of its Trust Officers in good faith determines that withholding the notice is in the best interests of Holders. The second sentence of this Section 7.5 shall be in lieu of the proviso to Section 315(b) of the TIA, which proviso is hereby expressly excluded from this Indenture, as permitted by the TIA.

SECTION 7.6 REPORTS BY TRUSTEE TO HOLDERS.

Within 60 days after each July 1, commencing July 1, 2001, the Trustee shall mail to Holders, at the Company's expense, a brief report dated as of such reporting date that complies with TIA Section 313(a) (but if no event described in TIA Section 313(a) has occurred within the twelve months preceding the reporting date, no report need be transmitted). The Trustee also shall comply with TIA Section 313(b)(2) to the extent applicable. The Trustee shall also transmit by mail all reports as required by TIA Section 313(c).

A copy of each report at the time of its mailing to Holders shall be filed with the SEC and each stock exchange or market on which the Notes are listed or quoted. The Company shall notify the Trustee when the Notes are listed on any stock exchange or quoted on any market.

SECTION 7.7 COMPENSATION AND INDEMNITY.

The Company shall pay to the Trustee (in its capacities as Trustee, Notes Custodian, Conversion Agent, Paying Agent and Registrar) from time to time such compensation as may be agreed in writing between the Company and the Trustee for its services hereunder. The Trustee's

compensation shall not be limited by any law on compensation of a trustee of an express trust. The Company shall reimburse the Trustee upon request for all reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred by it. Such expenses may include the reasonable compensation and out-of-pocket expenses of the Trustee's Agents and counsel, except such disbursements, advances and expenses as may be attributable to its negligence, misconduct or bad faith.

The Company shall indemnify and hold harmless the Trustee (in its capacities as Trustee, Paying Agent and Registrar) against any claim, demand, expense (including reasonable attorney's fees and expenses), loss or liability incurred by it in connection with the administration of this trust and the performance of its duties hereunder, except as set forth in the next paragraph. The Trustee shall notify the Company promptly of any claim for which it may seek indemnity. The Company shall defend the claim and the Trustee shall cooperate in the defense. In the event that a conflict of interest or conflict of defenses would arise in connection with representation of the Company and the Trustee by the same counsel, the Trustee may have separate counsel and the Company shall pay the reasonable fees and expenses of such counsel. The Company need not pay for any settlement made without its consent, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.

The Company need not reimburse any expense or indemnify against any loss or liability incurred by the Trustee through misconduct, negligence or bad faith.

To secure the Company's payment obligations in this Section 7.7, the Trustee shall have a lien prior to the Notes on all money or property held or collected by the Trustee, except that held in trust to pay principal and interest on particular Notes.

When the Trustee incurs expenses or renders services after an Event of Default specified in Section 6.1(f) or (g) occurs, the expenses and the compensation for the services are intended to constitute expenses of administration under any Bankruptcy Law.

The Company's payment obligations pursuant to this Section 7.7 shall survive the discharge of this Indenture.

SECTION 7.8 REPLACEMENT OF TRUSTEE.

A resignation or removal of the Trustee and appointment of a successor Trustee shall become effective only upon the successor Trustee's acceptance of appointment as provided in this Section 7.8.

The Trustee may resign by so notifying the Company in writing at least 30 days prior to the date of the proposed resignation; provided, however, that no such resignation shall be effective until a successor Trustee has accepted its appointment pursuant to this Section 7.8. The Holders of a majority in principal amount of the then outstanding Notes may remove the Trustee by so notifying the Trustee and the Company. The Company shall remove the Trustee if:

(a) the Trustee fails to comply with Section 7.10;

- (b) the Trustee is adjudged a bankrupt or an insolvent or an order for relief is entered with respect to the Trustee under any Bankruptcy Law;
- (c) a Custodian or public officer takes charge of the Trustee or its property; or
 - (d) the Trustee otherwise becomes incapable of acting.

If the Trustee resigns or is removed or if a vacancy exists in the office of Trustee for any reason, the Company shall promptly appoint a successor Trustee. Within one year after the successor Trustee takes office, the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the then outstanding Notes may appoint a successor Trustee to replace the successor Trustee appointed by the Company.

If a successor Trustee is not appointed or does not take office within 60 days after the retiring Trustee resigns or is removed, the retiring Trustee, the Company or the Holders of at least 10% in principal amount of the then outstanding Notes may petition any court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a successor Trustee.

If the Trustee fails to comply with Section 7.10, any Holder may petition any court of competent jurisdiction for the removal of the Trustee and the appointment of a successor Trustee.

A successor Trustee shall deliver a written acceptance of its appointment to the retiring Trustee and to the Company. Thereupon the resignation or removal of the retiring Trustee shall become effective, and the successor Trustee shall have all the rights, powers and duties of the Trustee under this Indenture. The successor Trustee shall mail a notice of its succession to Holders. The retiring Trustee shall promptly transfer all property held by it as Trustee to the successor Trustee, subject to the lien provided for in Section 7.7. Notwithstanding the replacement of the Trustee pursuant to this Section 7.8, the Company's obligations under Section 7.7 hereof shall continue for the benefit of the retiring trustee with respect to expenses and liabilities incurred by it prior to such replacement.

SECTION 7.9 SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE BY MERGER, ETC.

If the Trustee consolidates, merges or converts into, or transfers all or substantially all of its corporate trust business to, another corporation, the successor corporation without any further act shall be the successor Trustee.

SECTION 7.10 ELIGIBILITY; DISQUALIFICATION.

This indenture shall always have a Trustee who satisfies the requirements of TIA Sections 310(a)(1) and 310(a)(2). The Trustee shall always have a combined capital and surplus as stated in its most recent published annual report of condition of at least \$150 million. The Trustee shall comply with TIA Section 310(b), including the optional provision permitted by the second sentence of TIA Section 310(b)(9). The provisions of TIA Section 310(b)(9) shall apply to the Company, as obligor of the Notes.

SECTION 7.11 PREFERENTIAL COLLECTION OF CLAIMS AGAINST COMPANY.

The Trustee shall comply with TIA Section 311(a), excluding any creditor relationship listed in TIA Section 311(b). A Trustee who has resigned or been removed shall be subject to TIA Section 311(a) to the extent indicated therein. The provisions of TIA Section 311 shall apply to the Company, as obligor of the Notes.

ARTICLE 8 DISCHARGE OF INDENTURE

SECTION 8.1 TERMINATION OF COMPANY'S OBLIGATIONS.

This Indenture shall cease to be of further effect (except that the Company's obligations under Section 7.7 and 8.3 shall survive) when all outstanding Notes theretofore authenticated and issued (other than destroyed, lost or stolen Notes which have been replaced or paid) have been delivered to the Trustee for cancellation and the Company has paid all sums payable hereunder. In addition, the Company shall be discharged from all of its obligations under Section 2.13 and Sections 4.3 through 4.19 while the Notes remain outstanding if all outstanding Notes will become due and payable at their scheduled maturity within one year and the following conditions have been satisfied:

- (a) the Company has deposited, or caused to be deposited, irrevocably with the Trustee as trust funds specifically pledged as security for, and dedicated solely for, such purpose, (i) money in an amount, (ii) non-callable U.S. Government Obligations which through the payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest in accordance with their terms (without the reinvestment of such interest or principal) will provide not later than one day before the due date of any payment money in an amount, or (iii) a combination thereof, sufficient with respect to clauses (ii) and (iii) in the opinion of a nationally recognized firm of independent public accountants expressed in a written certification thereof delivered to the Trustee at or prior to the time of such deposit, to pay the principal of, premium, if any, and discharge each installment of interest on the outstanding Notes, together with all other amounts payable by the Company under this Indenture.
- (b) no Default or Event of Default with respect to the Notes has occurred and is continuing on the date of such deposit or shall occur as a result of such deposit or at any time during the period ending on the 91st day after the date of such deposit, as evidenced to the Trustee by an Officer's Certificate delivered to the Trustee concurrently with such deposit.
- (c) such defeasance does not result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default under, any other agreement or instrument to which the Company is a party or by which it is bound, and is not prohibited by Article 11, as evidenced to the Trustee by an Officers' Certificate delivered to the Trustee concurrently with such deposit,
- (d) the Company has delivered to the Trustee a private Internal Revenue Service ruling or an opinion of counsel that Holders will not recognize income, gain or loss for federal income tax purposes as a result of such deposit, defeasance and discharge and will be subject to

federal income tax on the same amount, in the same manner, and at the same times, as would have been the case if such deposit, defeasance and discharge had not occurred,

- (e) the Company has delivered to the Trustee an Opinion of Counsel to the effect that the deposit shall not result in the Company, the Trustee or the trust being deemed to be an "investment company" under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended,
- (f) 91 days pass after the deposit is made and during such 91 day period no event of Default specified in Section 6.1(f) or (g) shall occur and be continuing at the end of such period, and
- (g) the Company has delivered to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel, each stating that all conditions precedent relating to the discharge of such provisions of the Indenture have been complied with. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company's obligations to pay principal, premium, if any, and interest on the Notes shall continue until the Internal Revenue Service ruling or Opinion of Counsel referred to in clause (d) above is provided.

If the Company exercises such option to discharge such provisions of the Indenture, payment of the Notes may not be accelerated because of an event of default specified in Sections 6.1(c) with respect to the failure to perform any of the covenants set forth in Section 2.13 and Section 4.3 through 4.19, or Section 6.1(d).

After a deposit made pursuant to this Section 8.1, the Trustee upon request shall acknowledge in writing the discharge of the Company's obligations specified above under this Indenture.

SECTION 8.2 APPLICATION OF TRUST MONEY.

The Trustee shall hold in trust money or U.S. Government Obligations deposited with it pursuant to Section 8.1. It shall apply the deposited money and the money from U.S. Government Obligations through the Paying Agent and in accordance with this Indenture to the payment of principal and interest on the Notes. Money and securities so held in trust are not subject to Article 11.

SECTION 8.3 REPAYMENT TO COMPANY.

Subject to Section 7.7, the Trustee and the Paying Agent shall promptly pay to the Company upon request any excess money or securities held by them at any time.

The Trustee and the Paying Agent shall pay to the Company upon written request by the Company any money held by them for the payment of principal or interest that remains unclaimed for two years after the date upon which such payment shall have become due; provided, however, that the Company shall have first caused notice of such payment to the Company to be mailed to each Holder entitled thereto no less than 30 days prior to such payment. After payment to the Company, Holders entitled to the money must look to the

Company for payment as general creditors unless an applicable abandoned property law designates another Person.

SECTION 8.4 REINSTATEMENT.

If the Trustee or Paying Agent is unable to apply any money in accordance with Section 8.2 by reason of any order or judgment of any court or governmental authority enjoining, restraining or otherwise prohibiting such application, the Company's obligations under this Indenture and the Notes shall be revived and reinstated as though no deposit had occurred pursuant to Section 8.1 until such time as the Trustee or Paying Agent is permitted to apply all such money in accordance with Section 8.2; provided, however, that if the Company makes any payment of interest on or principal of any Note following the reinstatement of its obligations, the Company shall be subrogated to the rights of the Holders of such Notes to receive such payment from the money held by the Trustee or Paying Agent.

ARTICLE 9 AMENDMENTS

SECTION 9.1 WITHOUT CONSENT OF HOLDERS.

The Company and the Trustee may amend this Indenture or the Notes without the consent of any Holder:

- (a) to cure any ambiguity, defect or inconsistency; provided that such amendment does not in the opinion of the Trustee adversely affect the rights of any Holder;
 - (b) to comply with Section 5.1;
- (c) to provide for uncertificated Notes in addition to or in lieu of certificated Notes;
- (d) to make any change that does not adversely affect the legal rights hereunder of any Holder ; or
- (e) to comply with requirements of the SEC in order to effect or maintain the qualification of this Indenture under the TIA;

provided, however, that, in each case, the Company has delivered to the Trustee an Opinion of Counsel and an Officers' Certificate, each stating that such amendment complies with the provisions of this Section 9.1.

SECTION 9.2 WITH CONSENT OF HOLDERS.

Subject to the provisions of Sections 6.4 and 6.7, the Company and the Trustee may amend or modify this Indenture or the Notes with the written consent of the Holders of at least a majority in principal amount of the then outstanding Notes, and the Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Notes then outstanding may waive compliance in a particular instance by

the Company with any provision of this Indenture or the Notes; provided, however, that, without the consent of each Holder affected, an amendment, modification or waiver under this Section 9.2 may not (with respect to any Notes held by a non-consenting Holder):

- (a) change the stated maturity of, or any installment of interest on, any Note;
- (c) increase the conversion price (other than in connection with a reverse stock split as provided in this Indenture);
- (d) change the place or currency of payment of principal of, or premium or repurchase price, if any, or interest on, any Note;
- (e) impair the right to institute suit for the enforcement of any payment on or with respect to any Note;
 - (f) adversely affect the right to exchange or convert Notes;
- (g) reduce the percentage of the aggregate principal amount of outstanding Notes, the consent of the Holders of which is necessary to modify or amend this Indenture;
- (h) reduce the percentage of the aggregate principal amount of outstanding Notes, the consent of the Holders of which is necessary for waiver of compliance with certain provisions of this Indenture or for waiver of certain defaults;
- (i) modify the provisions of this Indenture with respect to the subordination of the Notes in a manner adverse to the Holders;
- $\,$ (j) modify the provisions of this Indenture with respect to the right to require the Company to repurchase Notes in a manner adverse to the Holders; or
- (k) modify the provisions of this Indenture with respect to the vote necessary to amend this Section 9.2.

To secure a consent of the Holders under this Section 9.2, it shall not be necessary for the Holders to approve the particular form of any proposed amendment or waiver, but it shall be sufficient if such consent approves the substance thereof.

After an amendment or waiver under this Section 9.2 becomes effective, the Company shall mail to Holders a notice briefly describing the amendment or waiver. Any failure of the Company to mail such notices, or any defect therein, shall not, however, in any way, impair or affect the validity of any such amendment or waiver.

SECTION 9.3 COMPLIANCE WITH TRUST INDENTURE ACT.

Every amendment to this Indenture or the Notes shall be set forth in a supplemental indenture that complies with the TIA as then in effect.

SECTION 9.4 REVOCATION AND EFFECT OF CONSENTS.

Until an amendment, supplemental indenture or waiver becomes effective, a consent to it by a Holder of a Note is a continuing consent by such Holder and every subsequent Holder of a Note or portion of a Note that evidences the same debt as such consenting Holder's Note, even if notation of the consent is not made on any Note. However, prior to becoming effective, any such Holder or subsequent Holder may revoke the consent as to its Notes or a portion thereof if the Trustee receives written notice of revocation before the consent of Holders of the requisite aggregate principal amount of Notes has been obtained and not revoked.

The Company may, but shall not be obligated to, fix a record date for the purpose of determining the Holders entitled to consent to any amendment or waiver. If a record date is fixed, then notwithstanding the provisions of the immediately preceding paragraph, those Persons who were Holders at such record date (or their duly designated proxies), and only those Persons, shall be entitled to consent to such amendment or waiver or to revoke any consent previously given, whether or not such Persons continue to be Holders after such record date. No consent shall be valid or effective for more than 90 days after such record date unless consents from Holders of the principal amount of Notes required hereunder for such amendment or waiver to be effective shall have also been given and not revoked within such 90-day period.

After an amendment or waiver becomes effective it shall bind every Holder, unless it is of the type described in any of clauses (a) through (k) of Section 9.2. In such case, the amendment or waiver shall bind each Holder of a Note who has consented to it and every subsequent Holder of a Note that evidences the same debt as the consenting Holder's Note.

SECTION 9.5 NOTATION ON OR EXCHANGE OF NOTES.

The Trustee (in accordance with the written direction of the Company) may (at the Company's expense) place an appropriate notation about an amendment, supplement or waiver on any Note thereafter authenticated. The Company in exchange for all Notes may issue and the Trustee shall authenticate new Notes that reflect the amendment or waiver. Failure to make the appropriate notation or issue a new Note shall not affect the validity and effect of such amendment, supplement or waiver.

SECTION 9.6 TRUSTEE PROTECTED.

The Trustee shall sign all supplemental indentures, except that the Trustee need not sign any supplemental indenture that adversely affects its rights. In signing or refusing to sign such supplemental Indenture, the Trustee shall be entitled to receive an Officer's Certificate and Opinion of Counsel to the effect that such supplemental Indenture is authorized or permitted by this Indenture and will be valid and binding on the Company in accordance with its terms

ARTICLE 10 CONVERSION

SECTION 10.1 CONVERSION PRIVILEGE.

Each Holder may, at such Holder's option, at any time prior to the close of business on December 31, 2005, unless earlier redeemed or repurchased, convert such Holder's Notes, in whole or in part (in denominations of \$1,000 or multiples thereof), at 100% of the principal amount so converted, into fully paid and non-assessable shares of the Company's Common Stock at a conversion price per share equal to \$____, as such conversion price may be adjusted from time to time in accordance with Section 10.4 (the "Conversion Price").

SECTION 10.2 CONVERSION PROCEDURE.

To convert a Note, a Holder must (1) complete and sign the notice on the reverse of the Note, (2) surrender such Note to the Conversion Agent, (3) furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents if required by the Registrar or Conversion Agent and (4) pay any transfer or similar tax if required by Section 10.6. The Company's delivery to the Holder of a fixed number of shares of Common Stock (and any cash in lieu of fractional shares of Class A Common Stock into which such Note is converted) shall be deemed to satisfy the Company's obligation to pay the principal amount of such Note and, subject to the provisions of Section 3.4, unless such Note is converted after a Regular Record Date and prior to the related Interest Payment Date, all accrued interest that has not previously been paid. If such Note is converted after a Regular Record Date and prior to the related Interest Payment Date, the interest installment on such Note scheduled to be paid on such Interest Payment Date shall be payable on such Interest Payment Date to the Holder of record at the close of business on such Regular Record Date through such date of conversion.

As promptly as practicable after the surrender of such Note in compliance with this Section 10.2, the Company shall issue and deliver at such office or agency to such Holder, or on such Holder's written order, a certificate or certificates for the number of full shares of Common Stock issuable upon the conversion of such Note or portion thereof in accordance with the provisions of this Article 10 and a check or cash in respect of any fractional interest in respect of a share of Common Stock arising upon such conversion, as provided in Section 10.3. In case any Note of a denomination greater than \$1,000 shall be surrendered for partial conversion, subject to Article 2, the Company shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver to the Holder of the Note so surrendered, without charge to such Holder, a new Note or Notes in authorized denominations in an aggregate principal amount equal to the unconverted portion of the surrendered Note.

Each conversion shall be deemed to have been effected on the date on which such Note shall have been surrendered in compliance with this Section 10.2, and the Person in whose name any certificate or certificates for shares of Common Stock shall be issuable upon such conversion shall be deemed to have become on said date the holder of record of the shares represented thereby; provided, however, that any such surrender on any date when the stock transfer books of

the Company shall be closed shall constitute the Person in whose name the certificates are to be issued as the record holder thereof for all purposes on the next succeeding day on which such stock transfer books are open, but such conversion shall be at the Conversion Price in effect on the date upon which such Note shall have been surrendered.

If the last day on which a Note may be converted is a Legal Holiday in a place where a Conversion Agent is located, the Note may be surrendered to that Conversion Agent on the next succeeding day that is not a Legal Holiday.

Provisions of this Indenture that apply to conversion of all of a Note also apply to conversion of a portion of such Note.

SECTION 10.3 CASH PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF FRACTIONAL SHARES.

No fractional shares of Common Stock or scrip representing fractional shares shall be issued upon conversion of Notes. If more than one Note shall be surrendered for conversion at one time by the same Holder, the number of full shares which shall be issuable upon conversion shall be computed on the basis of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes (or specified portions thereof to the extent permitted hereby) so surrendered. If any fractional share of Common Stock would be issuable upon the conversion of any Note or Notes, the Company shall make an adjustment therefor in cash at the Current Market Price of the Common Stock as of the close of business on the Business Day prior to such conversion.

SECTION 10.4 ADJUSTMENT OF CONVERSION PRICE.

- (a) In the event that the Company shall (i) pay a dividend or other distribution, in shares of its Common Stock, on any class of Capital Stock of the Company or any Subsidiary which is not wholly owned by the Company, (ii) subdivide its outstanding Common Stock into a greater number of shares or (iii) combine its outstanding Common Stock into a smaller number of shares, the Conversion Price in effect immediately prior thereto shall be adjusted so that the Holder of any Note thereafter surrendered for conversion shall be entitled to receive the number of shares of Common Stock of the Company that such Holder would have owned or have been entitled to receive after the happening of any of the events described above had such Note been converted immediately prior to the happening of such event. An adjustment made pursuant to this subsection (a) shall become effective immediately after the record date in the case of a dividend and shall become effective immediately after the effective date in the case of subdivision or combination.
- (b) In the event that the Company shall issue or distribute Capital Stock or issue rights, warrants or options entitling the holder thereof to subscribe for or purchase Capital Stock at a price per share less than the Current Market Price per share on the date of issuance or distribution (provided that the issuance of Capital Stock upon the exercise of warrants or options will not cause an adjustment in the Conversion Price if no such adjustment would have been required at the time such warrant or option was issued), then at the earliest of (i) the date the Company shall enter into a firm contract for such issuance or distribution, (ii) the record date for the determination of stockholders entitled to receive any such rights, warrants or options, if

applicable, or (iii) the date of actual issuance or distribution of any such Capital Stock or rights, warrants or options, the Conversion Price in effect immediately prior to such earliest date shall be adjusted so that the Conversion Price shall equal the price determined by multiplying the Conversion Price in effect immediately prior to such earliest date by:

- (x) if such Capital Stock is Common Stock, the fraction whose numerator shall be the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding on such date plus the number of shares which the aggregate offering price of the total number of shares so offered would purchase at such Current Market Price (such amount, with respect to any such rights, warrants or options, determined by multiplying the total number of shares subject thereto by the exercise price of such rights, warrants or options and dividing the product so obtained by the Current Market Price), and of which the denominator shall be the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding on such date plus the number of additional shares of Common Stock to be issued or distributed or receivable upon exercise of any such warrant, right or option; or
- (y) if such Capital Stock is other than Common Stock, the fraction whose numerator shall be the Current Market Price per share of Common Stock on such date minus an amount equal to (A) the sum of (I) the Current Market Price per share of such class of Capital Stock multiplied by the number of shares of such class of Capital Stock to be so issued minus (II) the offering price per share of such Capital Stock multiplied by the number of shares of such class of Capital Stock to be so issued (B) divided by the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding on such date and whose denominator is the Current Market Price of the Common Stock on such date.

Such adjustment shall be made successively whenever any such Capital Stock, rights, warrants or options are issued or distributed at a price below the Current Market Price therefor as in effect on the date of issuance or distribution. In determining whether any rights, warrants or options entitle the holders to subscribe for or purchase shares of Capital Stock at less than such Current Market Price, and in determining the aggregate offering price of shares of Capital Stock so issued or distributed, there shall be taken into account any consideration received by the Company for such Capital Stock, rights, warrants or options, the value of such consideration, if other than cash, to be determined by the Board of Directors, whose determination shall be conclusive and described in a certificate filed with the Trustee. If any right, warrant or option to purchase Capital Stock, the issuance of which resulted in an adjustment in the Conversion Price pursuant to this subsection (b), shall expire and shall not have been exercised, the Conversion Price shall immediately upon such expiration be recomputed to the Conversion Price which would have been in effect had the adjustment of the Conversion Price made upon the issuance of such right, warrant or option been made on the basis of offering for subscription or purchase only that number of shares of Capital Stock actually purchased upon the actual exercise of such right, warrant or option.

(c) In the event that the Company shall pay as a dividend or other distribution to holders of any class of its Capital Stock generally or to holders of any class of Capital Stock of any Subsidiary which is not wholly owned by the Company evidences of indebtedness or assets (including, without limitation, shares of Capital Stock, cash or other securities, but excluding

dividends, rights, warrants, options and distributions for which adjustment is made as described in subsections (a) and (b) above and further excluding cash dividends paid out of cumulative retained earnings of the Company arising after the date hereof and determined in accordance with GAAP), then in each such case the Conversion Price shall be adjusted so that the same shall equal the price determined by multiplying the Conversion Price in effect immediately prior to the date of such distribution by a fraction of which the numerator shall be the Current Market Price per share of Common Stock on the record date mentioned below less the fair market value on such record date (as determined by the Board of Directors, whose determination shall be conclusive and described in a certificate filed with the Trustee) of the portion of the Capital Stock or assets or evidences of indebtedness so distributed or of such rights or warrants attributable to one share of Common Stock (the amount so attributable equaling the aggregate fair market value of such indebtedness or assets, as so determined by the Board of Directors, divided by the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding on such record date), and the denominator shall be the Current Market Price of the Common Stock on such record date. Such adjustment shall become effective immediately after the record date for the determination of stockholders entitled to receive such distribution, except as provided in subsection (f) below.

(d) Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, no adjustment in the Conversion Price shall be required unless such adjustment would require an increase or decrease of at least 1% in the Conversion Price then in effect; provided, however, that any adjustments which by reason of this subsection (d) are not required to be made shall be carried forward and taken into account in any subsequent adjustment. All calculations under this Article 10 shall be made by the Company and shall be made to the nearest cent or to the nearest one hundredth of a share, as the case may be and the Trustee shall be entitled to rely thereon. Anything in this Section 10.4 to the contrary notwithstanding, the Company shall be entitled to make such reductions in the Conversion Price, in addition to those required by this Section 10.4, as it in its discretion shall determine to be advisable in order that any stock dividends, subdivision of shares, distribution of rights to purchase stock or securities, or a distribution of securities convertible into or exchangeable for stock hereafter made by the Company to its stockholders shall not be taxable. Notwithstanding any provision of this Article 10 to the contrary, no adjustment in the Conversion Price shall be made upon (i) the issuance of Common Stock of the Company pursuant to any compensation or incentive plan for officers, directors, employees or consultants of the Company, which plan has been approved by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors (or if there is no such committee then serving, by the majority vote of the Directors then serving on the Company's Board of Directors who are not an employee or officer of the Company, a 5% or greater stockholder of the Company, an officer, employee or Affiliate of any such 5% or greater stockholder of the Company or any relative or spouse of any such Person or of such Person's spouse who has the same home as such Person), and, if required by law, the requisite vote of the stockholders of the Company (unless the exercise price thereof is changed after the date hereof other than solely by operation of the anti-dilution provisions thereof or by the Compensation Committee, if applicable, the Board of Directors and, if required by law, the stockholders of the Company as provided in this clause (i)), (ii) the issuance of Common Stock upon the conversion or exercise of preferred stock or warrants of the Company outstanding on the date of this Indenture, unless the conversion or exercise price thereof is changed after the date of this Indenture (other than solely by operation of the anti-dilution provisions thereof) or (iii) the declaration, setting aside or payment of dividends out of the

Company's cumulative retained earnings (as evidenced by the quarterly financial statements of the Company, certified by an Officer's Certificate delivered to the Trustee) from and after January 1, 2001. Except as provided in this Article 10, no adjustment in the Conversion Price will be made for the issuance of Common Stock or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for Common Stock, or carrying the right to purchase any of the foregoing.

- (e) Whenever the Conversion Price is adjusted as herein provided, the Company shall promptly file with the Trustee and any conversion agent other than the Trustee an Officers' Certificate setting forth the Conversion Price after such adjustment and setting forth a brief statement of the facts requiring such adjustment. Promptly after delivery of such certificate, the Company shall prepare a notice of such adjustment of the Conversion Price setting forth the adjusted Conversion Price and the date on which such adjustment becomes effective and shall mail or cause to be mailed such notice to each Holder at his last address appearing on the Note Register.
- (f) In any case in which this Section 10.4 provides that an adjustment shall become effective immediately after a record date for an event, the Company may defer until the occurrence of such event (i) issuing to the Holder of any Note converted after such record date and before the occurrence of such event the additional shares of Common Stock issuable upon such conversion by reason of the adjustment required by such event over and above the Common Stock issuable upon such conversion before giving effect to such adjustments and (ii) paying to such Holder any amount in cash in lieu of any fraction pursuant to Section 10.3 hereof.

SECTION 10.5 EFFECT OF RECLASSIFICATION, CONSOLIDATION, MERGER OR SALE.

In the event of (i) any reclassification or change of outstanding shares of Common Stock (other than a change in par value, or from par value to no par value, or from no par value to par value, or as a result of a subdivision or combination), (ii) any consolidation, merger or combination of the Company with another corporation as a result of which holders of Common Stock shall be entitled to receive securities or other Property (including cash) with respect to or in exchange for such Common Stock or (iii) any sale or conveyance of the Property of the Company as, or substantially as, an entirety to any other corporation as a result of which holders of Common Stock shall be entitled to receive securities or other Property (including cash) with respect to or in exchange for such Common Stock, then the Company or the successor or purchasing corporation, as the case may be, shall enter into a supplemental indenture providing that each Note shall be convertible into the kind and amount of securities or other Property (including cash) receivable upon such reclassification, change, consolidation, merger, combination, sale or conveyance by a holder of a number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of such Notes immediately prior to such reclassification, change, consolidation, merger, combination, sale or conveyance. Such supplemental indenture shall provide for adjustments which shall be as nearly equivalent as may be practicable to the adjustments provided for in this Article 10.

The Company shall cause notice of the execution of such supplemental indenture to be mailed to each Holder, at his address appearing on the Register.

The above provisions of this Section 10.5 shall similarly apply to successive reclassification, changes, consolidations, mergers, combinations, sales and conveyances.

SECTION 10.6 TAXES ON SHARES ISSUED.

The issuance of stock certificates on conversions of Notes shall be made without charge to the converting Holder for any tax in respect of the issuance thereof. The Company shall not, however, be required to pay any tax which may be payable in respect of any transfer involved in the issue and delivery of a stock certificate in any name other than that of the Holder of any Note converted, and the Company shall not be required to issue or deliver any such stock certificate unless and until the person or persons requesting the issue thereof shall have paid to the Company the amount of such tax or shall have established to the satisfaction of the Company that such tax has been paid.

SECTION 10.7 RESERVATION OF SHARES; SHARES TO BE FULLY PAID; COMPLIANCE WITH GOVERNMENT REQUIREMENTS; LISTING OF COMMON STOCK.

The Company shall reserve, out of its authorized but unissued Common Stock or its Common Stock held in treasury, sufficient shares of Common Stock to provide for the conversion of the Notes that are outstanding from time to time.

Before taking any action which would cause an adjustment reducing the Conversion Price below the then par value, if any, of the shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of the Notes, the Company will take all corporate action which may, in the opinion of its counsel, be necessary in order that the Company may validly and legally issue shares of Common Stock at such adjusted Conversion Price.

The Company covenants that all shares of Common Stock which may be issued upon conversion of Notes will upon issuance be fully paid and nonassessable by the Company and free from all taxes, liens and charges with respect to the issue thereof.

The Company covenants that if any shares of Common Stock to be provided for the purpose of conversion of Notes hereunder require registration with or approval of any governmental authority under any applicable federal or state law (excluding federal or state securities laws) before such shares may be validly issued upon conversion, the Company will in good faith and as expeditiously as possible endeavor to secure such registration or approval, as the case may be.

The Company further covenants that if at any time Common Stock shall be listed on the American Stock Exchange or any other national securities exchange or on the Nasdaq Stock Market the Company will, if permitted by the rules of such exchange or market, list and keep listed so long as the Common Stock shall be so listed on such exchange or market, all Common Stock issuable upon conversion of the Notes.

SECTION 10.8 RESPONSIBILITY OF TRUSTEE REQUIREMENTS.

The Trustee and any other Conversion Agent shall not at any time be under any duty or responsibility to any Holder to determine whether any fact exists which may require any adjustment of the Conversion Price or other adjustment or with respect to the nature or extent or calculation of any such adjustment when made, or with respect to the method employed, or herein or in any supplemental indenture provided to be employed, in making the same. The Trustee and any other Conversion Agent shall not be accountable with respect to the validity or value (or the kind or amount) of any shares of Common Stock, or of any securities or other Property, which may at any time be issued or delivered upon the conversion of any Note; and neither the Trustee nor any other Conversion Agent makes any representations with respect thereto. Subject to the provisions of Section 8.1 hereof, neither the Trustee nor any Conversion Agent shall be responsible for any failure of the Company to issue, transfer or deliver any shares of Common Stock or stock certificates or other securities or other Property (including cash) upon the surrender of any Note for the purpose of conversion or to comply with any of the duties, responsibilities or covenants of the Company contained in this Article 10. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, neither the Trustee nor any Conversion Agent shall be under any responsibility to determine the correctness of any provisions contained in any supplemental indenture entered into pursuant to Section 10.5 hereof relating either to the kind or amount of securities or other Property (including cash) receivable by Holders upon the conversion of their Notes after any event referred to in Section 10.5 hereof or to any adjustment to be made with respect thereto, but, subject to the provisions of Section 8.1 hereof, may accept as conclusive evidence of the correctness of any such provisions, and shall be protected in relying upon, the Officers' Certificate (which the Company shall be obligated to file with the Trustee prior to the execution of any such supplemental indenture) with respect thereto.

SECTION 10.9 NOTICE TO HOLDERS PRIOR TO CERTAIN ACTIONS.

In the event that:

- (a) the Company shall declare a dividend (or any other distribution) on its Common Stock (other than in cash out of retained earnings); or
- (b) the Company shall authorize the granting to the holders of its Common Stock generally of rights or warrants to subscribe for or purchase any shares of any class of its Capital Stock or any other rights or warrants; or
- (c) of any reclassification of the Common Stock of the Company (other than a subdivision or combination of its outstanding Common Stock, or a change in par value, or from par value to no par value, or from no par value to par value), or of any consolidation or merger to which the Company is a party and for which approval of any stockholders of the Company is required, or of the sale or transfer of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company; or
- (d) of the voluntary or involuntary dissolution, liquidation or winding-up of the Company;

then, in each such case, the Company shall file or cause to be filed with the Trustee and to be mailed to each Holder at his address appearing on the Register, as promptly as possible but in any event at least 15 days prior to the applicable date hereinafter specified, a notice prepared by the Company stating (x) the date on which a record is to be taken for the purpose of such dividend, distribution or rights or warrants, or, if a record is not to be taken, the date as of which the holders of Common Stock of record to be entitled to such dividend, distribution, rights or warrants are to be determined, or (y) the date on which such reclassification, consolidation, merger, sale, transfer, dissolution, liquidation or winding-up is expected to become effective or occurring and the date as of which it is expected that holders of Common Stock of record shall be entitled to exchange their Common Stock for securities or other Property deliverable upon such reclassification, consolidation, merger, sale, transfer, dissolution, liquidation or winding-up. Failure to give such notice, or any defect therein, shall not affect the legality or validity of such dividend, distribution, reclassification, consolidation, merger, sale, transfer, dissolution, liquidation or winding-up.

ARTICLE 11 SUBORDINATION

SECTION 11.1 AGREEMENT TO SUBORDINATE.

The Company agrees, and each Holder by accepting a Note agrees, that the indebtedness evidenced by the Notes is subordinated in right of payment, to the extent and in the manner provided in this Article 11, to the prior payment in full of all Senior Indebtedness, and that the subordination is for the benefit of the holders of Senior Indebtedness. All provisions of this Article 11 shall be subject to Section 11.13. Notwithstanding anything is this Indenture to the contrary, the indebtedness evidenced by the Notes shall be ranked pari passu with the indebtedness evidenced by the Company's 8.125% Subordinated Convertible Notes Due 2005 and relating to the \$2.03 Convertible Exchangeable Preferred Stock, Series C of the Company.

SECTION 11.2 LIQUIDATION; DISSOLUTION; BANKRUPTCY.

Upon any payment or distribution to creditors of the Company in a liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company or in a bankruptcy, reorganization, insolvency, receivership or similar proceeding relating to the Company or its property:

- (a) holders of Senior Indebtedness shall be entitled to receive payment in full of all Senior Indebtedness before Holders shall be entitled to receive any payments of principal of or premium, if any, or interest on the Notes; and
- (b) until the Senior Indebtedness is paid in full, any distribution to which Holders would be entitled but for this Article 11 shall be made to holders of Senior Indebtedness as their interests may appear, except that Holders may receive securities that are subordinated to Senior Indebtedness to at least the same extent as the Notes; provided that no such default will prevent any payment on, or in respect of, the Notes for more than 120 days unless the maturity of such Senior Indebtedness has been accelerated.

A distribution may consist of cash, securities or other property.

SECTION 11.3 COMPANY NOT TO MAKE PAYMENT WITH RESPECT TO NOTES IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES.

- (a) Upon the maturity of any Senior Indebtedness by lapse of time, acceleration or otherwise, all principal thereof, premium, if any, and interest thereon and any other amounts owing in respect thereof shall first be paid in full, or such payment duly provided for in cash or in a manner satisfactory to the holders of such Senior Indebtedness before any payment is made on account of the principal of or premium, if any, or interest on the Notes or to acquire any of the Notes.
- (b) Upon the happening of an event of default (or if any event of default would result upon any payment upon or with respect to Notes) with respect to any Senior Indebtedness as such event of default is defined therein or in the instrument under which it is outstanding, permitting holders to accelerate the maturity thereof, and, if the default is other than default in payment of the principal of, premium, if any, or interest on or any other amount owing in respect of such Senior Indebtedness, upon written notice thereof given to the Company and the Trustee by the holders of Senior Indebtedness or their Representative, then, unless (i) such an event of default shall have been cured or waived or shall have ceased to exist or (ii) the Company and the Trustee receive written notice from the Representatives of the Senior Indebtedness with respect to which such event of default relates approving payment on the Notes, no payment shall be made by the Company with respect to the principal of or premium, if any, or interest on the Notes or to acquire any of the Notes; provided that no such default will prevent any payment on, or in respect of, the Notes for more than 120 days unless the maturity of such Senior Indebtedness has been accelerated. Not more than one such 120 day delay may be made in any consecutive 360 day period, irrespective of the number of defaults with respect to Senior Indebtedness during such period.

SECTION 11.4 ACCELERATION OF NOTES.

If payment of the Notes is accelerated because of an Event of Default, the Company shall promptly notify holders of Senior Indebtedness of the acceleration.

SECTION 11.5 WHEN DISTRIBUTION MUST BE PAID OVER.

If a distribution is made to Holders that, because of this Article 11, should not have been made to them, the Holders who receive the distribution shall hold it in trust for holders of Senior Indebtedness and pay it over to them as their interests may appear.

SECTION 11.6 NOTICE BY COMPANY.

The Company shall promptly notify the Trustee and the Paying Agent of any facts known to the Company that would cause a payment of principal of or premium, if any, or interest on the Notes to violate this Article 11.

SECTION 11.7 SUBROGATION.

After all Senior Indebtedness is paid in full and until the Notes are paid in full, Holders shall be subrogated to the rights of holders of Senior Indebtedness to receive distributions applicable to Senior Indebtedness to the extent that distributions otherwise payable to the Holders have been applied to the payment of Senior Indebtedness. A distribution made under this Article 11 to holders of Senior Indebtedness which otherwise would have been made to Holders is not, as between the Company and Holders, a payment by the Company on Senior Indebtedness.

SECTION 11.8 RELATIVE RIGHTS.

This Article 11 defines the relative rights of Holders and holders of Senior Indebtedness. Nothing in this Indenture shall:

- (a) impair, as between the Company and Holders, the obligation of the Company, which is absolute and unconditional, to pay principal of and premium, if any, and interest on the Notes in accordance with their terms;
- (b) affect the relative rights of Holders and creditors of the Company, other than holders of Senior Indebtedness; or
- (c) prevent the Trustee or any Holder from exercising its available remedies upon a Default, subject to the rights of holders of Senior Indebtedness to receive distributions otherwise payable to Holders.

If the Company fails because of this Article 11 to pay principal of or premium, if any, or interest on a Note on the date, such failure shall nevertheless be deemed a Default. Nothing in this Article 11 shall have any effect on the right of the Holders or the Trustee to accelerate the maturity of the Notes.

SECTION 11.9 SUBORDINATION MAY NOT BE IMPAIRED BY COMPANY.

No right of any holder of Senior Indebtedness to enforce the subordination of the indebtedness evidenced by the Notes shall be impaired by any act or failure to act by the Company or by its failure to comply with the terms of this Indenture.

SECTION 11.10 DISTRIBUTION OF NOTICE TO REPRESENTATIVE.

Whenever a distribution is to be made or a notice given to holders of Senior Indebtedness, the distribution may be made and the notice given to their Representative, if any.

SECTION 11.11 RIGHTS OF TRUSTEE AND PAYING AGENT.

Notwithstanding any provisions of this Indenture to the contrary, the Trustee and any Paying Agent may continue to make payments on the Notes and shall not at any time be charged

with knowledge of the existence of any facts which would prohibit the making of such payments until it receives written notice (received by a Trust Officer, in the case of the Trustee) reasonably satisfactory to it that payments may not be made under this Article 11 and, prior to the receipt of any such notice, the Trustee, subject to the provisions of Article 7, and any agent shall be entitled to assume conclusively that no such facts exist. The Company, an Agent, a Representative or a holder of Senior Indebtedness may give the notice. If an issue of Senior Indebtedness has a Representative, only the Representative (or any Representative, if more than one) may give the notice with respect to such Senior Indebtedness.

The Trustee shall be entitled to rely on the delivery to it of a written notice by a Person representing himself to be a holder of Senior Indebtedness (or a Representative) to establish that such notice has been given by a holder of Senior Indebtedness (or a Representative), and shall be entitled to rely on any written notice by a Person representing himself to be a holder of a Senior Indebtedness to the effect that such issue of Senior Indebtedness has no Representative.

Any deposit of moneys by the Company with the Trustee or any Paying Agent (whether or not in trust) for the payment of the principal of or premium, if any, or interest on, or a payment on account of a Change of Control or Net Worth Deficiency, if any, of, any Notes shall be subject to the provisions of this Article 11, except that if, at least three business days prior to the date on which by the terms of this Indenture any such moneys may become payable for any purpose (including without limitation, the payment of principal of or premium, if any, or interest on any Note), the Trustee shall not have received with respect to such moneys the notice provided for in this Section 11.11, then the Trustee shall have full power and authority to receive such moneys and to apply the same to the purpose for which they were received and shall not be affected by any notice to the contrary which may be received by it within three business days prior to or on or after such date. This Section 11.11 shall be construed solely for the benefit of the Trustee and Paying Agent and shall not otherwise affect the rights of holders of Senior Indebtedness. In the event that the Trustee determines in good faith that further evidence is required with respect to the right of any Person as a holder of Senior Indebtedness to participate in any payment or distribution pursuant to this Article 11, the Trustee may request such Person to furnish evidence to the reasonable satisfaction of the Trustee as to the amount of the Senior Indebtedness held by such Person, the extent to which such person is entitled to participate in such payment or distribution and any other facts pertinent to the rights of such Person under this Article 11, and, if such evidence is not furnished, the Trustee may defer any payment to such Person pending judicial determination as to the right of such Person to receive payment.

The Trustee shall not be deemed to owe any fiduciary duty to holders of Senior Indebtedness by virtue of the provisions of this Article 11. The Trustee's responsibilities to the holders of Senior Indebtedness are limited to those set forth in this Article 11 and no implied covenants or obligations shall be read into this Indenture. The Trustee shall not become liable to holders of Senior Indebtedness if it makes a payment prohibited by this Article 11 in good faith.

The Trustee in its individual or any other capacity may hold Senior Indebtedness with the same rights it would have if it were not Trustee. Any Agent may do the same with like rights.

SECTION 11.12 EFFECTUATION OF SUBORDINATION BY TRUSTEE.

Each Holder of Notes, by acceptance thereof, authorizes and directs the Trustee on his behalf to take such action as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate the subordination provided in this Article 11 and appoints the Trustee his attorney-in-fact for any and all such purposes.

SECTION 11.13 TRUST MONEYS NOT SUBORDINATED.

Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, payments from money or the proceeds of U.S. Government Obligations held in trust under Article 8 by the Trustee for the payment of principal of and interest on the Notes shall not be subordinated to the prior payment of any Senior Indebtedness or subject to the restrictions set forth in this Article 11, and none of the Holders shall be obligated to pay over any such amount to the Company or any holder of Senior Indebtedness of the Company or any other creditor of the Company.

ARTICLE 12 MISCELLANEOUS

SECTION 12.1 TRUST INDENTURE ACT CONTROLS.

If any provision of this Indenture limits, qualifies, or conflicts with another provision which is required to be included in this Indenture by the TIA, the required provision shall control.

SECTION 12.2 NOTICES.

Any notice or communication by the Company or the Trustee to the other is duly given if in writing and delivered in person or mailed by first-class mail (registered or certified, return receipt requested), telex, telecopier or overnight air courier guaranteeing next day delivery addressed as follows:

if to the Company:

Range Resources Corporation 500 Throckmorton Street, Suite 1900 Fort Worth, Texas 76102 Fax No. (817) 870-0075 Attention: President

if to the Trustee:

Computershare Investor Services, L.L.C.

Fax. No.

Attention: Corporate Trust Department

The Company or the Trustee by notice to the other may designate additional or different addresses for subsequent notices or communications.

All notices and communications (other than those sent to Holders) shall be deemed to have been duly given: at the time delivered by hand, if personally delivered; five Business Days after being deposited in the mail, postage prepaid, if mailed; when answered back, if telexed; when receipt acknowledged, if telecopied; and the next Business Day after timely delivery to the courier, if sent by overnight air courier guaranteeing next day delivery.

Any notice or communication to a Holder shall be mailed by first class mail, certified or registered, return receipt requested, or by overnight air courier guaranteeing next day delivery to its address shown on the register kept by the Registrar. Any notice or communication shall also be so mailed to any Person described in TIA Section 313(c), to the extent required by the TIA. Failure to mail a notice or communication to a Holder or any defect in it shall not affect its sufficiency with respect to other Holders.

If a notice or communication is mailed in the manner provided above within the time prescribed, it is duly given, whether or not the addressee receives it.

If the Company mails a notice or communication to Holders, it shall mail a copy to the Trustee and each Agent at the same time.

All other notices or communications shall be in writing.

SECTION 12.3 COMMUNICATION BY HOLDERS WITH OTHER HOLDERS.

Holders may communicate pursuant to TIA Section 312(b) with other Holders with respect to their rights under this Indenture or the Notes. The Company, the Trustee, the Registrar and anyone else shall have the protection of TIA Section 312(c).

SECTION 12.4 CERTIFICATE AND OPINION AS TO CONDITIONS PRECEDENT.

Upon any request or application by the Company to the Trustee to take any action under this Indenture, the Company shall furnish to the Trustee:

- (a) an Officers' Certificate stating that, in the opinion of the signers, all conditions precedent, if any, provided for in this Indenture relating to the proposed action have been complied with; and
- (b) at the Trustee's reasonable request, an Opinion of Counsel stating that, in the opinion of such counsel, all such conditions precedent have been complied with.

SECTION 12.5 STATEMENTS REQUIRED IN CERTIFICATE OR OPINION OF COUNSEL.

Each Officers' Certificate or Opinion of Counsel with respect to compliance with a condition or covenant provided for in this Indenture shall include:

- (a) a statement that the individual making such Officers' Certificate or Opinion of Counsel has read such covenant or condition;
- (b) a brief statement as to the nature and scope of the examination or investigation upon which the statements or opinions contained in such Officers' Certificate or Opinion of Counsel are based;
- (c) a statement that, in the opinion of such individual, he or she has made such examination or investigation as is necessary to enable him or her to express an informed opinion as to whether or not such covenant or condition has been complied with; and
- (d) a statement as to whether or not, in the opinion of such individual, such condition or covenant has been complied with; provided, however, that, with respect to certain matters of fact not involving any legal conclusion, an Opinion of Counsel may, upon the consent of the parties relying on such opinion, rely on an Officers' Certificate or certificates of public officials.

SECTION 12.6 RULES BY TRUSTEE AND AGENTS.

The Trustee may make reasonable rules for action by or a meeting of Holders. The Registrar, Paying Agent or Conversion Agent may make reasonable rules and set reasonable requirements for its functions.

SECTION 12.7 LEGAL HOLIDAYS.

If a payment date is a Legal Holiday at a place of payment, payment may be made at that place on the next succeeding Business Day that is not a Legal Holiday, and no interest shall accrue for the intervening period.

SECTION 12.8 NO RECOURSE AGAINST OTHERS.

A director, officer, employee or stockholder, as such, of the Company shall not have any liability for any obligations of the Company under the Notes or the Indenture or for any claim based on, in respect of or by reason of such obligations or their creation including with respect to any certificates delivered thereunder or hereunder. Each Holder by accepting a Note waives and releases all such liability. The waiver and release are part of the consideration for the issue of the Notes.

SECTION 12.9 COUNTERPARTS.

This Indenture may be executed in any number of counterparts and by the parties hereto in separate counterparts, each of which when so executed shall be deemed to be an original and all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same agreement.

SECTION 12.10 GOVERNING LAW.

The internal laws of the State of New York shall govern this Indenture and the Notes, without regard to the conflict of laws provisions thereof.

SECTION 12.11 NO ADVERSE INTERPRETATION OF OTHER AGREEMENTS.

This Indenture may not be used to interpret another indenture, loan or debt agreement of the Company or a Subsidiary of the Company. Any such indenture, loan or debt agreement may not be used to interpret this Indenture.

SECTION 12.12 SUCCESSORS.

All agreements of the Company in this Indenture and the Notes shall bind its successors. All agreements of the Trustee in this Indenture shall bind its successors.

SECTION 12.13 SEVERABILITY.

In case any provision of this Indenture or in the Notes shall be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby.

SECTION 12.14 TABLE OF CONTENTS, HEADINGS, ETC.

The Table of Contents, Cross-Reference Table, and headings of the Articles and Sections Indenture have been inserted for convenience of reference only, are not to be considered a part hereof, and shall in no way modify or restrict any of the terms or provisions hereof.

Name:

Dated: [____]

executed	as	of	the	day	and	year	first	above written.
								RANGE RESOURCES CORPORATION
								Ву:
								Name: Title:
Attest:								
Name:								
								COMPUTERSHARE INVESTOR SERVICES, L.L.C.
								Ву:
Attest:								Name: Title:

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Indenture to be

EXHIBIT A [Face of Note]

RANGE RESOURCES CORPORATION

8.125% SUBORDINATED CONVERTIBLE NOTE DUE 2005

[Global Securities legend]

UNLESS THIS CERTIFICATE IS PRESENTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY, A NEW YORK CORPORATION ("DTC"), TO THE COMPANY OR ITS AGENT FOR REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER, EXCHANGE OR PAYMENT, AND ANY CERTIFICATE ISSUED IS REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF CEDE & CO. OR SUCH OTHER NAME AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF DTC (AND ANY PAYMENT IS MADE TO CEDE & CO., OR TO SUCH OTHER ENTITY AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF DTC) ANY TRANSFER, PLEDGE OR OTHER USE HEREOF FOR VALUE OR OTHERWISE BY OR TO ANY PERSON IS WRONGFUL INASMUCH AS THE REGISTERED OWNER HEREOF, CEDE & CO., HAS AN INTEREST HEREIN.

TRANSFERS OF THIS GLOBAL SECURITY SHALL BE LIMITED TO TRANSFERS IN WHOLE, BUT NOT IN PART, TO NOMINEES OF DTC OR TO A SUCCESSOR THEREOF OR SUCH SUCCESSOR'S NOMINEE AND TRANSFERS OF PORTIONS OF THIS GLOBAL SECURITY SHALL BE LIMITED TO TRANSFERS MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RESTRICTIONS SET FORTH IN THE INDENTURE REFERRED TO ON THE REVERSE HEREOF.

[Restricted Securities legend]

THIS NOTE (OR ITS PREDECESSOR) HAS NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT"), OR ANY STATE SECURITIES LAWS. NEITHER THIS NOTE NOR ANY INTEREST OR PARTICIPATION HEREIN MAY BE OFFERED, SOLD, PLEDGED, HYPOTHECATED OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED, IN THE ABSENCE OF SUCH REGISTRATION OR UNLESS SUCH TRANSACTION IS EXEMPT FROM, OR NOT SUBJECT TO, REGISTRATION. EACH PURCHASER OF THIS NOTE IS HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT THE SELLER OF THIS NOTE MAY BE RELYING ON THE EXEMPTION FROM THE PROVISIONS OF SECTIONS OF THE SECURITIES ACT PROVIDED BY RULE 144A THEREUNDER.

THE HOLDER OF THIS NOTE AGREES FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE COMPANY THAT (A) THIS NOTE MAY BE OFFERED, RESOLD, PLEDGED OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED, ONLY (I) TO A PERSON WHOM THE SELLER REASONABLY BELIEVES IS A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER (AS DEFINED IN RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) IN A TRANSACTION MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF RULE 144A, (II) IN AN OFFSHORE TRANSACTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH

Authentication:

REGULATION S UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, (III) PURSUANT TO AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, (IV) TO THE COMPANY OR (V) PURSUANT TO ANY OTHER AVAILABLE EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT, IN EACH OF CASES FL) THROUGH (V)IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANY APPLICABLE FEDERAL OR STATE SECURITIES LAWS AND (B) THE HOLDER WILL, AND EACH SUBSEQUENT HOLDER IS REQUIRED TO, NOTIFY ANY PURCHASER OF THIS NOTE FROM IT OF THE RESALE RESTRICTIONS REFERRED TO IN (A) ABOVE.

[Institutional Accredited Investor Legend]

IN CONNECTION WITH ANY TRANSFER OF THIS NOTE, THE HOLDER WILL DELIVER TO THE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT SUCH CERTIFICATES AND OTHER INFORMATION AS SUCH TRANSFER AGENT MAY REASONABLY REQUIRE TO CONFIRM THAT THE TRANSFER COMPLIES WITH THE FOREGOING RESTRICTIONS.

		CUSIP No. []
No	-	Ψ
		ware corporation, promises to pay to or registered assigns,
	ncipal sum of 31, 2005.	Dollars on
December	Interest Payment Dates: March 31, J 31.	une 30, September 30 and
	Record Dates: March 15, June 15, Se	ptember 15 and December 15.
	Reference is made to the further prose hereof, which further provisions ect as if set forth at this place.	
Dated: _		RANGE RESOURCES CORPORATIOIN
		By:Officer of the Company
		(SEAL)
		Attest:
		By:

This is one of the Notes referred to in the within-mentioned Indenture:

KLICOKF	SHARLHOLDER SERVICES,	INC.,	as	Trustee	
Ву:					
Authori	zed Signature				
Dated:_					
	[Reverse Side]				

KEYCODD SHADEHOLDED SEDVICES THE 35 Truston

Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the Indenture, dated as of ______ [Indenture Date] (the "Indenture"), as amended from time to time, between Range Resources Corporation (the "Company") and Keycorp Shareholder Services, Inc., as trustee (the "Trustee").

1. INTEREST.

- (b) To the extent lawful, the Company shall pay interest (including post-petition interest in any proceeding under any Bankruptcy Law) on (i) overdue principal, premium, if any, at the rate borne by the Notes; and (ii) overdue installments of interest at the same rate.
- 2. METHOD OF PAYMENT. The Company will pay interest (except defaulted interest) on the Notes to the Persons who are registered Holders at the close of business on March 15, June 15, September 15 or December 15 next preceding the applicable Interest Payment Date (each a "Regular Record Date"), even if such Notes are cancelled after such Regular Record Date and on or before such Interest Payment Date. Defaulted interest shall be paid to Holders as of a special record date established for purposes of determining the Holders entitled thereto. The Notes will be payable as to principal and interest at the office or agency of the Company maintained for such purpose within or without the City and State of New York, or, at the option of the Company, payment of interest may be made by check mailed to the Holders at their addresses set forth in the register of Holders, and provided that payment by wire transfer

of immediately available funds will be required with respect to principal of and interest on the Global Security. Such payment shall be in currency of the United States of America as at the time of payment is legal tender for payment of public and private debts.

- 3. PAVING AGENT, REGISTRAR AND CONVERSION AGENT. Initially, the Trustee will act as Paying Agent, Registrar and Conversion Agent. The Company may change any Paying Agent, Registrar or Conversion Agent without notice to any Holder. The Company or any of its subsidiaries may act in any such capacity.
- 4. INDENTURE. The Company issued the Notes under the Indenture. The terms of the Notes include those stated in the Indenture and those made part of the Indenture by reference to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended (15 U.S. Code Sections 77aaa-77bbbb) (the "TIA"), as in effect on the date of the Indenture. The Notes are subject to all such terms, and Holders are referred to the Indenture and the TIA for a statement of such terms. The Notes are general unsecured obligations of the Company limited to \$___ million in aggregate principal amount, subject to Section 2.7 of the Indenture.
- 5. OPTIONAL REDEMPTION BY THE COMPANY. The Notes shall not be subject to redemption at the option of the Company prior to November 1, 2000. On or after November 1, 2000, the Notes will be redeemable at any time prior to maturity at the option of the Company, in whole or in part from time to time, upon not less than 30 days' nor more than 60 days' prior notice to the Holders at the redemption prices (expressed as percentages of principal amount) set forth below:

AFTER NOVEMBER 1,	PERCENTAGE
2000	.102 .101

In each case together with accrued but unpaid interest, if any, to the redemption date.

- $\,$ 6. MANDATORY REDEMPTION. Except as set forth in paragraph 7 below, the Company shall not be required to make mandatory redemption payments with respect to the Notes.
- 7. REDEMPTION AT THE OPTION OF HOLDER. Upon a Change of Control, the Company shall offer to repurchase all or any part of the Notes (at each Holder's option) at a repurchase price equal to 100% of the aggregate principal amount thereof, plus accrued but unpaid interest, if any, to the date of repurchase. Within 30 days after a Change of Control, the Company shall mail a notice to each Holder setting forth the procedures governing the Change of Control Offer as required by the Indenture. A Holder may tender or refrain from tendering all or any portion of such Holder's Notes, at such Holder's discretion, by completing the form entitled "Option of Holder to Elect Repurchase" below and delivering such form, together with the Notes

with respect to which the repurchase right is being exercised, duly endorsed for transfer to the Company, to the Trustee. Any partial tender of Notes must be in an integral multiple of \$1,000.

8. CONVERSION.

(a) Subject to the provisions of the Indenture, the Holder hereof may, at such Holder's option, at any time prior to the close of business on December 31, 2005, unless earlier redeemed or repurchased, convert this Note, in whole or in part (provided partial conversions may only be made in denominations of \$1,000 or multiples thereof), at 100% of the principal amount hereof so converted, into shares of Common Stock of the Company, par value \$.01 per share, at a conversion price per share of \$______, subject to adjustment as provided in the Indenture.

To convert a Note, a Holder must (i) complete and sign the conversion notice below, (ii) surrender the Note to the Conversion Agent, (iii) furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents if required by the Registrar or Conversion Agent and (iv) pay any transfer or similar tax if required by the Indenture. No fractional shares will be issued upon any conversion, but an adjustment in cash will be made, as provided in the Indenture, in respect of any fraction of a share which would otherwise be issuable upon surrender of any Note for conversion. A Holder is not entitled to any rights of a holder of Common Stock until such Holder has converted its Notes into Common Stock as provided in the Indenture.

- 9. SUBORDINATION. The Notes are subordinated to Senior Indebtedness. To the extent provided in the Indenture, Senior Indebtedness must be paid before the Notes may be paid. The Company agrees, and each Holder by accepting a Note agrees, to the subordination provisions contained in the Indenture and authorizes the Trustee to give effect to such provisions, and each Holder appoints the Trustee its attorney-in-fact for any and all such purposes.
- 10. DENOMINATIONS, TRANSFER, EXCHANGE. The Notes are in registered form without coupons in denominations of \$25 and integral multiples of \$25. A Holder may transfer or exchange Notes as provided in the Indenture. The Registrar may require a Holder, among other things, to furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents and to pay any taxes and fees required by law or permitted by the Indenture. The Registrar need not exchange or register the transfer of any Definitive Security (or portion thereof selected for redemption). Also, it need not exchange or register the transfer of any Notes during the 15 day period preceding the mailing of a notice of redemption or an offer to repurchase Notes or the 15 day period preceding an Interest Payment Date.
- 11. PERSONS DEEMED OWNERS. The registered Holder of a Note may be treated as its owner for all purposes.
- 12. AMENDMENTS AND WAIVERS. Subject to certain exceptions, the Indenture or the Notes may be amended with the consent of the Holders of at least a majority in principal amount of the Notes then outstanding, and any existing Default (except a payment default) may be waived with the consent of the Holders of at least a majority in principal amount of the Notes then outstanding. Without the consent of any Holder, the Company and the Trustee may amend

or supplement the Indenture or the Notes to (i) cure any ambiguity, defect or inconsistency, provided that such amendment does not in the opinion of the Trustee adversely affect the rights of any Holder, (ii) provide for uncertificated Notes in addition to or in lieu of certificated Notes, (iii) comply with Section 5.1 of the Indenture, (iv) make any change that does not adversely affect the legal rights of any Holder, or (v) comply with requirements of the SEC in order to effect or maintain the qualification of the Indenture under the TIA.

- 13. DEFAULTS AND REMEDIES. Events of Default include: (a) failure to pay principal of or premium, if any, on any Note when due and payable at maturity, upon redemption, upon a Change of Control Offer or otherwise, whether or not such payment is prohibited by the subordination provisions of the Indenture; (b) failure to pay any interest on any Note when due and payable, which failure continues for 30 days, whether or not such payment is prohibited by the subordination provisions of the Indenture; (c) failure to perform the other covenants of the Company in the Indenture, which failure continues for 60 days after written notice as provided in the Indenture; (d) failure to perform any covenants of the Company to the holders of Senior Indebtedness as required by the terms of such Senior Indebtedness unless waived by said holders; (e) a default occurs (after giving effect to any applicable grace periods or any extension of any maturity date) in the payment when due of principal of and/or acceleration of, any indebtedness for money borrowed by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries in excess of \$5,000,000, individually or in the aggregate, if such indebtedness is not discharged, or such acceleration is not annulled, within 10 days after written notice as provided in the Indenture; and (f) certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization of the Company or any Subsidiary. If an Event of Default shall occur and be continuing, the Trustee or the Holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the then outstanding Notes may accelerate the maturity of all Notes, except that in the case of an Event of Default arising from certain events of bankruptcy or insolvency, all outstanding Notes shall immediately so accelerate. The Trustee may require indemnity satisfactory to it before it enforces the Indenture or the Notes at the request or direction of any of the Holders. Subject to certain limitations, the Holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes will have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee or exercising any trust or power conferred on the Trustee. The Company must furnish an annual compliance certificate to the Trustee.
- 14. TRUSTEE DEALINGS WITH COMPANY. The Trustee, in its individual or any other capacity, may make loans to, accept deposits from, and perform services for the Company or its Affiliates, and may otherwise deal with the Company or its Affiliates, as if it were not Trustee; provided, however, that if the Trustee acquires any conflicting interest as described in the TIA, it must eliminate such conflict or resign.
- 15. NO RECOURSE AGAINST OTHERS. A director, officer, employee, incorporator or stockholder, of the Company, as such, shall not have any liability for any obligations of the Company under the Notes or the Indenture or for any claim based on, in respect of, or by reason of, such obligations or their creation. Each Holder by accepting a Note waives and releases all such liability. The waiver and release are part of the consideration for the issuance of the Notes.

- 16. AUTHENTICATION. This Note shall not be valid until authenticated by the manual signature of the Trustee or an authenticating agent.
- 17. ABBREVIATIONS. Customary abbreviations may be used in the name of a Holder or an assignee, such as: TEN COM (=tenants in common), TEN ENT (=tenants by the entireties), JT TEN (=joint tenants with right of survivorship and not as tenants in common), CUST (=Custodian), and U/G/M/A (=Uniform Gifts to Minors Act).
- 18. ADDITIONAL RIGHTS OF HOLDERS OF TRANSFER RESTRICTED SECURITIES. In addition to the rights provided to Holders of Notes under the Indenture, Holders of Transfer Restricted Securities shall have all the rights set forth in the Registration Rights Agreement.

The Company will furnish to any Holder upon written request and without charge a copy of the Indenture and/or the Registration Rights Agreement. Requests may be made to:

Range Resources Corporation 500 Throckmorton Street, Suite 1900 Fort Worth, Texas 76102 Attn: President

SCHEDULE OF EXCHANGES OF GLOBAL SECURITY FOR DEFINITIVE SECURITIES

Date of Exchange	Amount of decrease	Amount of increase	Principal Amount of	Signature of
	in Principal Amount	in Principal Amount	this Global Security	authorized officer
	of this Global	of this Global	following such decrease	of Trustee or
	Security	Security	or increase	Notes Custodian

FORM OF ELECTION TO CONVERT

I (we) hereby irrevocably exercise the option to convert this Note, or the portion below designated, into shares of Common Stock of Range Resources Corporation in accordance with the terms of the Indenture referred to in this Note, and direct that the shares issuable and deliverable upon conversion, together with any check in payment for fractional shares, be issued in the name of and delivered to the undersigned registered Holder hereof, unless a different name has been indicated in the assignment below. If shares are to be issued in the name of a person other than the undersigned, the undersigned will pay all transfer taxes payable with respect thereto.

Portion of this Note to be converted (if partial conversion, \$1,000 or an integral multiple thereof): \$_____

If shares of Common Stock are to be issued and registered otherwise than to the registered Holder named above, please print the name and address, including zip code, and social security or other taxpayer identification number of the person to whom such Common Stock is to be issued.

			_				
Your Name:							
	(exactly a	ıs your nam	e appears	on the	face of	this Note)	
Ву:				_			
Title:							
Date:				_			
			ASSIGN	MENT FOR	M		
To assign this Note		fill in t	he form b	elow: (I) or (we) assign an	d transfer
(Insert a	ssignee's	social s	ecurity o	r tax I.	D. no.)		
(Drint or	typo	scianoolo	nama add	rocc and	zin ood	2)	
(LITHE OF	type as	signee's	name, auu	ress and	ZTh Con	=)	

transfer this Note on the books of	the Company. The agent may substitute another
to act for him. Date:	
	Your Name:
	<pre>(exactly as your name appears on the face of this Note)</pre>
	By:
	Title:
	Date:
Signature Guaranteed:	
	ffice or correspondent in the United States of er of a registered securities exchange or the

In connection with any transfer or exchange of any of the Notes evidenced by this certificate occurring prior to the date that is three years after the later of the date of original issuance of such Notes and the last date, if any, on which such Notes were owned by the Company or any Affiliate of the Company, the undersigned confirms that such Notes are being:

CHECK ONE BOX BELOW:

- [] (1) acquired for the undersigned's own account, without transfer (in satisfaction of Section 2.6(a)(ii)(A) or Section 2.6(d)(i)(A) of the Indenture; or
- [] (2) transferred to the Company; or
- [] (3) transferred pursuant to and in compliance with Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933; or
- [] (4) transferred pursuant to id in compliance with Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933; or
- [] (5) transferred to an institutional "accredited investor" (as defined in Rule 501(a)(1), (2), (3) or (7) under the Securities Act of 1933), that has furnished to the Company and the Trustee a signed letter containing certain representations and agreements (the form of which letter appears as Exhibit C to the Indenture); or
- [] (6) transferred pursuant to another available exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933.

Unless one of the boxes is checked, the Trustee will refuse to register any of the Notes evidenced by this certificate in the name of any person other than the registered holder thereof; provided, however, that if box (4), (5) or (6) is checked, the Company, Trustee or Registrar may require, prior to registering any such transfer of the Notes, in their sole discretion, such legal opinions, certifications and other information as the Company, Trustee or Registrar has reasonably requested to confirm that such transfer is being made pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, including but not limited to the exemption provided by Rule 144 under such Act.

Your Name:

(exactly as your name appears on the face of this Note)

By:

Title:

Date:

Signature Guaranteed:

By:	
(Bank or trust company havin	g an office or correspondent in the United States is a member of a registered securities exchange or
OPTION	OF HOLDER TO ELECT REPURCHASE
repurchased by the Company p	elect to have all or any part of this Note oursuant to Article 4 of the Indenture (in connection fer or Deficiency Offer), state the amount you elect write "ALL"): \$
	Your Name: (exactly as your name appears on the face of this Note)
	ву:
	Title:
	Date:
Signature Guaranteed:	
_	
By:	

office or correspondent in the United States or a broker or dealer which is a member of a registered securities exchange or the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.)

Range Resources Corporation

EXHIBIT B

TRANSFEREE LETTER OF REPRESENTATION

c/o	
Dear Sirs:	
	ered to request a transfer of \$ ordinated Convertible Notes due 2005 (the ation (the "Company").

Upon transfer, the Notes would be registered in the name of the new beneficial owner as follows:

Name:			 			
Address:_			 	 		
Taxpayer	ID	Number:	 			

The undersigned represents and warrant to you that:

- 1. We are an institutional "accredited investor" (as defined in Rule 501(a)(1), (2), (3) or (7) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act")) purchasing for our own account or for the account of such an institutional "accredited investor," and we are acquiring the Notes for investment purposes and not with a view to, or for offer or sale in connection with, any distribution in violation of the Securities Act. We have such knowledge and experience in financial business matters as to be capable of evaluating the merits and risk of our investment in the Notes and we invest in or purchase securities similar to the Notes in the normal course of our business. We and any accounts for which we are acting are each able to bear the economic risk of our or its investment.
- 2. We understand that the Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act and, unless so registered, may not be sold except as permitted in the following sentence. We agree on our own behalf and on behalf of any investor account for which we are purchasing Notes to offer, sell or otherwise transfer such Notes prior to the date which is three years after the later of the date of original issue and the last date on which the Company or any affiliate of the Company was the owner of such Notes (or any predecessor thereto) (the "Resale Restriction Termination Date") only (a) so long as the Notes are eligible for resale pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act, to a person we reasonably believe is a qualified institutional buyer, as defined in Rule 144A under the Securities Act, (a "QIB") in a transaction complying with the requirements of Rule 144A, (b) in an offshore transaction in accordance with Regulation S under

Exhibit B-1

the Securities Act, (c) pursuant to a registration statement which has been declared effective under the Securities Act, (d) to the Company, or (e) pursuant to any other available exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act, subject in each of the foregoing cases to any requirement of law that the disposition of our property or the property of such investor account or accounts be at all times within our or their control and in compliance with any applicable state securities laws. The foregoing restrictions on resale will not apply subsequent to the Resale Restriction Termination Date. Each purchaser acknowledges that the Company, Trustee and Registrar reserve the right prior to any offer, sale or other transfer prior to the Resale Termination Date of the Notes pursuant to clauses (b) or (e) above to require the delivery of an opinion of counsel, certifications and/or other information satisfactory to the Company, Trustee and Registrar.

THIS LETTER SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

[Name]	
By:	
T:41a.	
Title:	

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3-M0S
        DEC-31-2000
           JAN-01-2000
             SEP-30-2000
                            1576
                        0
                  80,645
                 6,014
              50,536
1,028,887
437,000
687,500
         42,217
               0
                      725
459
                    162,371
687,500
             117,426
128,994
29,99
                           29,996
                 123,884
                 0
0
            30,238
5,110
            5,110
(886)
5,996
0
14,776
0
20,772
.55
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